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WYMAN'S GARDEN BOOK



WYMAN'S FRAMINGHAM NURSERIES

FRAMINGHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

Telephone: Framingham 6191

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To Help the Buyer Buy Wisely



UR conception of successful selling is not merely to sell all the plants that a customer may be induced to buy, but also to give the buyer all relevant information and unbiased advice as to the selection and use of materials

he purchases.

While it necessitates a considerable volume of sales to keep a nursery operating, *helpful* selling makes sure of satisfied customers; and they and their friends and neighbors gladly give us the needed volume.

Toward this end, we constantly seek new means for the dissemination of information on plants and their uses. This *Garden Book* is devised to fill that need. In it we have departed from the usual; we give praise only when merited; we even slaughter a few "sacred cows."

The information we give this year may be modified or even nullified in years to come, as more observation and information come to our attention. Viewpoints change with passing time; plants now deemed highly meritorious may later lose their prestige. Each successive issue of this *Garden Book* will be compiled with one objective in mind—to help the buyer buy wisely.

Richard M. Wyman



N this Garden Book a serious attempt has been made to describe briefly but accurately the great assortment of plant materials which we grow for garden and landscape development.

×

Two methods of description have been combined — the graphic and the written — using the latter only sufficiently to explain features which cannot be shown in the drawings. The sketches themselves have been rendered from the standpoint of illustrating the more salient features of form, branching habits, or foliage and flower details.

The descriptions given cannot be absolute on account of the many variables involved. Colors vary with the soil, moisture, and temperature; also in the eye of the beholder. Rates of growth vary between young and old plants. Rates of growth and ultimate sizes both vary under different conditions of soil fertility and moisture, exposures and various climatic factors.

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Relatively, however, the descriptions are quite accurate. We believe the manner of presentation will afford a welcome relief to the gardening public, which all too often has to make its selections from long-worded descriptions more confusing than clarifying.

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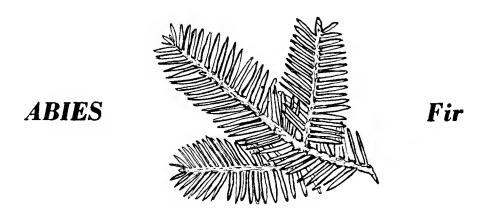
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Evergreen Trees

Evergreens are architectural in effect; their use in the landscape is dictated by their forms. Hence the proper selection of varieties depends upon the choice of the right forms. The simple silhouettes, which delineate the shapes of the various evergreens, in the margins of the following pages, together with their brief accompanying word descriptions, will help visualization and aid selection of the most suitable varieties for any landscape effect.

To help select the best plant for a given place, we indicate its usual ultimate height and annual rate of growth thus: — 40 feet at 8 inches. The rate of growth is more important than the ultimate height, since it indicates whether a plant will too soon outgrow its contemplated location, or on the other hand, whether it will grow fast enough for the purpose in mind. The figures given are about average for each species. The rates of growth can be accelerated or retarded by supplying or withholding nitrogenous fertilizers.

As usual, Evergreens are dug Balled and Burlapped (B&B) at the prices quoted, unless otherwise specified. 5 to 24 plants of one kind and size are priced at the 10 rate; 25 or more at the 100 rate.



Large symmetrical cones; medium coarse texture; branches usually ascending. Foliage needle type, soft, flat, blunt, usually with pungent fragrance. Prefer moist soils; tolerate fairly dry. Flourish in full sun or partial shade. Rapid growing, firs should not be planted next to buildings. Best use — specimen groups, large screens, hedges, windbreaks.

Each Per 10 Per 100

ABIES arizonica — Arizona Blue Fir

Grows 50 ft. tall at 10 inches per year. Bark pale gray. Needles ¾ inch, soft, positive blue. New, good; the best blue evergreen.

. 0			
12 to 15 in	\$1.65	\$14.00	\$130.00
15 to 18 in	2.00	18.00	165.00
18 to 24 in	2.50	22.50	
2 to 3 ft	3.25		
3 to 4 ft	4.00		
3 to 4 It	4.00		

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

ABIES — Continued Each Per 10 Per 100 A. balsamea — Balsam Fir 60 ft. at 15 in. yearly. Needles dark above, pale beneath, 34 in. 5 to 6 ft..... \$4.50 \$40.00 6 to 7 ft..... 5.50 50.00 7.00 65.00 \$600.00 8 to 10 ft..... 10.00 95.00 880.00

A. concolor — White Fir

80 ft. at 15 in. Needles 1½ to 2 in., medium green to silvery, even blue; usually curved; lemon scented.

2 to 3 ft	2.25	21.00
3 to 4 ft	3.25	30.00
4 to 5 ft	5.00	45.00
5 to 6 ft	6.50	
6 to 7 ft	8.00	
7 to 8 ft	11.00	

A. fraseri — Fraser Fir

40 ft. at 10 in. Needles many, stubby, ½ in., dark above, silvery beneath.

18 to 24 in	1.65	14.00
6 to 7 ft	6.50	60.00

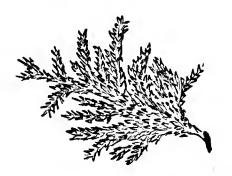
A. homolepis — Nikko Fir

80 ft. at 15 in. Needles many, strong, broad, % in., light to medium green, definitely parted.

2 to 3 ft	1.80	16.00
3 to 4 ft	2.75	25.00

CHAMAECYPARIS

Retinospora



False Cypress

A group containing both dwarf and medium varieties, conical or nearly so. The former are excellent in foundation plantings; the latter only when closely sheared each year, their best use being in specimen groups, border or screen plantings. In this way the graceful sweep of their branches shows to best effect. Foliage in palms or fronds, some very tight, others loose and lacy. Thrive in both dry and moist soils, in full sun and partial shade.



Each Per 10 Per 100

CHAMAECYPARIS pisifera — Sawara Retinospora

40 ft. at 10 in. Fronds medium long, somewhat loose, medium to dark green. Too large growing for foundation planting.

6 to 7 ft	\$5.50	\$50.00	\$450.00
7 to 8 ft	7.50	70.00	650.00

CHAMAECYPARIS — Continued Each Per 10 Per 100

C. pis. aurea — Golden Sawara Retinospora

A golden foliage variety of preceding.

4 to 5 ft	\$3.50	\$30.00	
5 to 6 ft	4.50	40.00	
6 to 7 ft	6.50	60.00	\$540.00
7 to 8 ft	8.50	80.00	720.00
8 to 9 ft	11.00	100.00	



C. pis. filifera — Thread Retinospora

10 ft. at 6 in. Foliage medium to dark; of loose drooping threadlike filaments. Very graceful. Suitable in foundations where blank wall spaces permit its bulk.

4 to 5 ft	6.00	55.00
5 to 6 ft	7.50	69.00
6 to 7 ft	10.00	

C. pis. plumosa — Plume Retinospora

30 ft. at 6 in. Unpruned grows moderately loose; sheared, makes dense small cone with thick feathery texture, permissible in foundations. Slightly grayish.

2 to 3 ft	2.50	22.50	
5 to 6 ft	5.00		
6 to 7 ft	6.50		
7 to 8 ft	8.00	70.00	
8 to 9 ft	10.00	90.00	800.00



C. pis. plumosa aurea — Golden Plume Retinospora

Same as preceding; outer foliage golden.

18 to 24 in	1.80	16.00
2 to 3 ft	2.20	20.00
3 to 4 ft	2.80	
4 to 5 ft	3.50	32.00
5 to 6 ft	5.00	45.00
6 to 7 ft	6.00	55.00
7 to 8 ft	7.50	70.00
8 to 9 ft	9.00	85.00

JUNIPERUS

Juniper

Cedar



JUNIPER

FOLIAGE

MATTIPE

JUVENILE

An unusual family having many interesting forms — broad cones, narrow sharp spires, tight straight columns, and low spreading. All are fine textured. Foliage is of two types — unexpanded scales (mature form), and short sharp needles (juvenile type). All Junipers are full sun and dry soil

plants, but tolerate a fair degree of moisture. All except the largest are suitable for foundations.

Each Per10 Per100



JUNIPERUS chinensis columnaris —

Columnar Chinese Juniper

15 ft. at 8 in. Dense needle foliage, medium steel gray.

6 to 8 ft	\$7.00	\$65.00
8 to 10 ft	10.00	84.00

J. chin. pfitzeriana — Pfitzer Juniper

15 ft. spread at 10 in. Graceful arching fronds of scales and needles; medium green, slightly gray. Usable at foundations if pruned occasionally.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
15 to 18 in. spread	1.90	18.00	\$170.00
18 to 24 in. spread	2.50	23.50	22 5 .00
2 to 2½ ft. spread		30.00	
2½ to 3 ft. spread			
3 to 4 ft. spread	6.00		
6 to 7 ft. spread	12.00	110.00	
7 to 8 ft. spread	14.00	130.00	
8 to 9 ft. spread	17.00	160.00	
9 to 10 ft. spread			
10 to 12 ft. spread			



J. communis columnaris — English Juniper

20 ft. at 6 in. Sharp needles \% in., inner ones medium green, outer gray. Blue berries 1/5 in.

5 to 6 ft	3.0 0	27.00
6 to 7 ft	3.75	35.00

J. com. depressa — Spreading Field Juniper

10 ft. spread at 5 in. Needle foliage, light grayish green, turns dull purple in winter.

3 to 4 ft	4.00	
4 to 5 ft	5.00	
5 to 6 ft	6.00	55.00
6 to 8 ft	7.00	65.00



J. com. hibernica — Irish Juniper

10 ft. at 6 in. Very dense straight column. Rich silvery gray needle outer foliage, over medium green inner.

tare tares remainingly over mountain gr	JOIL IIIII	
3 to 4 ft	2.25	
4 to 5 ft	2.60	
5 to 6 ft.	3.00	27.00
6 to 7 ft	3.50	30.00
7 to 8 ft	4.00	



EXTRA HEAVY SPECIMENS

5 to 6 ft	4.50	40.00
6 to 7 ft	5.50	50.00
7 to 8 ft	6.50	60.00

JUNIPERUS — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100



J. com. suecica — Swedish Juniper

10 ft. at 6 in. Dense; light green overcast with silvery needles.

4 to 5 ft	\$2.60	\$24.00
5 to 6 ft		27.00
6 to 7 ft	3.50	30.00



J. japonica — Japanese Juniper

6 ft. spread at 5 in. Foliage mostly scale type; rich medium green, slight cast of gray. Little known but desirable.

15 to 18 in	1.80	17.00	\$160.00
18 to 24 in	2.40	22.00	200.00
2 to 2½ ft	3.00	27.00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4.00	36.00	
3 to 4 ft	5.00	45.00	



J. sabina — Savin Juniper

5 ft. spread at 5 in. Graceful; fine textured scale foliage and slightly arching branchlets. Medium dark green; bronzy in winter.

15 to 18 in	1.75	16.00
18 to 24 in	2.35	21.00
2 to 2½ ft	3.40	
2½ to 3 ft	4.00	
3 to 4 ft	5.00	
4 to 5 ft	7.00	
5 to 6 ft	9.00	



J. sab. tamariscifolia — Tamarix Savin

4 ft. spread at 3 in. Dense, compact, dark scale foliage with slight mixture of silvery needles. Small fronds arching, graceful.

15 to 18 in	1.75	16.00
18 to 24 in	2.65	
2 to 2½ ft	4.00	



J. squamata meyeri — Meyer Juniper

7 ft. at 4 in. Neither erect nor spreading; partly both. Needle foliage, strong blue.

18 to 24 in	3.00
2 to 3 ft	4.00



J. virginiana — Redcedar

40 ft. at 8 in. Young plants needle foliage; older trees mostly scale. Color range, light, medium, dark green, also bluish cast. Blue berries 1/5 in.

3 to 4 ft	2.25	20.00	
4 to 5 ft	2.75	25.00	225.00
5 to 6 ft	3.50	32.00	280.00
6 to 7 ft	4.50	42.00	360.00
7 to 8 ft	5.50	50.00	450.00
8 to 9 ft	8.00	75.00	700.00
9 to 10 ft.	12.00		

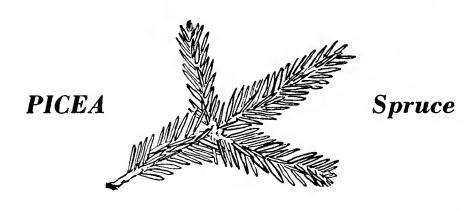
JUNIPERUS — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

J. vir. glauca — Blue Cedar

30 ft. at 6 in. Decidedly blue form of preceding; scale foliage entirely.

4 to 5 ft	\$4.50	\$40.00
5 to 6 ft	6.00	55.00
10 to 12 ft	20.00	
12 to 14 ft	25.00	



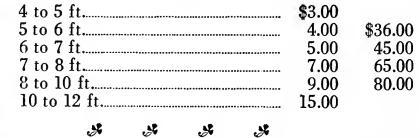
A numerous family having two main divisions — large rapid-growing trees for specimen, screen, hedge and windbreak plantings; also true dwarfs and pygmies eminently suited to the foundation. The latter comprise some of the rarest and most desirable dwarf evergreens.

The Spruces are of exceeding hardiness, and withstand severe conditions. Full sun plants, they prefer medium soils; will endure tremendous droughts and poor soils.

Spruce needles are stiff, sharp pointed, and when broken disclose a square or diamond cross section. They have a somewhat "balsamy" pungence.

PICEA canadensis — White Spruce Each Per 10 Per 100

60 ft. at 12 in. Most compact of the larger growing group. Needles \(\frac{5}{8} \) in. medium green to gray-silver.



"60 ft. at 12 in."—as mentioned in the above description—means that the normal ultimate height of that tree is approximately 60 feet; and that its average yearly increase in height is about 12 inches. Use this and other information given in this book to help you select the right plant for any particular place and use.

* * * *

5 to 24 plants of one kind and size are priced at the 10 rate; 25 or more at the 100 rate.

PICEA — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

P. excelsa — Norway Spruce

100 ft. at 1½ ft. yearly. Foliage medium to very dark, ¾ in. Apt to grow open and lank. Not so popular as formerly.

18 to 24 in	\$1.00	\$9.50
2 to 3 ft	1.35	12.00
3 to 4 ft	1.65	14.00
4 to 5 ft	2.00	18.00
5 to 6 ft	3.00	27.00
6 to 7 ft	4.50	40.00
7 to 8 ft	6.00	
8 to 10 ft	8.00	

The two following varieties of Norway Spruce are very dwarf and compact, beautiful rare specimens.

P. exc. remonti — Remont Spruce

14 ft. at 4 in. Dense broad dwarf cones. Needles ½ in., very dark. An excellent tree of positive character.

12 to 15 in	4.50	42.00
15 to 18 in	6.00	55.00
18 to 24 in	8.00	75.00
2 to 2½ ft	10.00	
7 to 8 ft	110.00	
8 to 9 ft	135.00	

P. exc. procumbens — Prostrate Spruce

5 ft. spread at 1½ in. A dense hassock-type pygmy. Needles 3% in., dark and handsome. Excellent.

9 to 12 in. spread	2.70	25.00
12 to 15 in. spread	4.00	37.50
15 to 18 in. spread	5.00	46.00

P. glauca conica — Dwarf Alberta Spruce

20 ft. at 3 in. In spite of its ultimate height, a true dwarf. A beautiful gem. Very fine textured, with slender needles ½ in. long, exceedingly dense. Sometimes single topped, sometimes with two or more peaks. Strong medium green summer and winter.

2 to 2½ ft	5.00		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	6.00	56.00	\$520.00
3 to 3½ ft	7.00	66.00	620.00
EXTRA HEAVY SPECIMENS	8		
3 to 3½ ft	10.00		
3½ to 4 ft	12.00	110.00	
4 to 4½ ft	15.00	140.00	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	18.00	170.00	

P. omorika — Serbian Spruce

5 to 5½ ft.....

80 ft. at 8 in. yearly. Perhaps the choicest large Spruce. Often very compact when small; later fairly compact with graceful sweep of branches. Needles % in., medium green above, silvery under. When large, the limbs are festooned with hanging branchlets. Still rare. Very fine.

15 to 18 in	1.90	18.00	165.00
18 to 24 in	2.10	19.00	180.00
2 to 3 ft	2.75	24.00	
3 to 4 ft	3.50		











PICEA — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

P. pungens — Colorado Spruce

80 ft. at 10 in. Stiff horizontal branches sag with an outward sweep when large. Needles 1 in., very sharp, light green. The best family of Spruces for the seashore; flourishes even when sprayed with salt water.

18 to 24 in	\$1.25	\$11.00	
2 to 3 ft	1.40	12.50	\$110.00
3 to 4 ft	1.65	15.00	135.00
4 to 5 ft	2.50	22.50	200.00
5 to 6 ft	3.50	32.00	
6 to 7 ft	5.50		
7 to 8 ft	7.50		

P. pung. glauca — Blue Colorado Spruce

Has all the qualities of the preceding, but the color ranges from pale to strong blue.

1 0			
2 to 3 ft	3.00	27.00	240.00
3 to 4 ft	4.00	36.00	320.00
4 to 5 ft	6.00	55.00	
5 to 6 ft	7.50		
6 to 7 ft	9.00		
7 to 8 ft	12.00		

P. pung. kosteri — Koster Blue Spruce

A brilliant silver-blue form of preceding.

18 to 24 in	4.50
2 to 2½ ft	6.00
2½ to 3 ft	
3 to 3½ ft	8.00
5 to 6 ft	16.00
6 to 7 ft.	18.00
7 to 8 ft	21.00

A curious fact is the extreme versatility or adaptability of the three varieties of Colorado Spruce described above. Native to the higher hills and the mountainsides of the West, they are also at home along our eastern seashore. Dry air, wet air, salty air—the Colorado Spruces enjoy them all. They thrive in windswept locations and in dry soils, yet flourish in all soils except the very wet.



The Pines are mostly large to huge trees, of coarse shaggy texture at maturity, with a few smaller to dwarf sorts. The larger species have some-



what compact cone shapes when young and may be kept in that habit for a considerable period. Their best use, however, is as large specimens, either singly, in groups or as large hedges, windbreaks and screens. The smaller varieties have a limited use at the house foundations, but probably are best as "facers" for group plantings of the larger sorts.

Few Pines care for very moist soil. They thrive in medium to dry soils and flourish in very poor soils. They are full sun trees entirely. The Pines withstand the most windswept exposures.

Each Per 10 Per 100

PINUS mughus — Mugho Dwarf Pine

10 ft. spread at 4 in. Broad rounding dense, height less than breadth. Needles 1 to 3 inches, thick and strong, color variable from medium to dark. Exceedingly beautiful and valuable for covering dry gravelly and sandy slopes.



12 to 15 in. spread	\$1.75	\$16.50	
15 to 18 in. spread	2.00	19.00	
18 to 24 in. spread	2.50	22.50	
2 to 2½ ft. spread	3.50	33.00	
2½ to 3 ft. spread	4.50	42.00	
3 to 3½ ft. spread	5.50	50.00	
3½ to 4 ft. spread	6.50	60.00	\$550.00
4 to 5 ft. spread	8.00	75.00	700.00
5 to 6 ft. spread	11.00	100.00	900.00
6 to 7 ft. spread	15.00	140.00	

P. nigra — Austrian Pine

60 ft. at 10 in. Bold needles 4 to 6 in., dark. Excellent for seashore. Very tough, rugged and handsome.

18 to 24 in	1.80	16.50
2 to 3 ft	2.25	21.00
3 to 4 ft	3.30	
4 to 5 ft	4.50	
5 to 6 ft	6.00	
6 to 7 ft	9.00	
7 to 8 ft	12.00	110.00

On larger specimens we will quote at your request.



P. nigra globosa — Globe Austrian Pine

12 ft. at 4 in. A very dense compact globe form of the preceding. Distinctive, beautiful, rare.

6	to	7	ft	90.00
7	to	8	ft	110.00



P. resinosa — Red Pine

70 ft. at 18 in. The longest leaf of any hardy Pine; needles 6 to 10 inches, very dark.

2 to 3 ft	2.25	20.00	180.00
3 to 4 ft.	3.00	27.00	
6 to 7 ft	7.00	65.00	
7 to 8 ft	9.00	85.00	
8 to 10 ft	13.00	120.00	1100.00

For large mature specimens prices will be quoted on request.

PINUS — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

P. strobus - White Pine



100 ft. at 18 in. Undoubtedly the finest Pine for the northeast. Compact and symmetrical when young, changing later to loose open tops with sweeping, spreading branches and straight, sturdy trunks. Needles 4 to 5 inches, slender deep green with silvery gray bloom. One of the three best large evergreens.

18 to 24 in	\$1.80	\$17.00	\$160.00
2 to 3 ft	2.50	22.50	200.00
3 to 4 ft	3.00	27.00	

For large mature specimens prices will be quoted on request.

PSEUDOTSUGA



Douglas Fir

This is the second of the three best large evergreens. Of medium conical habit when young; in age huge columns gracefully tapering toward a sharp top. The branches are generally sharply ascending. The needles resemble Spruce but are soft and usually longer, 7_8 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches. In color a moderate variation, usually medium to dark green, often with a grayish to bluish overlay. The Douglas Fir is a full sun tree, but is entirely cosmopolitan as to soils, moisture or drought. It attains an ultimate height of 70 feet at about 15 inches yearly. Withstands seashore conditions magnificently. Even the smallest home needs at least one Douglas Fir.

PSEUDOTSUGA douglasi — Douglas Fir



	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$2.20	\$20.00	
3 to 4 ft	3.00	27.00	
4 to 5 ft	4.00	36.00	
5 to 6 ft	5.00	45.00	
6 to 7 ft	6.00	55.00	
7 to 8 ft	8.00	75.00	
8 to 10 ft	13.00	120.00	\$1100.00
10 to 12 ft	18.00	160.00	

Prices of large mature specimens will be quoted on request.

x x x x

5 to 24 plants of one kind and size are priced at the 10 rate; 25 or more at the 100 rate.

TAXUS



Yew

The several members of the Yew family comprise the aristocrats of the medium, dwarf and pygmy types of evergreens. All of them are exceedingly handsome; all are remarkably hardy. The many varieties afford types and forms which lend themselves to use in a great variety of landscape effects.

The leaves are soft needles similar to those of Hemlock but usually a little wider and heavier; some of them longer. The colors range from bright to dark blackish green. Most varieties maintain this positive color year around, although a few take on attractive bronze hues.

All Yews thrive in shade; all but one flourish in sun. While they survive in extremely poor soils they, of course, prefer a soil of decent fertility. They tolerate extreme ranges of moisture or the lack of it. All except the two Canada varieties are improved by moderate applications of Lime from time to time.

The landscape uses of Yews are many. They are ideal in the foundation or other planting where small slow growing plants are vital. Yews are perfect facers to groups of large evergreens. They are perfect subjects for shearing and are the best plants from which to make topiary forms. Certain varieties make the best hedges of medium heights, and one variety takes the place of Dwarf Box Edging in severe climates. Every home deserves the liberal use of Yews.

Each Per 10 Per 100

TAXUS canadensis — Canadian Yew

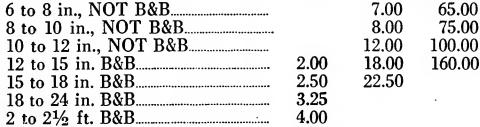
10 ft. spread at 8 in. For shade only; burns in the sun.



15 to 18 in. spread	\$2.00	\$18.00	\$160.00
18 to 24 in. spread		22.00	200.00

T. canad. stricta — Dwarf Edging Yew

3 ft. at 2 in. The only satisfactory dwarf edging evergreen in our severe New England climate. The best substitute for Dwarf Boxwood. Hardy, very dwarf, fine texture, dark, easily grown, shears perfectly, thoroughly tested for past twenty years. Can be kept trimmed to less than one foot indefinitely.





TAXUS — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

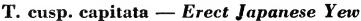
T. cuspidata — Spreading Japanese Yew

10 ft. spread at 6 in. One of the larger spreading forms, but can be kept within bounds by pruning. Needles ½ to 5% inch, bright medium green.



12 to 15 in. spread	\$1.80	\$17.00	\$160.00
15 to 18 in. spread	2.00	19.00	180.00
18 to 24 in. spread	2.75	26.00	240.00
2 to 2½ ft. spread	3.75	36.00	
2½ to 3 ft. spread	5.00	48.00	
3 to 3½ ft. spread	7.50	70.00	
3½ to 4 ft. spread	10.00	90.00	
4 to 4½ ft. spread	13.00	120.00	
4½ to 5 ft. spread	16.00	150.00	
5 to 6 ft. spread	21.00		
6 to 7 ft. spread	29.00		
EXTRA HEAVY SPECIMENS	,		

3½ to 4 ft. spread	15.00	140.00
4 to 4½ ft. spread	20.00	190.00
4½ to 5 ft. spread	27.00	
5 to 6 ft. spread	36.00	
6 to 7 ft. spread	48.00	



20 ft. at 6 in. yearly. Erect symmetrical form of preceding. Excellent for accents at the foundations, also for hedges from 3 to 10 ft. high. Perhaps the most popular Yew.



15 to 18 in	. 1.8 5	17.00	160.00
18 to 24 in	2.25	20.00	180.00
2 to 2½ ft	2.75	25.00	225.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4.00	36.00	330.00
3 to 3½ ft	6.00	55.00	500.00
3½ to 4 ft	8.00	75.00	700.00
4 to 4½ ft	10.00	95.00	900.00
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft		125.00	
5 to 6 ft	16.00		

EXTRA HEAVY SPECIMENS

2½ to 3 ft	6.00	55.00
3 to 3½ ft	9.00	85.00
3½ to 4 ft	12.00	110.00
4 to 4½ ft	16.00	150.00
4½ to 5 ft	20.00	190.00
5 to 6 ft	25.00	

T. cusp. nana — Dwarf Japanese Yew

8 ft. spread at 3 in. Dense compact central body with occasional dense arm-like branches; very dark blue green; black green in winter. A beautiful gem.



12 to 15 in. spread	1.90	18.50	180.00
15 to 18 in. spread	2.50	24.00	225.00
18 to 21 in. spread		33.00	
21 to 24 in. spread	4.50	42.00	
2 to 2½ ft. spread	7.00	65.00	
2½ to 3 ft. spread	14.00		
3 to 3½ ft. spread	20.00		
3½ to 4 ft. spread	30.00		
-			

TAXUS — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

T. cusp. nana — Upright form

8 ft. at 3 in. A most "character-full," roughly conical form of preceding; rare.

18 to 24 in	\$7.50
2 to 2½ ft	11.00
2½ to 3 ft	14.00
3 to 3½ ft	21.00
3½ to 4 ft	28.00
4 to 4½ ft	40.00
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	60.00

Kindly specify which type of Dwarf Japanese Yew you prefer when ordering.

T. cusp. nana seedlings

8 ft. spread at 3 in. Broad, rounding, dense, dark—very good.

18 to 24 in. spread	4.25	\$40.00	\$375.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. spread	6.0 0	55.00	500.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. spread	9.00	85.00	00.008
3 to 3½ ft. spread	13.00		
3½ to 4 ft. spread	16.00		

TAXUS MEDIA

Hybrid Yew

A most interesting new race of Yews. They are believed to be natural hybrids between certain forms of English Yew and one or two forms of Japanese Yew. Some of the beautiful features of the English Yews and the absolute hardiness of the Japanese Yews are combined. This race contains many individuals of hitherto unknown types; to the more spectacular forms, names have been given and are listed below as varieties of Taxus media. There still remain many unnamed types which we here list as Taxus media. They vary somewhat in texture and arrangement of the needles; also in habit. One universal trait of these mixed forms is that they invariably have full centers. All of them are very beautiful, highly desirable and of inestimable value in a planting of evergreens.

Each Per 10 Per 100

T. media spreading strains

8 to 12 ft. spread at 4 to 8 in. yearly.

15 to 18 in. spread	\$2.50	\$22.50	\$200.00
18 to 24 in. spread		27.00	250.00
2 to 2½ ft. spread	4.20	39.00	360.00
2½ to 3 ft. spread	5.50	50.00	450.00
3 to 3½ ft. spread	8.00	75.00	700.00
3½ to 4 ft. spread	11.00	100.00	900.00
4 to 5 ft. spread	18.00	165.00	
5 to 6 ft. spread	24.00		
6 to 7 ft. spread	32.00		
7 to 8 ft. spread	45.00		

T. med. hatfieldi — Hatfield Yew

8 ft. at 4 in. Rich black-green; darkest of all Yews. Especially compact. The best Yew for hedges 2 to 6 ft. tall.

1	_		
15 to 18 in	2.40	22.00	200.00
18 to 24 in	3.00	27.00	250.00
2 to 2½ ft		36.00	330.00
21/6 to 3 ft		52.00	







TAXUS — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

T. media hedgeform — Bighedge Yew



12 ft. at 10 in. A large rapid-growing form of exceeding beauty which promises to give us the Yew Hedges of Old England in a strain that is hardy in New England. Very, very fine.

15 to 18 in	\$2.40	\$22.00	\$200.00
18 to 24 in	3.00	27.00	250.00
2 to 2½ ft	4.00	36.00	330.00
2½ to 3 ft	5.50	51.00	480.00
3 to 3½ ft	6.50	60.00	550.00
3½ to 4 ft	8.00	75.00	

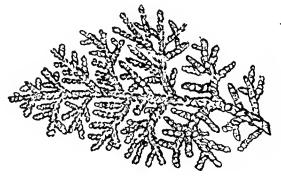
T. med. nanagrand

12 ft. spread at 6 to 8 in. Practically identical to T. cusp. nana, but grows much larger and two to three times faster. Particularly fine.

-			
12 to 15 in. spread	1.90	18.50	180.00
15 to 18 in. spread	2.50	24.00	225.00
18 to 24 in. spread	3.50	33.00	
2 to 2½ ft. spread	7.00	65.00	
2½ to 3 ft. spread	14.00		
3 to 3½ ft. spread	20.00		
3½ to 4 ft. spread	30.00		

NOTE — We have a notable collection of large Hybrid Yews from 4 to 8 feet in size. All are of great beauty and value for the larger garden. We shall be glad to describe them and quote prices at your request.



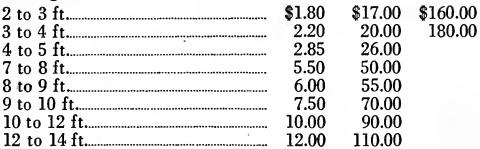


Arborvitae

The most used family of evergreens. The assortment of forms provided by its several members gives it an adaptability for wide landscape and garden use. Large broad cones and columns for accent use. Medium slim spires for vertical effect. Medium to small cones, some sharp pointed, some round topped; globose forms for planting as dwarf evergreens. Every variety of Arborvitae is desirable as hedge material. Very hardy, easy to transplant. Prefer moist soil but tolerate moderately dry conditions. Thrive in full sun and partial shade. Foliage is of flat lacy fronds. In the several varieties the fronds are borne in different manners, thus giving various texture effects. Extremely amenable to shearing.

THUJA occidentalis — American Arborvitae

40 ft. at 10 in. yearly. Fronds somewhat loose and open. Medium green.



We have a special HEDGE GRADE for making tall hedges of Arborvitae, most reasonably priced. Let us quote on your requirements.



T. occ. columnaris — Columnar Arborvitae

40 ft. at 10 in. An improvement over the American, not so loose and open, but fuller, more compact, slightly darker.

6 to 7 ft	4.50	40.00	
7 to 8 ft	5.50	50.00	480.00
8 to 9 ft	7.00	65.00	620.00
9 to 10 ft	8.50	80.00	
10 to 12 ft	11.00	100.00	
12 to 14 ft	14.00	130.00	1200.00
14 to 16 ft	19.00	175.00	



T. occ. douglasi pyramidalis —

Douglas Pyramidal Arborvitae

20 ft. at 6 in. Sharp spire effect. Fronds twisted, curled, dark. For landscape effect it is similar but superior to Redcedar. A coming plant.

4 to 5 ft.	3.75	35.00	
5 to 6 ft	5.00	45.00	400.00
6 to 7 ft	6.50	60.00	
7 to 8 ft	8.50		
8 to 9 ft	11.00		



T. occ. ericoides — Heath Arborvitae

6 ft. at 3 in. Foliage very fine, fluffy. Strong purple in winter.

2½ to 3 ft	2.50	22.00
3 to 4 ft	3.50	32.00

T. occ. globosa — Globe Arborvitae See T. occ. woodwardi



T. occ. hoveyi — Hovey Arborvitae

8 ft. at 4 in. Light yellow green.

1.25	11.00	
1.50	14.00	125.00
2.00	18.00	160.00
	1.50	1.50 14.00

THUJA — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

T. occ. Little Gem

3 ft. spread at 3 in. Hassock shaped pygmy. Almost black-

15 to 18 in. spread	\$2.40
18 to 24 in. spread	3.50
2 to 2½ ft. spread	4.50

T. occ. pumila — Rough Globe Arborvitae

8 ft. at 5 in. Loose outside fronds.

2 to 2½ ft	3.25	\$30.00
2½ to 3 ft	4.00	36.00
3 to 4 ft	5.00	
4 to 5 ft	6.00	

T. occ. pyramidalis — Pyramid Arborvitae

20 ft. at 6 in. Dense; dark. The most popular tall, narrow Arborvitae.

2 to 3 ft	2.00	18.50	
3 to 4 ft	2.25	20.00	\$190.00
4 to 5 ft	3.20	29.00	260.00
5 to 6 ft	4.00	38.00	330.00
6 to 7 ft	5.50	52.00	
7 to 8 ft	6.50	60.00	
8 to 9 ft	7.50	70.00	
9 to 10 ft	9.00	80.00	
10 to 12 ft	12.00		
12 to 14 ft.	14.00		

T. occ. reidi — Reid Arborvitae

8 ft. at 4 in. Medium green. One of best for medium hedge.

$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	2.75	25.00	
3 to 3½ ft	3.50	32.50	300.00
3½ to 4 ft	4.50	42.50	400.00
4 to 5 ft	5.50	52.50	480.00
5 to 6 ft	8.00	-,	-2010

T. occ. rosenthali — Rosenthal Arborvitae

12 ft. at 5 in. Pale gray green. Very dense, compact.

2 to 3 ft	2.00	18.00
3 to 4 ft	3.00	28.00
4 to 5 ft	4.00	
5 to 6 ft	5.00	

T. occ. vervaeneana — Vervaene Arborvitae

25 ft. at 8 in. Light green

, it at o in. Dignt groom.		
3 to 4 ft	2.00	18.00
4 to 5 ft	2.60	24.00
5 to 6 ft	3.50	32.50
6 to 7 ft	4.50	42.00
7 to 8 ft	6.00	
8 to 9 ft	7.50	
9 to 10 ft	9.00	

T. occ. wagneri — Wagner Arborvitae

6 ft. at 4 in. Fronds lacy, delicate looking, yet not loose nor open. Dark green, tinged gray. Very good.

3 to 4 ft	2.75	25.00	220.00
4 to 5 ft	3.50	33.00	















THUJA -- Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

T. occ. wareana — Ware Arborvitae

12 ft. at 5 in. Dark green, tinged blue. Excellent for medium hedges. Rugged, positive, full of character.

18 to 24 in	\$1.50	\$14.00	\$125.00
2 to 2½ ft	2.00	18.00	
2½ to 3 ft	2.40	22.50	
3 to 4 ft	3.00	27.00	240.00
4 to 5 ft	3.50	32.00	290.00
5 to 6 ft	6.00	57.00	
6 to 7 ft	8.00		



T. occ. wareana nana — Dwarf Ware Arborvitae

5 ft. spread at 4 in. Slightly conical hassock, very dense. Fronds very small, very dark. Rather good.

2 to 2½ ft. spread	3.80	34.00
2½ to 3 ft. spread	4.70	42.00



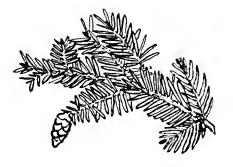
T. occ. woodwardi — Ball Arborvitae

4 ft. at 4 in. Dense, fine textured. Absolutely the best globe.

12 to 15 in,	1.20	11.00	100.00
15 to 18 in	1.65	15.00	140.00
18 to 24 in,	2.50		
3 to 3½ ft	5.00	45.00	400.00
3½ to 4 ft	6.00	55.00	500.00

HEDGES. In all of the above varieties of Arborvitae we have a special HEDGE GRADE, attractively priced. Tell us your hedge requirements — the height you wish it to grow, and the length of hedge you desire. We will quote you on the best variety for your specific needs, and the exact number needed.

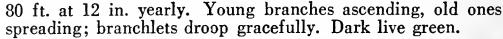


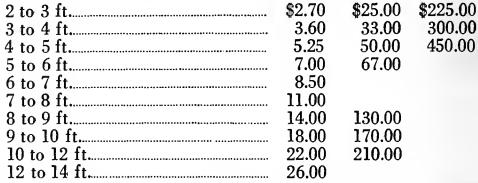


Hemlock

The third of the three best large evergreens. Essentially large trees, the Hemlocks make excellent specimens and groups. Since their branches are slender with many twigs, they shear excellently. For this reason they can be used for hedges from 4 feet in height up. For this same reason individuals can be kept to a dwarf size indefinitely. This feature makes Hemlock the Universal Evergreen. While Hemlocks make their fastest growth in moist soil, they flourish in nearly all soils except barren and droughty types. Equally at home in full sun, half shade or deep shade.

TSUGA canadensis — Canada Hemlock





We have a stock of Hemlocks in HEDGE GRADE at very moderate cost. Let us quote on your needs.



T. caroliniana — Carolina Hemlock

60 ft. at 10 in. Needles slightly longer than preceding; medium green with gray cast. Thrives in drier soil than preceding; also in windswept locations.

2 to 3 ft	2.50	22.50	200.00
3 to 4 ft	3.30	30.00	270.00
4 to 5 ft	4.80	44.00	400.00
5 to 6 ft	6.60	63.00	570.00
6 to 7 ft	9.00	85.00	



T. diversifolia — Japanese Hemlock

25 ft. at 3 in. Medium green, tinged gray, needles short.

15 to 18 in	2.00	18.00
18 to 24 in	2.50	22.50
2 to 2½ ft	3.00	27.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4.00	

***** * * *

You may discover many old-time plants conspicuous by their absence from this catalog. Age and commonness are not in themselves proof of undesirability in plants. Nor is newness alone a guarantee of superior merit.

However, many of the older varieties, for one reason or another, have become obsolete. These we have discontinued in favor of other improved and more satisfactory sorts.

We attempt to keep our stock up-to-date by growing only the best of the older as well as the best of the newer plants; particularly those which stand the test of use in our rugged New England climate.

Evergreen Shrubs

This group, also known as Broadleaf Evergreens, contains many of the most beautiful and useful plants for effective landscape development. Their forms vary, some are typical shrub shape, others minute shrub shape, some are ground covers while others are vines. Many of them bear exquisite flowers — as the Laurel and Rhododendron.

Each Per 10 Per 100

\$50.00

5.50

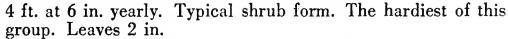
ARCTOSTAPHYLOS uva-ursi — Bearberry



Makes a low dense viny mat. Particularly good for sandy slopes. Equally good in sun or shade. Red berries. Will not live in a rich soil. Needs sand with a little leafmold—or light sandy loam.

2 yr. 3 in. pots..... \$.50 \$4.20 \$36.00 **\$300.00** per thousand

BERBERIS julianae — Wintergreen Barberry



10 to	12 in.	B&B	1.00	9.00
18 to	24 in.	B&B	1.50	

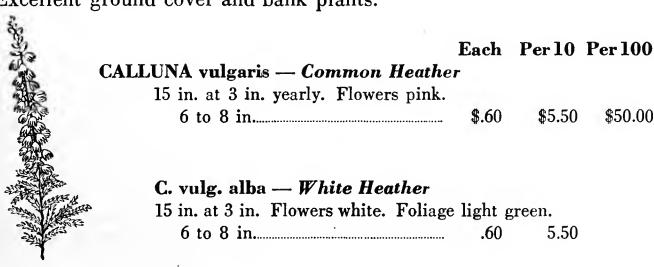
B. verruculosa — Warty Barberry

2½ ft. spread at 4 in. Practically prostrate habit. Leaves 1 in., twisted.

6 to 9 in..... 1.00 9.00

CALLUNA Heather

Tiny clumpy bush form, seldom growing more than 18 inches high, spreading into dense mats. Flowers are spikes of tiny bells in late summer. Equally good in sun or shade and in any fair acid soil of medium moisture. Excellent ground cover and bank plants.



R R R



DAPHNE cneorum — Rose Daphne 18 in. at 3 in. Foliage dark and rich. Flowers pink, fragrant. May to November. 100 900

9 to 12 in, B&B	1.00	9.00
12 to 15 in. B&B	1.50	12.50
15 to 18 in. B&B	1.90	17.00

ERICA Heath

Similar to Heather, less hardy, the Heaths give a flowering range from April to December.

ERICA carnea — Spring Heath	Each	Per 10	Per 100
12 in. at 2 in. Flowers rosy pink, Ap	oril, Ma	y .	
6 to 8 in	\$.50	\$4.50	\$40.00
E. darleyensis — Darley Heath			
12 in. at 2 in. Flowers deep pink, I Flowers best further South.	Novembe	er and D	ecember.
6 to 8 in	.50	4.50	40.00
E. tetralix — Crossleaf Heath			
12 in. at 2 in. Flowers pink, July, Au	igust. F	oliage gr	ay green.
6 to 8 in	.50	4.50	40.00
E. vagans — Cornish Heath			
12 in. at 2 in. Flowers purple-red, A	ugust ar	nd Septer	nber.

EUONYMUS

Wintercreeper

.50

40.00

4.50

An extremely useful and beautiful family; very hardy. Most varieties have a two-fold habit — planted against a wall they climb like vines; planted away from support they make individual shrubs with dense habit. Planted closely they make a medium tall ground cover. This versatility gives Euonymus a great range of usefulness and adaptability in landscape use. Equally at home in sun or shade; enjoys a moist soil but tolerates dry conditions. Universally rich in color. Several varieties bear greater or lesser quantities of scarlet berries showing through an expanded orange-yellow capsule.

6 to 8 in.....

EUONYMUS radicans — Wintercreeper

Leaves ¾ in., dark dull green, whitish veins; as a specimen grows 3 inches yearly; as a vine grows faster.

1 yr	\$.40	\$3.00	\$24.00
2 yrs	.50	4.20	35.00

É. rad. carrieri — Glossy Wintercreeper

Largest leaves of all; 1 to 2 in., glossy. Bears some berries. Broad round bush or bushy vine.

1 yr	.40	3.00	20.00
2 yrs	.50	4.00	30.00
3 yrs	.60	5.00	40.00
24 x 24 in. B&B	2.75		
2 to 3 ft. B&B	4.00		

E. rad. kewensis — Prostrate Baby Wintercreeper

E. rad. minimus — Baby Wintercreeper

Leaves ½ inch. Climbs better than preceding.

1 yr., field grown	.40	3.00	20.00
2 yrs., 3 in. pots	.45	4.00	35.00
3 yrs., 3 in. pots	.50	4.50	40.00

E. rad. vegetus — Bigleaf Wintercreeper

Trails and climbs; also bush form. Bears most berries of any. Leaves ¾ to 1½ inch, often circular. Grows 4 to 6 inches yearly.

1 yr	in. B8	иВ		50 60 . 2.50	3.00 4.00 5.50 24.00 30.00	24.00 35.00
	×	J.	. \$. *		

HEDERA helix baltica — Baltic or Hardy English Ivy

Perfectly hardy here. A creeper rather than a climber. Makes dense ground cover; trails downward when planted inside a retaining wall. Leaves white-veined, 2 to 3 in.

$3\frac{1}{2}$ in. pots, 18 in. tops	.50	4.50	40.00
0 /2 111 potos 10 111 topo	.00	2.00	10.00

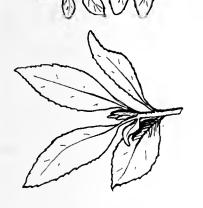
H. hel. gracilis — Small-leaf English Ivy

Dwarf form of H. helix. Leaves 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.

$3\frac{1}{2}$ in. pots	.60	5.00
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ILEX Holly

A very beautiful group of plants; one species having the typical, spiny Christmas Holly leaves; others having spineless narrow oval leaves. Slow growing, their general use is in connection with dwarf evergreens. Equally suited to sun or shade; rather better color in at least partial shade. Prefer sandy loams, moderately moist.









ILEX crenata convexa — Boxleaf Japanese Holly

6 ft. spread at 5 in. Spreading shrub habit. Leaves ½ inch, glossy.

15 to 18 in. spread B&B	\$2.25	\$21.00
18 to 24 in. spread B&B	2.80	25.00
2 to 2½ ft. spread B&B	3.75	35.00



I. glabra — Inkberry

4 ft. at 4 in. Leaves 1 to 1½ inch, glossy. Glossy black berries, ¼ inch. Makes excellent hedges similar to Boxwood.

15 to 18 in. clumps B&B	2.40	22.00	\$200.00
18 to 24 in. clumps B&B	3.00	27.00	240.00
2 to 2½ ft. clumps B&B	4.00	35.00	



I. opaca — American Holly

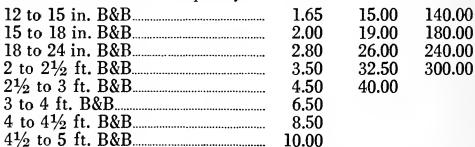
20 ft. at 5 in. Our typical Christmas Holly. Young plants grow as semi-spreading irregular shrubs. Later they assume a cone shape. Female plants bear showy red berries. Must have a male plant near by.

18 to 24 in. B&B	2.75
2 to 2½ ft. B&B	3.75
2½ to 3 ft. B&B	5.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	8.00



KALMIA latifolia — Mountain Laurel

8 ft. at 5 in. Leaves 2 to 4 inches, glossy, dark, rich. Large clusters pentagonal bell shape flowers, waxy, white, sometimes pink, mid-June. Very hardy. Sun or shade; acid soils. Beautiful. Flourishes best with plenty of leafmold.





LEUCOTHOE catesbaei — Drooping Leucothoe

4 ft. at 5 in. yearly. Loose open habit; gracefully arching branches. Best in shade. Flowers white, waxy, May. Leaves 3 to 5 in., glossy, dark; purple-red in winter.

12 to 15 in. B&B	1.00	9.00	80.00
15 to 18 in. B&B	1.40	12.00	100.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.80	16.00	140.00
2 to 2½ ft. B&B	2.40	22.00	

PACHISTIMA

A time-tested plant, only recently come into general use. Small, slow-growing dense erect plants. Foliage dark. Not fussy as to soil or exposure. Can be used as individuals, dwarf edgings, mat-like ground covers, or in the rockery. Very beautiful, hardy and useful.



PACHISTIMA canbyi — Canby Pachistima

12 in. at 2 in. Leaves ½ in. Twigs very slender. Tiny reddish flowers, May.

* * * *

PACHYSANDRA terminalis — Japanese Pachysandra

8 in. Ground cover plants of many erect stems. Small white flowers, May, June. Thrives in all soils and exposures—best color in shade.

Per 10 Per 100

2.00 15.00

PIERIS

Andromeda

Acid-soil plants, related to Rhododendrons and Laurel. They thrive in either sun or shade, and in all except wet soils. The Andromedas are true dwarfs and can be used in Dwarf Evergreen plantings or mixed with other Evergreen Shrubs. The flowers are white and similar to Lily-of-the-Valley.

Each Per 10 Per 100

PIERIS floribunda — Mountain Andromeda

4 ft. at 3 in. Low, dense, rounding. Leaves 1½ in., dark. Very hardy. Flowers for 4 to 6 weeks in late April and May.

12 to 15 in. spread B&B	\$1.60	\$15.00	\$140.00
15 to 18 in. spread B&B		19.00	175.00
18 to 24 in. spread B&B	2.70	25.00	225.00
2 to 2½ ft. spread B&B	3.75	35.00	
2½ to 3 ft. spread B&B	6.00		
3 to 3½ ft. spread B&B	8.00		



P. japonica — Japanese Andromeda

4 ft. at 4 in. Medium green. A little tender here—needs protection; better to South.

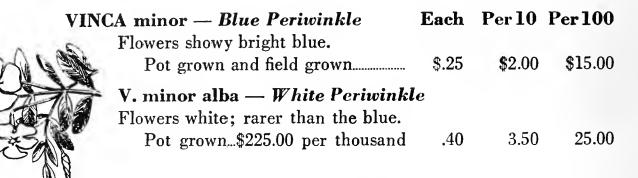
12 to 15 in. B&B	1.25	10.00
15 to 18 in. B&B	1.50	12.50
18 to 24 in. B&B	1.75	15.00

VINCA

Myrtle

Periwinkle

A handsome creeping ground cover. Planted every 8 to 12 inches, soon makes a dense mat about 8 inches high. Leaves dark, glossy, 1 inch. Good in sun or shade. Thrives under trees where grass will not live. Flowers freely in late spring and somewhat during summer and fall.



RHODODENDRON

The Rhododendrons are the aristocrats of the Evergreen Shrubs, and beyond doubt the most beautiful. Large permanent leaves, of dark hue under good culture, several sorts are glossy. Preferring some shade, they thrive and actually flower most freely in the sun.

Rhododendrons are acid soil plants and do not like lime or fresh manure excepting in very acid soils. They do not like stiff clay soils, but prefer medium to sandy types with good humus, and fair moisture content.

Once established, they withstand considerable drought.

Experience is proving that Rhododendrons will thrive in many sections where previously it was thought impossible — as certain areas in the central states. Probably the absence of certain soil micro-organisms in soils where Rhododendrons had not been grown formerly made their growth difficult. If desired, we can furnish small amounts of Rhododendron soil for inoculating your soil.

Rhododendrons have a wide range of use — in foundation plantings,

in borders, in woodland groups.

Our prices for Rhododendrons include Balling and Burlapping.

RHODODENDRON carolinianum — Carolina Rhododendron

6 ft. at 4 in. yearly. Leaves 2 to 3 inches, dark olive green. Flowers in many dense clusters, late May; light to deep pink. Perhaps the most profuse bloomer of all Rhododendrons. Excellent.

Each Per 10 Per 100



	Lacn	rerio	Lerion	
15 to 18 in	\$2.50	\$22.50	\$200.00	
18 to 24 in	3.00	27 .5 0	250.00	
2 to 2½ ft	4.00	36.00	192.00	
2½ to 3 ft	5.00			
3 to 3½ ft				

R. carol. album — White Carolina Rhododendron

White flowered variety of preceding.

15 to 18	in	2.50	22.50
18 to 24	in	3.00	27.50

R. catawbiense — Catawba Rhododendron

6 ft. at 5 in. Leaves 3 to 5 inches, glossy. Flowers late May, large rosy lilac.

12 to 15 in	1.80	16.00	140.00
15 to 18 in	2.00	18.00	160.00
18 to 24 in	3.00	27.00	240.00
2 to 2½ ft	4.00	36.00	330.00
2½ to 3 ft	5.00	45.00	420.00



RHODODENDRON — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100



10 ft. at 6 in. Leaves 5 to 8 inches, dark, glossy. Flowers white to blush pink, late June. Decidedly prefers shade.

18 to 24 in	\$2.25	\$20.00
2 to 2½ ft	3.00	27.00
2½ to 3 ft	4.00	36.00
3 to 3½ ft	5.00	
3½ to 4 ft	6.50	
4 to 4½ ft	8.00	

For extra heavy specimen clumps we will quote on request.

R. minus — Piedmont Rhododendron

8 ft. at 6 in. Loose habit, otherwise similar to R. Carolina. Flowers rosy red, middle to late June. Prefers shade.

$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft	3.00	27.00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$	ft	3.75	32.00

R. wilsoni — Wilson Rhododendron

4 ft. spread at 4 in. Low dense rounding. Leaves 2 inches, medium green, glossy. Flowers small, deep rose, late June, early July. Little known but good.

15 to 18 in	2.70	24.00
18 to 24 in	3.60	33.00
2 to 2½ ft	4.50	40.00

HYBRID RHODODENDRONS

The most showy and beautiful of all. Individual flowers 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clusters from 4 to 8 inches. Plants usually grow 6 or 8 feet high and at rate of about 6 inches yearly. Leaves are 4 to 7 inches long, glossy.

Our Hybrid Rhododendrons are in two



groups—named varieties and seed grown mixed sorts. The named varieties come true to stated color. Being derived from at least one tenderish parent, and grown by grafting, they are inclined to be a little finicky under severe conditions.* THE SEED - GROWN STRAINS ARE HARDIER.

SEED-GROWN HYBRID RHODODENDRONS

We have grown these here in the north from named varieties acclimated here. From early infancy they have been subject to our severe climate; only the hardy ones have survived. Being on their own roots they survive very adverse conditions. We grow many acres of them in full sun, in gravelly soils, without any protection whatever. They are tough, rugged, and hardy.



The colors range from delicate pale pink to medium and deep pink; pale, medium and deep lavender to purple; a fair percentage of rosy reds, a small proportion of medium and dark reds.

In this group are found many color tones not obtainable in named varieties. Also the very largest flowers are found in this group.

Also the very largest flowers are found	in thi	is group	•
arra anowa ilizabia bilonopri			Per 100
SEED-GROWN HYBRID RHODODEN	DKON	S	
Mixed Colors		**	
12 to 15 in	\$1.60	\$14.00	**
15 to 18 in	1.90	17.00	
18 to 24 in	2.60	24.00	
2 to 2½ ft 2½ to 3 ft	3.30 4.35	30.00 40.00	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. (pale shades only)	6.00	55.00	500.00
EXTRA HEAVY GRADE, broad the above prices.	er than	tall, add	l 20% to
NAMED HYBRID RHODODENDRONS	}		
Grafted on a special understock of exc we have developed.	eptiona	ıl hardine	ess which
Abram Lincoln — light red			
15 to 18 in	2.70	25.00	240.00
18 to 24 in	3.30	30.00	
Album Elegans — blush white			
15 to 18 in	2.50	23.00	
18 to 24 in	3.00	28.00	
2 to 2½ ft	4.00	38.00	
Boule de Neige — pure white, ear	lv. dwa	ırf	
12 in. spread	• •	,	
Charles Bagley — cherry red			
15 to 18 in	2.70	25.00	
18 to 24 in		20.00	t .
General Grant — red			
15 to 18 in	2.70	25.00	
18 to 24 in	3.30	20.00	
Grandiflora Alba — white			
	0.07	01.00	
12 to 15 in 15 to 18 in	$\begin{array}{c} 2.25 \\ 2.70 \end{array}$	21.00	
			•
Kettledrum — dark red, irregular	habit		•
15 to 18 in	2.50	23.00	
18 to 24 in	3.00		
Lady Gray Egerton — delicate lila	\boldsymbol{c}		
15 to 18 in	2.70		
18 to 24 in	3.30	ę	
Parson's Gloriosum — blush lilac			
18 to 24 in. bushy	3.50	33.00	
? ft. extra bushy	4.50	30.00	
_			

Parson's Grandiflorum — rosy red 15 to 18 in.....

18 to 24 in.....

2.70

3.30

25.00

30.00

Deciduous Trees

This group contains Shade Trees, Screen Trees, Flowering Trees, as well as Special-Feature Ornamental Trees. Deciduous Trees, particularly the larger sorts, are architectural in form; the proper selection of forms makes possible the best landscape and garden effects. Interesting and beautiful skyline effects are possible through the use of trees with contrasting forms, as well as contrasting textures.

At the prices here given all Deciduous Trees are dug bare-rooted, unless otherwise denoted by the letters "B&B." If other trees are wanted B&B we shall be glad to quote for that service.

ACER Maple

The Maples are perhaps the leading Shade Trees, particularly for town use and on the smaller home properties. They are easy to transplant, either spring or fall, and grow rapidly. They are not particularly subject to any serious pest or disease. Generally dense, large and many leaved, the Maples afford shade most quickly of all trees. At home in all soils and exposures.

ACER dasycarpum — Silver Maple

80 ft. at 3 ft. yearly. Branchlets arching. Leaves 3 to 5 in.

,,	It. at	0 100)	ourry.	Diditoriots o	
	12 to	14 ft.	Extra	Heavy	\$6.00
	14 to	16 ft.	Extra	Heavy	10.00
				Heavy	



Each Per 10 Per 100

A. ginnala — Amur Maple

18 ft. at 1½ ft. Leaves 1½ in., brilliant pinkish red in fall. Small clusters cream-white flowers, June. Bush-form, makes excellent large hedges.

6 to 8 ft	1.75	\$15.00	\$120.00
8 to 10 ft	2.10	n	150.00
10 to 12 ft	2.50	22.00	190.00
Very Heavy Specimen Clumps	\$7.50 to	\$12.00 e	ach



A. platanoides — Norway Maple

50 ft. at 2 ft. Leaves 5 to 7 inches, heavy, dark. Gives most shade in least time. Best Maple for city conditions.

ide in least time. Dest maple for	orty coma	ciono.		٠,
6 to 8 ft	1.70	16.00	150.00	
8 to 10 ft., 1 to 1¼ in. caliper	2.20	20.00	190.00	
10 to 12 ft., 1¼ to 1½ in. caliper	2.80	26.00	240.00	=
12 to 14 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in. caliper	3.50	33.00	300.00	
14 to 16 ft., 1¾ to 2 in. caliper	4.40	40.00	375.00	
16 to 18 ft., 2 to 2½ in. caliper	5.50	52.50		
16 to 20 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in. caliper	7.50			
3 to 6 in. caliper	\$10.00 to	\$75.00 ea	ach	





ACER — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

A. plat. schwedleri — Schwedler Maple

Leaves strong red for first month, turning dark green, tinged purple. Otherwise same as preceding.

6 to 8 ft	\$2.40	\$22.00
8 to 10 ft	3.75	35.00
10 to 12 ft	4.80	45.00
12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in. caliper	9.00	
14 to 16 ft., 3 to 3½ in. caliper	12.00	



A. pseudoplatanus — Sycamore Maple

70 ft. at 2 ft. yearly. Leaves 6 inches. Bark dark brown. Handsome tree, though little known.

6 to 8 ft	2.00
8 to 10 ft	2.50
10 to 12 ft	3.00
12 to 14 ft	3.50





80 ft. at 3 ft. Leaves 3 inches; crimson scarlet, orange in fall. Red flowers, April.

6 to 8 ft	1.75
8 to 10 ft	2.75
12 to 14 ft	4.00
14 to 16 ft	5.00
16 to 20 ft.	7.00





80 ft. at 3 ft. Leaves 3 to 5 inches.

6 to 8 ft	1.70 2.20 2.75	16.00 19.00 25.00	\$160.00
12 to 14 ft., 1½ to 1¾ in. caliper 14 to 16 ft., 1¾ to 2 in. caliper	3.75 4.75	34.00 44.00	
2½ to 3 in. caliper	8.00 12.00		



For Larger Specimens, Prices Upon Application.





20 ft. at 2 ft. Large clusters small white flowers, August. Purple berries.



I	
4 to 5 ft	1.25
5 to 6 ft	1.60



BETULA Birch

Graceful trees most famed for their white bark, although there are species with dark bark. The Birches thrive on all soils. The leaves are from 2 to 3 inches, usually turn yellow in fall. BIRCHES DO NOT LIKE FALL TRANSPLANTING.



\$2.50 5.50

BETULA alba — European White Birch



50	ft. at 2 ft. Bark very white.
	6 to 8 ft
	12 to 14 ft
	14 +0 16 f+





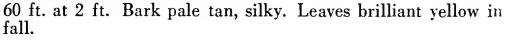
B. alba fastigiata — Columnar White Birch



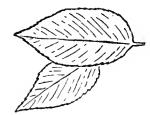
50	ft. at 2 ft.	Habit like Lombardy P	oplar.
	8 to 10 ft	••••••	6.00
	10 to 12 ft.		9.00



B. lutea — Yellow Birch



14 to 16 ft	7.00
16 to 18 ft	10.00



B. pendula gracilis — Cutleaf Weeping Birch



50 ft. at 2 ft. Leaves finely cut. Lesser branchlets drooping. 10 to 12 ft. 5.00 \$45.00

5.00	\$4
7.00	
9.00	
12.00	
15.00	
	7.00 9.00 12.00



B. populifolia — Gray Birch

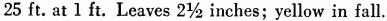


40 ft. at 2 ft. Bark white with dark gray patches.

6 to 8 ft	2.20	20.00
8 to 10 ft	2.50	22.50
10 to 12 ft	3.00	
12 to 14 ft	4.00	
14 to 16 ft	5.00	
Clumps 6 to 8 ft.	5.00	
Clumps 8 to 10 ft	8.00	



CARPINUS betulus — European Hornbeam



4 to 5 ft. B&B	4.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B	5.00
6 to 8 ft. B&B	7.00
8 to 10 ft. B&B	10.00
10 to 12 ft. B&B	14.00



C. caroliniana — American Hornbeam

30 ft. at 1½ ft. Leaves 3 inches; yellow in fall.

4 to 5 ft. B&B	4.00	35.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B	5.00	45.00
6 to 8 ft. B&B	7.00	66.00
8 to 10 ft. B&B	10.00	
10 to 12 ft. B&B	14.00	



CATALPA bignonioides — Eastern Catalpa

35 ft. at 1½ ft. Leaves 8 inches. White flowers, brown markings, June, July.

8 to 10 ft	\$1.80	\$16.00
10 to 12 ft	2.25	20.00
12 to 14 ft	3.25	30.00

C. big. nana (bungei) — Umbrella Catalpa

Grown as round heads, grafted on stems 5 to 6 ft. Leaves 5 inches.

2 yr.	heads	2.50	22.00
5 yr.	heads	4.70	44.00



60 ft. at 2 ft. Leaves 10 inches. White flowers, June. 8 to 10 ft..... 10.00 15.00 10 to 12 ft..... 1.75 2.20 20.00 12 to 14 ft.

2.85 25.00 14 to 16 ft..... 33.00 16 to 18 ft..... 3.75 45.00 18 to 20 ft..... 5.00

CERCIDIPHYLLUM japonicum — Katsura Tree

60 ft. at 1 ft. Narrow column when young, medium cone later. Leaves dark above, silvery under; pink to purple unfolding; orange, scarlet in fall; 3 inches. Excellent screen tree or vertical accent.

6 to 8 ft	3.00	27.00	\$240.00
8 to 10 ft	4.00	36.00	320.00
10 to 12 ft.	5.00	45.00	400.00
12 to 14 ft	7.50	70.00	
14 to 16 ft	10.00	95.00	

CERCIS canadensis — Redbud or Judas Tree

25 ft. at 1 ft. Minute red flowers on bare stems; late April. Leaves 4 inches.

3 to 4 ft	2.00
4 to 5 ft	2.75
5 to 6 ft	3.50

CHIONANTHUS virginica — White Fringe

16 ft. at 1 ft. Leaves 6 inches, dark, smooth, glossy. Great sprays showy, fringy, fragrant flowers, June. Dark blue berries. Very fine.

2 to 3 ft	.60	5.00	40.00
3 to 4 ft	.80	7.00	60.00
4 to 5 ft	1.00	8.50	70.00
5 to 6 ft	1.35	11.00	90.00
6 to 7 ft	2.00	10.00	160.00

CLADRASTIS lutea — Yellow Wood

35 ft. at 1 ft. Leaves 3 inches, dark, glossy. White pea-flowers fragrant, June.

5 to 6 ft	2.80
6 to 8 ft	3.50

















CORNUS florida — Flowering Dogwood

30 ft. at 1 ft. yearly. Large showy pure white flowers, 3 to 4 inches, late May.

3 to 4 ft. B&B	\$2.40	\$20.00	\$180.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	3.20	28.00	250.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B	4.00	36.00	300.00
6 to 7 ft. B&B	5.50	50.00	440.00
7 to 8 ft. B&B	7.50	70.00	
8 to 10 ft. B&B	9.50	90.00	





20 ft. at 1 ft. Flowers deep pink to light red.

2 to 3 ft. B&B	2.50	22.50
3 to 4 ft. B&B	3.30	30.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	4.40	40.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B	6.00	55.00
6 to 7 ft. B&B	8.00	75.00
7 to 8 ft. B&B	10.00	90.00

CRATAEGUS

Hawthorn

Irregular small trees, mostly white flowered in May, followed by scarlet berries in fall. Grow anywhere. Birds very fond of the fruit.

Each Per 10 Per 100

CRATAEGUS arnoldiana — Arnold Hawthorn

20 ft. at 1½ ft. Fruits ½ in., drop early.

4 to 5 ft. B&B	\$2.00	\$18.00	\$160.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B		••	240.00
6 to 7 ft. B&B	4.50	40.00	





C. coccinea — Thicket Hawthorn

25 ft. at 2 ft. Fruits ¾ inch, drop in September.

5 to 6 ft. B&B	2.90	27.00	240.00
6 to 7 ft. B&B	4.50	40.00	
7 to 8 ft. B&B	5.70	50.00	
8 to 10 ft. B&B	7.50	70.00	610.00
10 to 12 ft. B&B	10.00	90.00	750.00
12 to 14 ft. B&B	12.50	110.00	





25 ft. at 1½ ft. Masses of fruit, ¼ inch, brilliant light scarlet, remain until late winter. The best Hawthorn for showy fruit.

5 to 6 ft. B&B	3.30	30.00	
6 to 7 ft. B&B	4.80	42.00	360.00
7 to 8 ft. B&B	6.30	57.00	510.00
8 to 10 ft. B&B	9.00	80.00	690.00
10 to 12 ft. B&B	12.00		





C. crusgalli — Cockspur Thorn 20 ft. at 1 ft. Leaves dark, glossy; brilliant orange, scarlet, in

3 to 4 ft. B&B	\$2.25	\$19.00	\$170.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	3.00	26.00	
5 to 6 ft. B&B	4.40		
6 to 7 ft. B&B	6.00		
8 to 10 ft. B&B	10.00		

C. oxyacantha — English Hawthorn

CRATAEGUS — Continued

25 ft. at 1½ ft. Fruit crimson, ¼ inch, remains until December.

0		
4 to 5 ft. B&B	2.50	22.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B	3.50	32.00
6 to 7 ft. B&B	5.00	45.00
7 to 8 ft. B&B X	7.00	65.00
8 to 10 ft. B&B XX	10.00	90.00
10 to 12 ft, B&B XX	12.00	

C. oxy. albo plena — Double White Hawthorn

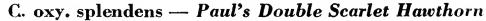
18 ft. at 1 ft. Double white flowers, late May, early June.

4 to 5 ft. B&B	4.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B	5.00
6 to 7 ft. B&B	6.00
7 to 8 ft. B&B	8.00



18 ft. at 1 ft. Double pink flowers, late May, early June.

4 to 5 ft. B&B......



18 ft. at 1 ft. Double red flowers, late May, early June.

5 to 6 ft. B&B	5.00	45.00
6 to 7 ft. B&B	6.00	55.00



C. prunifolia — Plumleaf Hawthorn

20 ft. at 1½ ft. Scarlet berries hold until late November.

2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.00	9.00	75.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	1.40	12.00	100.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	1.80	16.00	140.00

FAGUS

Beech

Slow-growing trees which ultimately make magnificent huge specimens — tall, broad and stately. Leaves are strongly veined and remain late. If rapid growth is desired of Beeches, liberal application of leafmold or humus will be helpful. Best transplanted in spring.



FAGUS americana — American Beech

80 ft. at $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bark very light gray. Leaves 4 to 5 inches, dark green, bright yellow in fall.

5 to 6 ft. B&B	\$5.50
6 to 7 ft. B&B	7.50
7 to 8 ft. B&B	10.00
8 to 10 ft. B&B	12.00
10 to 12 ft. B&B	16.00

For Large Mature Specimens We Will Quote Prices on Request.



80 ft. at 1½ ft. Bark medium gray. Dark purple leaves, nearly black.

5	to	6 ft.	B&B	12.00
6	to	8 ft.	B&B	16.00

For Large Mature Specimens We Will Quote Prices on Request.

FRAXINUS americana — White Ash

80 ft. at 3 ft. Straight, symmetrical. Leaflets 4 to 5 inches; purple and gold in fall.

6 to 8 ft	1.20	\$10.00	
8 to 10 ft	1.75	15.00	
10 to 12 ft	2.40	21.00	\$180.00
12 to 14 ft	3.00	27.00	220.00
14 to 16 ft	4.00	35.00	300.00
16 to 18 ft	6.00	53.00	480.00

GINKGO biloba — Maidenhair Tree

40 ft. at 1 ft. Leaves fan-shaped, 2 inches, yellow in fall.

8 to 10 ft..... 3.50

GLEDITSIA triacanthos — Honeylocust

80 ft. at 2 ft. Loose open, flat top. Leaves small, compound, yellow in fall. Thrives in barren exposures.

4 to 5 ft	1.25	11.00
5 to 6 ft	1.60	14.00
6 to 8 ft	2.00	18.00
8 to 10 ft	3.25	

HALESIA monticola — Mountain Silverbell

50 ft. at 2 ft. Leaves 4 to 5 inches. Flowers white, May.

4 to 5 ft	2.25	20.00
5 to 6 ft	3.00	

H. tetraptera — Great Silverbell

30 ft. at 1½ ft. Flowers white, May. Leaves 2 to 4 inches.

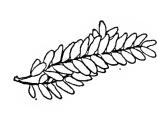
8 to 10 ft	4.00
10 to 12 ft	5 .00





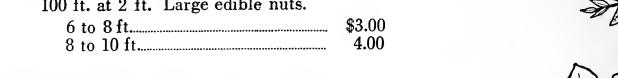








JUGLANS nigra —	Black Walnut
100 ft. at 2 ft.	Large edible nuts.
6 to 8 ft	





LIRIODENDRON tulipifera — Tuliptree

100 ft. at 3 ft. Leaves 6 in., dark, glossy. Flowers greenish-vellow, orange markings.

8 to 10 ft	3.20	\$29.00
10 to 12 ft	3.80	35.00
12 to 14 ft	5.00	46.00



MAACKIA amurensis buergeri

40 ft. at 2 ft. Small compound leaves. White pea-flowers, Aug.

14 to 16 ft	9.00
16 to 18 ft	12.00
18 to 20 ft	15.00



MAGNOLIA

Small trees, beautiful in flower and foliage. A bit tender here. Probably benefited here by considerable use of lime.



Each Per 10 Per 100

MAGNOLIA soulangeana — Saucer Magnolia

20 ft. at 8 inches yearly. Leaves 6 in. Flowers 5 in., white inside, rosy purple outside, May.

	-	-	-	
3 to 4 ft.	B&B	****************		\$6.50
4 to 5 ft.	R&R			8 50



M. stellata — Star Magnolia

10 ft. at 5 in. Leaves 4 in.; flowers 3 in., white, early May.

•	•	•	•
2 to 3 ft. B&l	3	6.00	55.00
3 to 4 ft. B&l	B	7.00	65.00



MALUS

Flowering Crabapple

Perhaps the most satisfactory family of flowering trees; adaptable to all soils. Flowers late May. Small fruits usually ornamental, few edible. Our stocks are well-matured plants, several times transplanted, giving immediate landscape effect.



Each Per 10 Per 100

MALUS arnoldiana — Arnold Crab

15 ft. at 1½ ft. yearly. Flowers single, white with pink. Fruits vellow.

4 to 5 ft. B&B	\$2.20
8 to 10 ft. XX B&B	12.00



MALUS — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

M. baccata — Siberian Crab

35 ft. at 1½ ft. Flowers pink in bud, opening single white, fragrant. Fruit red, yellow.

3 to 4 ft. B&B	\$1.25	\$11.00	\$100.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	1.60	15.00	140.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B	2.25	20.00	180.00
6 to 8 ft. B&B	3.00	27.00	

M. dolgo — Dolgo Crab

20 ft. at 1 ft. Flowers single, white. Fruit 1 in., brilliant red; makes excellent jelly.

7 to 8 ft. X B&B	4.50
8 to 10 ft. X B&B	7.00
10 to 12 ft. X B&B	10.00

M. eleyi — Eley Crab

18 ft. at 1½ ft. Leaves strong purple. Flowers single rosy carmine, large, broad petals.

2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	1.40	12.50
6 to 7 ft. XX B&B	4.50	
7 to 8 ft. XX B&B	6.00	
8 to 10 ft. XX B&B	10.00	

M. floribunda — Japanese Flowering Crab

14 ft. at 1 ft. Graceful arching, spreading. Flowers single; narrow petals, pink; profuse. The oldest known and still one of the finest.

2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft. X B&B	1.60	14.00
4 to 5 ft. X B&B	2.25	
5 to 6 ft. XX B&B	4.00	
6 to 7 ft. XX B&B	5.00	
7 to 8 ft. XX B&B	7.00	
8 to 10 ft. XX B&B	10.00	95.00

M. flor. atrosanguinea — Carmine Crab

Same as preceding, but flowers carmine.

2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.00	9.00	85.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	1.60	15.00	140.00
4 to 5 ft. X B&B	2.25		
5 to 6 ft. XX B&B	3.50		
6 to 7 ft. XX B&B	5.00	45.00	
7 to 8 ft. XX B&B	7.00	65.00	
8 to 10 ft. XX B&B	10.00	95.00	
10 to 12 ft XX R&R	15.00	140.00	

M. hopa — Hopa Crab

30 ft. at 2 ft. Leaves purplish. Flowers single, large, broad petals, deep pink.

2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	1.50	14.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	2.00	18.00
12 to 14 ft. XX B&B	15.00	
14 to 16 ft. XX B&B	18.00	
16 to 18 ft. XX B&B	22.00	











MALUS — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

M. niedzwetzkyana — Redvein Crab

25 ft. at 1½ ft. Leaves purplish. Flowers single, large broad petals, deep pink. Fruits 1½ in., red, acrid.

5 to 6 ft. B&B	\$2.50	
6 to 7 ft, X B&B	4.00	
7 to 8 ft. X B&B	5.00	\$45.00
8 to 10 ft. X B&B	6.50	60.00
10 to 12 ft. X B&B		

M. parkmani — Parkman Crab

12 ft. at 8 in. Leaves 1½ in., heavy, dark. Flowers semidouble bright pink.

3.30
4.30
6.30
8.30

M. purpurea — Purpleleaf Crab

16 ft. at 11/2 ft. Leaves rich reddish purple. Flowers single, broad petals, brilliant deep pink as leaves unfold. Fruit deep red, ¾ inch.

2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	1.50	14.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	2.00	18.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B	2.75	25.00
6 to 8 ft. B&B	4.50	40.00

M. sargenti — Sargent Crab

8 ft. high x 12 ft. broad. Flowers single, red in bud, open white. Fruit small, red.

6 to 7 ft. B&B	5.50	50.00
7 to 8 ft. B&B	6.50	60.00

M. scheidecker - Scheidecker Crab

15 ft. at 1 ft. Flowers very profuse, very double, medium pink inside, deep pink outside. Fruit yellow, % inch.

2 to 3 ft	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft	1.50	14.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	2.25	
5 to 6 ft. X B&B	3.00	
6 to 7 ft. X B&B	4.50	
7 to 8 ft. X B&B	6.50	
8 to 10 ft. X B&B	8.00	

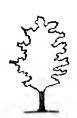
M. theifera — Tea Crab

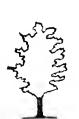
The following description was given by the late Dr. E. H. Wilson, former Keeper of the Arnold Arboretum, who discovered this tree: "Rigid of branch, with wands of blossoms often 15 ft. long, the Chinese M. theifera is the very quintessence of Crabapple loveliness. It is a small tree, seldom exceeding 20 feet in height, with sparse, upright and spreading, rather zig-zag branches. When in blossom the whole branch is transformed into a floral plume into which it is impossible to thrust a finger without touching a flower. The petals are reddish pink in the folded bud, white or delicately stained with pale pink when fully expanded."











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	\rightarrow	-

MALUS	theifera — Continued	Each	Per 10	Per 100
	2 to 3 ft. B&B	\$1.00	\$9.00	\$80.00
	3 to 4 ft. B&B	1.40	13.00	120.00
	4 to 5 ft. B&B	1.80	17.00	160.00
4 6 Mg	5 to 6 ft. B&B	2.25	21.00	190.00
2	6 to 7 ft. B&B	2.70	25.00	240.00
فكمنتهم	7 to 8 ft. B&B	3.75	35.00	320.00
	8 to 10 ft. X B&B	8.00	70.00	600.00

Larger, extra heavy specimens, \$15.00 up

NOTE — In most of the above varieties of Flowering Crabapples we have a considerable stock of very heavy specimens in nearly all the heights given above — also taller heights. These trees are well-matured specimens which give immediate finished effects of breath-taking beauty to any landscape in which they are planted. Let us quote on your specific requirements.

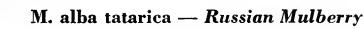


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MORUS alba pendula — Weeping Mulberry

8 ft. Heads of weeping branches grafted on stems usually 5 to 6 ft. high. Fruit like Blackberries, edible.

5 yr. heads......\$4.50



30 ft. at 1½ ft. yearly. Black fruits edible. Attracts birds.

5 to 6 ft	1.80
6 to 8 ft	2.80
8 to 10 ft	3.80



NYSSA sylvatica — Tupelo

40 ft. at 1 ft. Leaves dark, glossy, 3-inch; in fall wonderful brilliant hues, scarlet to crimson. Fruit ½ inch, blue-black. Little known but very beautiful. Best transplanted in spring.

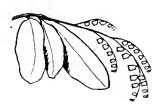
3 to 4 ft. B&B	3.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	4.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B	5.50
6 to 8 ft. B&B	7.00



OXYDENDRON arboreum — Sourwood

25 ft. at 1½ ft. Flowers white, June, July. Leaves scarlet in autumn.

2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.80	17.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	2.20	20.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	3.00	
5 to 6 ft. B&B	5.00	



POPULUS

Poplar

Very fast growing trees; some loose, open, spreading; others dense, compact, tall, narrow. The former are best used for quick temporary effects, but are so short-lived as to be practically worthless, for which reason we have stopped growing them. The latter are excellent for screens, also for vertical accent in the landscape. Poplars thrive in any soil. They are such voracious feeders that they rob the soil and starve themselves, unless fertilized occasionally.



POPULUS nigra italica — Lombardy Poplar

0 ft. at 4 ft.	Leaves 3 inches	. Narrow	dense	habit.
6 to 8 ft		\$	1.20	\$10.00
8 to 10 ft			1.65	14.00
10 to 12 ft.)	•• •••••	2.00	18.00



P. simoni — Simon Poplar (Chinese Lombardy Poplar)

60	ft at	3 ft	Leaves	dark.	glossy	3	inches
UU	11. at	0 11.	Licavos	uain,	grossy,	U	mones.

6 to 8 ft	1.25	12.00
8 to 10 ft	1.75	15.00
10 to 12 ft	2.25	20.00
12 to 14 ft	2.75	26.00
14 to 16 ft	3.25	
16 to 20 ft	4.00	



PRUNUS

Plum

Cherry

The Prunus family provides some of the most beautiful small trees known. Some are valuable for their flowers; others for their foliage effects. They thrive on all but the wetter soils. Probably they are benefited by the moderate use of lime.

Each Per 10 Per 100

PRUNUS cerasifera newport — Newport Purpleleaf Plum

12 ft. at 1 ft. Leaves bright purple, 3 inches. Flowers deep pink, May.



P. cer. othello — Othello Purpleleaf Plum



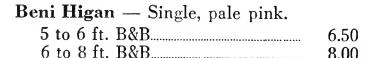
JAPANESE FLOWERING CHERRIES

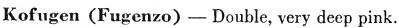
Small trees, seldom growing over 30 feet. Very beautiful in flower—some double, some single—white to deep pink, in late May. In our acid soils, fair applications of lime at least every second year are needed; otherwise the Japanese Cherries may prove tender in the north.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
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Amanogawa — Semi-double, pink.	
5 to 6 ft. B&B	\$6.00







5 to 6	ft.	B&B	5.50
6 to 7	ft.	B&B	6.50



PRUNUS Jap. Flowering Cherries — Continued

Kwanzan — Double, bright pink.

5 to 6 ft.	B&B	\$4.50
6 to 7 ft.	B&B	5.50

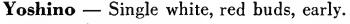
Naden — Lovely deep pink.

5 to 6 ft. B&B	5.50
6 to 7 ft. B&B	6.50



Shirofugen — Semi-double, buds deep pink, flowers pale pink to white.

4 to 5 ft. B&B	4.50
5 to 6 ft. B&B	5.50
6 to 7 ft. B&B	6.50



5 1	lo 6	ft.	B&B	5.50
6 1	to 7	ft.	B&B	6.50



Weeping heads grafted on straight trunks about 6 feet tall. Flowers large, double, strong pink.

3	vr	heads	B&B	5.50
	•	,	B&B	6.50
		heads.		8.00



Single Pink Weeping Cherry

Weeping heads grafted on straight trunks 6 feet tall. Flowers small, single, pale pink.

		_	=	
3	yr.	heads,	B&B	4.50
			B&B	5.50
		,	B&B	6.50
			B&B	8.00

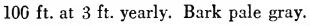


Oak

A magnificent race of sturdy trees, suited to all soils, but hard to establish in dry soils. In good soil rather rapid growing. SELDOM SUC-CEED IN FALL TRANSPLANTING, except when dug with extra large balls of earth. Prices quoted on request for this special service.







5 to 6 ft	\$3.50
6 to 8 ft	4.00
8 to 10 ft	5.00



Q. coccinea — Scarlet Oak

100 ft. at 3 ft. Leaves brilliant scarlet in fall.

6 to 8 ft	4.00	\$37.50	\$350.00
8 to 10 ft	5.00	45.00	
10 to 12 ft	6.00		
12 to 14 ft	10.00		







QUERCUS — Continued



Q. palustris — <i>Pin Oak</i>	Each	Per 10	Per 100
80 ft. at 3 ft. Leaves red in autumn.			
0 + 10 f	മാ വവ	#97.00	

Large mature specimens, prices quoted upon request.





Q. rubra — Red Oak

80 ft. at 3 ft. Leaves rich dark red in fall.

6 to 8 ft	3.75 4.50 6.50 8.50	42.00	\$300.00 390.00 550.00
12 10 14 11	0.50	00.00	

Large mature specimens, prices quoted upon request.



SALIX Willow

Medium height trees of graceful habit and rapid growth. Prefer medium to very moist soils. Leaves mostly very narrow; branchlets slender.

SAL	IX alba — White Willow	Each	Per 10 Per 100	
	60 ft. at 4 ft. Leaves silvery beneath. 8 to 10 ft	\$1.80 2.25	\$16.00 20.00	
	S habylanian Rabylan Wagnin	a Will	Oth	



S. babylonica — Babylon Weeping Willow

50 ft. at 3 ft. Most graceful drooping habit.

6 to 8 ft	1.80	16.50
8 to 10 ft	2.40	22.00





S. discolor — Pussy Willow

10 ft. at 1 ft. Shrubby small tree. Buds open, soft, fuzzy, gray.

		-	
5 t	o 6 ft	1.00	8.50
6 t	o 8 ft	1.40	12.00





S. niobe — Golden Weeping Willow

40 ft. at 3 ft. Very weeping. Younger branchlets bright yellow.

	J	0	 O		
6 to 8 ft	*******************		 •••••	1.90	17.00
8 to 10 ft				2 40	





S nentandra — Laural Willow

25 ft. at 3 ft. Leaves very dark, very glossy. Best use as screen tree.

4	to 5	ft	1.00	8.50
5	to 6	ft	1.25	10.00



SALIX — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

S. pent. Globe Head Standards

The preceding species, trained to single trunks, 5 to 6 ft. high, with heads trimmed roundish. Summer effect similar to Bay

\$25.00

S. tristis — Dwarf Bush Willow

3 ft. Dwarf compact broad clump. Thrives on medium to very dry soils. Foliage pale gray.

15 to 18 in	.65	5.50	\$50.00
18 to 24 in	.75	6.50	55.00
2 to 3 ft	.90	7.50	60.00

SASSAFRAS variifolium — Sassafras

40 ft. at 1½ ft. Young twigs green. Leaves smooth, 5 inches, brilliant orange, scarlet in fall. Small yellow flowers, May.

6 to 8 ft. B&B.....



SORBUS

Mountain Ash

A family of small trees bearing large flat heads of white flowers in May and June; best known for their broad flat clusters of scarlet berries in late summer and fall.

Each Per 10 Per 100

SORBUS americana — American Mountain Ash

30 ft. at 1½ ft. Leaflets 4 inches, pointed. Berries 1/6 inch; huge clusters.

14 to 16 ft	\$6.50
16 to 18 ft	8.00
18 to 20 ft	11.00

S. aucuparia — European Mountain Ash

30 ft. at 1½ ft. Leaflets 2½ inches, blunt. Berries ½ inch; large clusters.

5 to 6 ft	1.90
6 to 8 ft	2.40
8 to 10 ft	3.50

S. auc. pendula — Weeping Mountain Ash

8 ft. A drooping variety of preceding. An interesting oddity.

7 ft. 10.00



SYRINGA japonica — Japanese Tree Lilac

25 ft. at 1½ ft. Narrow headed tree, sometimes with single trunk, other times with two or three. Ten-inch panicles of cream white to light yellow flowers, June, July.

4 to 5 ft	1.50	12.00	\$90.00
5 to 6 ft	1.85	15.00	120.00
6 to 8 ft	2.25	19.00	160.00
8 to 10 ft	2.70	24.00	210.00









TILIA Linden

Big handsome trees of rapid growth and some of the best ornamentals for either lawn or street planting. Leaves heart shaped, some small, some large. Flowers small, sweet-scented, yellow, in early summer. Thrives in all soils.

Each Per 10 Per 100

TILIA americana — American Linden

100 ft. at 4 ft. Leaves 5 to 9 inches.		
10 to 12 ft	\$3.50	\$32.00
12 to 14 ft	5.00	45.00
14 to 16 ft	6.00	54.00
16 to 18 ft	8.00	72.00

Large, heavy-calipered specimens, prices quoted upon request.



T. cordata — Littleleaf Linden

80 f	tat3	ft 1	eaves	2 to 3	inches	somewhat	glossy.
00 1	ı, aı o	IL. I	JCa VC3	24 10 0	11101103,	Sumewhat	grossy.

5 to 6 ft	1.75	16.00	\$150.00
6 to 8 ft	2.00	18.00	



100 ft. at 4 ft. Leaves 3 to 4 inches. Symmetrical growing and rapid; quickly grows into shade giving proportions. The best species.

6 to 8 ft	2.00	18.00	160.00
8 to 10 ft	3.00	27.00	250.00
10 to 12 ft, 1½ to 1¾ in. caliper	4.00	36.00	330.00
10 to 12 ft., 1\frac{3}{4} to 2 in. caliper	5.00	45.00	400.00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in. caliper	6.00	55.00	
12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in. caliper	7.00		
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3 in. caliper	8.00		

NOTE — We have a few Lindens of the above and other varieties in mature sizes, having trunk calipers up to 10 inches, and broad well-formed heads. Let us quote you.



Undoubtedly the best known and most loved shade tree in New England. Our American Elm is unequaled in beauty of graceful arching form. Other species give other desirable habit characteristics. Thrives in all soils except dry.

ULMUS americana — American Elm

120 ft. at 4 ft. Leaves 3 to 4 inches. Best of the arching type. A grand tree.

6 to 8 ft	\$1.60	\$14.00	
8 to 10 ft.	2.00	18.00	
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 1¾ in. caliper	2.25	20.00	
12 to 14 ft., 1\(\frac{1}{4}\) to 2 in. caliper	2.60	23.00	\$190.00
14 to 16 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. caliper	3.50	30.00	250.00
16 to 18 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in. caliper	5.50	50.00	435.00

We have a fine stock of space-grown, heavy-caliper specimen Elms, from 20 to 35 feet tall, 3 to 6-inch caliper, straight trunks, well-developed heads. Let us quote on your specific requirements.





60 ft. at 3 ft. Habit similar to Lombardy Poplar. Good.

10 to 12 ft	3.00 4.00		250.00 330.00
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U. glabra camperdowni — Camperdown Elm

Wide flat spreading form grafted on to 5 to 6 ft. stems.

Heads 4 to 5 ft.	broad	10.00	95.00
Heads 5 to 6 ft	broad	16.00	



U. pumila — Siberian or Chinese Elm

60 ft. at 4 ft. Needs moist soils. Leaves very small, 1½ inches.

8 to 10 ft	2.50
10 to 12 ft	3.00
12 to 14 ft	4.00
14 to 16 ft	5.00





Large Tree Moving

Shade Trees as well as Evergreen Trees, four inches in trunk caliper and larger, transplant best when lifted with large balls of earth. This also applies to smaller sizes of certain varieties. By this method large trees can also be successfully transplanted out of season.

For this service we have modern mechanical tree moving equipment, which will move trees up to ten or twelve inches in caliper. Let us quote you on our mature specimen trees, moved into your own home grounds.



Deciduous Shrubs

The logical use of Deciduous Shrubs is as "fillers" between the larger feature or architectural trees. Shrubs give the best effect when planted so as to mass together. Form of Shrubs, therefore, while of some importance, is not of great importance. The most important features of Shrubs are the character of their leaves, flowers, and fruits.

There are in this list several sorts of very beautiful shrubs which, under local conditions, are none too hardy. These we have attempted to call attention to, with some cultural suggestions which may help to make them endure rigorous climates and adverse soils.

Excepting those varieties specifically marked "B&B," all Deciduous Shrubs are regularly dug bare-rooted at the prices given. If desired we will dig other sorts B&B, making the following charges for this service.

12 to 18 in. Shrubs	\$.15 each	3 to 4 ft	\$.30 each
18 to 24 in	.20 each	4 to 5 ft	.40 each
2 to 3 ft	.25 each	5 to 6 ft	.50 each

For extra heavy specimens in the above sizes, as well as for large shrubs, B&B service charges will be quoted on request.

Each Per 10 Per 100

8.00

.90

ACANTHOPANAX pentaphyllum — Fiveleaf Aralia



8 ft. Leaves 1½ inch, very dark, glossy. Excellent hedge plant.

AMELANCHIER canadensis — Downy Shadblow

4 to 5 ft......



10 ft. Clumpy habit. Leaves with slight gray down, 1½ inches. White flowers, May. Fruit maroon, June. Sun and half shade.

2 to 3 ft	1.00	8.50
3 to 4 ft	1.20	10.00
4 to 5 ft	1.50	

A. stolonifera — Running Shadblow



4 ft. Root stocks run under ground sending up many shoots, making a low thicket effect. White flowers, May. Fruit purple, sweet, July.

2 to 3 ft	1.00	8.50	70.00
		0.00	. 0.00
3 to 4 ft	1.20	10.00	

ARONIA arbutifolia — Red Chokeberry

13 ft. Narrow habit. Flowers in many small clusters, June. Bright red berries, brilliant crimson leaves in fall.

2 to 3 ft	\$.70	\$6.00	
3 to 4 ft	.85	7.50	\$65.00
4 to 5 ft	1.00	9.00	80.00



A. melanocarpa — Black Chokeberry

9 ft. Bushy shrub. Glossy black berri	les.		
2 to 3 ft	.70	6.00	50.00
4 to 5 ft. bushy	1.00	8.50	70.00
5 to 6 ft. bushy	1.35	11.00	90.00

AZALEA

Admittedly "tops" in flowering shrubs, Azaleas give us some of our earliest, some of our most startlingly showy, some of our most delicate flower colors, as well as a flowering range from early April to early July. While classed as acid soil plants, they thrive in soils of considerable range, particularly the Asiatic sorts, which even prefer some lime in the soil.

Azaleas are essentially small shrubs, with maturity height seldom over 8 feet. For this reason they can be used on small home properties as successfully as on larger, or in parks.

Azaleas prefer a moderately moist soil, but succeed on dry. They dislike heavy clays. Leafmold or humus is always welcome. Azaleas flourish alike in sun or shade, possibly flowering best where some sun is available.

Each Per 10 Per 100

AZALEA arborescens — Sweet Azalea

5 ft. Broad round habit. Flowers white inside, rich pink outside, red stamens, fragrant, late June.

ue, reu stamens, rragram, rate June.		
2 to 2½ ft. B&B	\$3.30	\$30.00
2½ to 3 ft. B&B	4.50	42.00
3 to 3½ ft. B&B	6.00	55.00
3½ to 4 ft. B&B	7.50	



8 ft. Tall, bushy. Flowers range through reds, oranges, toward yellow, early to late June. Very showy.

	•		
15 to 18 in. B&B	2.25	21.00	200.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.70	26.00	240.00
2 to 2½ ft. B&B	3.30	31.00	290.00
2½ to 3 ft. B&B	4.40	42.00	390.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	6.00	55 .00	
4 to 5 ft. B&B	7.50		





AZALEA — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100



A. dahurica — Dahurian Azalea

6 ft. Earliest to flower, about April 12; purplish rosy pink. Withstands severe drought.

15 to 18 in. B&B	\$1.60	\$15.00	\$140.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.20	19.00	170.00
2 to 2½ ft. B&B	2.90	25.00	200.00
2½ to 3 ft. B&B	3.60	33.00	



A. gandavensis — Ghent Azalea

8 ft. Similar to Flame Azalea, but wider range of color, including coppery reds, creamy pinks, occasional whites — late May to mid June. Very fine.

18 to 24 in. B&B	3.00	27.00	
2 to 2½ ft. B&B	4.00	36.00	330.00
2½ to 3 ft. B&B	5.00	45.00	400.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	6.50	60.00	550.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	8.50	80.00	



A. kaempferi — Torch Azalea

8 ft. From middle to late May a mass of flaming indescribable color, neither red, pink nor salmon, but compounded of all three. Very showy. Withstands lime.

15 to 18 in. B&B	2.00	18.00	160.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.50	22.50	200.00
2 to 2½ ft. B&B	3.00	27.00	240.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. B&B	4.00	36.00	



A. mollis — Chinese Azalea

6 ft. Large clusters, showy salmon-orange, occasionally reddish and yellow, late May, early June.

15 to 18 in. B&B	2.00	19.00	180.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.60	24.00	225.00
2 to 2½ ft. B&B	3.75	35.00	320.00
2½ to 3 ft. B&B	5.00	45.00	
3 to 4 ft. B&B	6.50	60.00	
4 to 5 ft. B&B	8.00		



A. MUCRONULATA — MONGOLIAN AZALEA

6 ft. One of the best drought resistant shrubs; leaves remain dark in very dry soil. Very early, about April 20; purplish rosy pink. Likes some lime. A "Grade A" plant.

18 to 24 in. B&B	1.90	16.00	140.00
2 to 2½ ft. B&B	2.25	20.00	170.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. B&B		26.00	220.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	3.50	32.00	280.00



A. POUKHANENSIS — ORCHID AZALEA

5 ft. broad, 3 ft. high. Round compact. The best Azalea for form. Fragrant flowers usually cover the bush; true medium orchid with mahogany splotch inside, middle to late May. Grade A+.

12 to 15 in. spread B&B	1.60	14.00	120.00
15 to 18 in. spread B&B	2.00	17.00	150.00
18 to 24 in. spread B&B	2.50	22.50	190.00
2 to 2½ ft. spread B&B	3.30	30.00	250.00
2½ to 3 ft. spread B&B	4.50	40.00	

AZALEA — Continued Each Per 10 Per 100

A. rosea — Northpink Azalea

6 ft. Soft medium pink, late May.

18 to 24 in. B&B	\$2.50	\$22.50
2 to 2½ ft. B&B	3.00	27.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. B&B	3.75	35.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	5.00	48.00

A. schlippenbachi — Royal Azalea

6 ft. Light pure pink, large clusters. A bit hard to grow. Probably needs some lime.

12 to 15 in. B&B..... 1.85 17.50



A. VASEYI — *SHELLPINK AZALEA*

8 ft. Delicate shell pink, early May. An American plant of exotic aspect, not striking but intriguing and beautiful. Not fussy as to soils and exposures. Excellent.

15 to 18 in. B&B	1.80	16.00	\$140.00
18 to 24 in. B&B	2.00	18.00	160.00
2 to 2½ ft. B&B	2.70	24.00	210.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. B&B	3.30	30.00	270.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	4.00	36.00	330.00

A. VISCOSA — HONEYSUCKLE AZALEA

8 ft. Latest to bloom, early July. Small white fragrant flowers THAT PERFUME THE GARDEN.

18 to 24 in. B&B	1.60	14.00	125.00
2 to 2½ ft. B&B	1.90	18.00	160.00
2½ to 3 ft. B&B	2.20	20.00	180.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	2.85	24.00	210.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	4.00	36.00	

BERBERIS

Barberry

A well-known family of beautiful and useful shrubs. Mostly compact, some are gracefully arching. Some have colored leaves; nearly all have brilliant fall foliage. Some have conspicuous yellow blossoms; all have scarlet fruit which remains until late winter at least. Their thorny branches make the Barberries excellent plants for protective hedges.

Each Per 10 Per 100

BERBERIS dielsiana — Diels Barberry

8 ft. Branches arching. Fruit scarlet. Leaves 2 inches.

3 to 4 ft., Heavy..... .80 7.00



5 ft. The best known hardy hedge shrub. Leaves % inches, brilliant red in fall. Scarlet fruit remains all winter.

12 to 15 in	.20	1.70	14.00
15 to 18 in	.25	2.20	18.00
18 to 24 in	.30	2.50	22.50
2 to 2½ ft.	40	3.50	30.00





BERBERIS — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100



B. thun. atropurpurea — Redleaf Japanese Barberry

5 ft. Same as preceding, except leaves strong red when grown in full sun.

12 to 15 in...... \$.50 \$4.00 \$33.00

TRUEHEDGE COLUMNBERRY

Berberis thun. pluriflora erecta

(Plant Patent No. 110)

A wonderful recent improvement of the old dependable Japanese Barberry, developed by five generations of breeding and selection. It has every good point of its parent type—its hardiness, tenacity of life under trying conditions, and adaptability to wide variations of soils and exposures.



Besides this it has other advantages of its own. TRUEHEDGE COLUMNBERRY has darker foliage than the Japanese Barberry, remaining dark in spite of severe drought; its fall color is even richer and deeper; and its scarlet berries are borne with still greater profusion.

But most important of all of the advantages of TRUEHEDGE COLUMNBERRY is its perfect habit of growth; its dense, erect, bushy, columnar shape, which makes a perfect hedge the instant it is planted, and needs little pruning to keep it perfect. While more expensive to purchase, it is actually cheaper in the end, by virtue of the saving in pruning labor, and you don't have to wait years for the hedge to develop its form.

Each Per 10 Per 100

B. thun. pluriflora erecta — Truehedge Columnberry

12 to 15 in	\$.35	\$2.90	\$22.00
15 to 18 in	.45	3.50	28.00
18 to 24 in	.60	4.50	36.00
2 to 2½ ft	.70	5.50	45.00



B. vernae — Verna Barberry

8 ft. Graceful arching. Showy yellow flowers, late May, early June. Pink berries.

2 to 3 ft	.85	8.00
3 to 4 ft	1.00	9.00

BUDDLEIA

Butterflybush

A beautiful group of flowering shrubs. Leaves are generally grayish, due to a fine hairiness. Flowers are large spikes or panicles, usually in some shade of purple or lavender, from July to September. Buddleias are partially tender, most varieties winter-killing to the ground; mostly the roots survive and send up new tops each year. Buddleias decidedly prefer the sun.

Each	Per	10	Per	100

BUDDLEIA alternifolia — Chinese Butterflybush

8 ft. Narrow spikes, lilac-purple, July. The hardiest. 2 to 2½ ft..... \$.60

B. davidi magnifica — Oxeye Butterflybush

6 ft. Large rosy purple fragrant flowers, August, September. 3 yrs.60 5.00

B. Ile de France

6 ft. Fragrant, brilliant rosy purple flowers, August, September. The most beautiful.

.60 5.00 \$42.00 2 yrs.

> X * ×



6 ft. Leaves 5 inches, glossy, heavy. Flowers chocolate, shaped like miniature pineapples; June to August.

2 to 3 ft	.50	4.00	
3 to 4 ft	.60	5.00	40.00

CARAGANA arborescens — Siberian Pea-tree

12 ft. Leaves bright green. Yellow pea-flowers. June.

3 to 4 ft	.80	7.00
4 to 5 ft	1.00	9.00
5 to 6 ft	1.25	11.00
6 to 7 ft	1.75	15.00
7 to 8 ft	2.50	22.50
8 to 10 ft.	3.50	30.00

CLETHRA alnifolia — Summersweet

6 ft. Foliage dark. White flower spikes, fragrant, July, August. Demands moist soil.

2 to 3 ft..... .65 50.00 5.50 3 to 4 ft. .80 7.00 60.00

COMPTONIA asplenifolia — Sweet Fern

2½ ft. Broad, rounding. Foliage dark, narrow, aromatic. Thrives in driest soil.

18 to 24 in. spread	. 75	6.50	60.00
2 to 3 ft. spread	.90	8.00	70.00

CORNUS Dogwood

The Shrub Dogwoods provide some of our sturdiest and most beautiful of the larger shrubs. Mostly of bushy habit with strong large dark leaves. Some have brilliant bark. Some have showy flowers and fruit. All are hardy and easy to grow. Birds eat their fruits. The larger sorts are suitable only for shrub borders in large estates and parks.

Each Per 10 Per 100

CORNUS alba (siberica) — Tatarian Dogwood

10 ft. Leaves 4 to 5 inches. Flowers yellow-white, June. Bluewhite berries. Winter bark bright red.

2 to 3 ft	.60	5.00	42.00
3 to 4 ft	.75	6.00	50.00















CORNUS — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100



C. kousa — Oriental Flowering Dogwood

20 ft. Flowers cream white, large broad petals, June. Red fruit, August.

2 to 3 ft. B&B	\$1.20	\$10.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	1.80	16.00
4 to 5 ft, B&B	2.40	20.00

C. mas — Cornelian Cherry

20 ft. Narrow habit. Yellow flowers, May. Large scarlet edible fruit, August.

3 to 4 ft	1.00	9.00	\$80.00
4 to 5 ft	1.35	12.00	100.00
5 to 6 ft	2.00	18.00	



C. paniculata — Gray Dogwood

10 ft. Many erect canes. Bark gray. Flowers white, May, June. White berries, August.

2 to 3 ft	.60	5.00
3 to 4 ft	.80	7.00
4 to 5 ft	1.00	9.00

C. sanguinea — Bloodtwig Dogwood

12 ft. Slender branchlets. Young twigs deep blood red; old branches light gray, striped. Flowers green-white, May, June. Fruit black.

4 to 5 ft	.80	7.00	60.00
5 to 6 ft	1.00	8.50	70.00
6 to 8 ft	1.50	12.00	90.00

C. stolonifera — Red Osier Dogwood

10 ft. Similar to C. alba; grows broader. Bark dark red.

2 to 3 ft	.60	5.00
3 to 4 ft	.75	6.50



C. stol. flaviramea — Goldentwig Dogwood

8 ft. Winter bark bright yellow. Showy.

2 to 3 ft	.70	6.00	50.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	8.00	

COTONEASTER

One of the more valuable Asiatic plant families. Its members fall into two general classes—(1) medium to large sorts of conventional shrub habit, (2) low prostrate or irregularly spreading form. This latter class is particularly fitting for rockeries or against stone walls or boulders. The prostrate class nearly all have leaves ½ inch diameter, round in shape, waxy of texture and semi-evergreen. The flowers are tiny but showy in mass, in May and June. Showy fruits in Autumn.

COTONEASTER apiculata — Pointleaf Cotoneaster

Prostrate. Arching branches. Flowers pink. Fruit scarlet. 4 in. pots, 8 to 12 in...... \$1.00 \$9.00 \$80.00



C. dielsiana — Diels Cotoneaster

6 ft. Graceful branches. Leaves 1 inch, red in fall. Flowers and fruits red.

2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.00	9.00	85.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	1.25	11.00	100.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	1.50	12.50	110.00

C. divaricata — Spreading Cotoneaster

6 ft. Intermediate between the two classes. Spread as wide as height. Branches arching. Leaves ¾ inch, round, glossy, red in fall; pink flowers, fruit red.

18 to 24 in. B&B	1.00	9.00	85.00
2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.25	11.00	100.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	1.50	14.00	

C. foveolata

8 ft. Leaves 1½ inches, orange-scarlet in fall. Flowers pink, fruit black.

2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.10	10.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	1.35	12.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	1.70	

C. horizontalis — Rock Cotoneaster

Prostrate. Flowers pink, berries red.

5 in. pots, 9 to 12 in	1.00	9.00
5 in. pots, 12 to 15 in	1.40	12.00
12 to 15 in. B&B	1.75	15.00
15 to 18 in. B&B	2.20	20.00

C. lucida — Inky Cotoneaster

5 ft. Narrow habit. Leaves 1½ inches. Excellent hedge shrub. Particular attraction large showy ink-black masses of berries.

2 to 3 ft. B&B	1.20	10.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	1.50	12.00

×



CYDONIA japonica — Flowering Quince

6 ft. Leaves 1½ inches, dark glossy. Brilliant vermilion flowers 1½ inches, mid-May. Golden fruits, 2 inches.

18 to 24 in	.50	4.00	30.00
2 to 3 ft	.60	5.00	37.50

DEIIT71A

Small and medium shrubs bearing a profusion of small bell flowers. Very beautiful. Prefer medium to dry soils, and full sun. In acid soils they like occasional applications of lime.

DEUTZIA gracilis — Slender Deutzia

3 ft. Flowers white, early to mid-June.
15 to 18 in....... \$.50 \$4.00 \$36.00



D. lemoinei — Lemoine Deutzia

D. scabra crenata — Fuzzy Deutzia

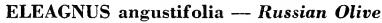
6 ft. Flowers profuse, white to blush pink, June.

* * * *



DIERVILLA trifida — Dwarf Bush-Honeysuckle

3 ft. Bushy. Flowers small, yellow, June.



15 ft. Irregular habit, branches spiny. Leaves narrow, 3 inches, silvery beneath. Flowers fragrant, yellow, June. Fruit yellow-orange, edible, ¾ inch. Excellent shore plant.



6 ft. Bushy habit. Leaves 2 inches, dark, silver beneath. Flowers yellow-white, fragrant, May. Fruit ¾ inch, scarlet, edible, July.



8 ft. Compact habit. Leaves 1 inch, dark; in fall pink, red, scarlet, orange, yellow. Young twigs brilliant deep red. Flowers small drooping bells, pale yellow, deep pink stripes, May. Although a cousin to the Azalea, it tolerates a fair amount of lime. Very fine. Try it.





EUONYMUS

The Shrubby Euonymus give us several of our most spectacular autumn hues. (Evergreen varieties are listed under Evergreen Shrubs.) Medium to tall shrubs, they provide the shrub border with bold accent of fall foliage and fruit. Flowers are very small, yellow, May and June. Leaves mostly about $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches; most varieties very dark green.

EUONYMUS alatus — Winged Euonymus

10 ft. Bushy habit. Twigs have four corky wings. Fall foliage blazing scarlet hues. Fruit small, red.

3 to 4 ft	\$.80	\$7.00	\$60.00
4 to 5 ft.	1.00	9.00	80.00
5 to 6 ft	1.90	17.00	



6 ft. Compact bushy. Flourishes in sun, also deep shade. In full sun fall foliage striking brilliant pink-red.

2½ to 3 ft	1.00	9.00	80.00
3 to 3½ ft		11.00	100.00

E. bungeanus — Winterberry Euonymus

15 ft. Loose, open, graceful. Twigs slender. Berries orange. Leaves light green.

5 to 6 ft	.90	8.00	
6 to 8 ft	1.35	11.00	100.00
8 to 10 ft	1.90	16.00	140.00

E. europaeus — European Burningbush

15 ft. Erect, narrow. Leaves crimson in fall. Fruit orange in pink capsule.

2 to 3 ft	.70	6.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	8.00
4 to 5 ft	1.00	9.00

E. YEDOENSIS — YEDDO EUONYMUS

12 ft. Leaves 4 to 5 inches; broad; scarlet, crimson in fall. Most spectacular variety in fruit — huge hanging clusters, orange scarlet berries showing through partly opened capsules of brilliant pink to dark red shades. You want this.

3 to 4 ft	.60	5.00	40.00
4 to 5 ft	.70	6.00	50.00
5 to 6 ft	1.00	8.50	70.00
6 to 8 ft.	1.50	12.50	

* * * *

EXOCHORDA grandiflora — Pearlbush

10 ft. Leaves grayish. Flowers in large, loose clusters, white, May.

•		
2 to 3 ft	.60	5.00
3 to 4 ft	.70	6.00

* * *

DO NOT FAIL to study our list of Hardy Azaleas, pages 49-51. NO collected stock—ALL nursery grown here at Framingham from seed from northern acclimated plants. They are top-grade stock—at right prices.







FORSYTHIA

Rightly the most welcomed shrub flowering in early spring. Its mass of cheerful blazing yellow is a mental spring tonic — from mid-April to early May. In acid soils Forsythias benefit from fair applications of lime.

Each Per 10 Per 100

\$3.20

4.00

4.00

5.00

6.00

4.00

5.00

5.00

6.00

8.00

35.00

.90

3.80

Flowers deep

\$25.00

30.00

30.00

40.00

30.00

36.00

45.00

FORSYTHIA intermedia — Border Forsythia 8 ft. Golden yellow. Tough and rugged. 2 to 3 ft..... \$.40 3 to 4 ft..... .50 F. int. spectabilis — Showy Border Forsythia 8 ft. Richer golden yellow; more profuse bloomer. 2 to 3 ft..... .50 3 to 4 ft..... .60 .70 4 to 5 ft...... F. suspensa — Weeping Forsythia 8 ft. Arching, drooping branches. Flowers canary yellow, few. 2 to 3 ft..... .50 3 to 4 ft..... F. susp. fortunei — Fortune Forsythia 8 ft. Not drooping, but gracefully arching. canary. 3 to 4 ft..... .60 4 to 5 ft..... .75



5 to 6 ft.....

*

8 ft. Leaves 3 to 4 inches. Flowers creamy white, May.

2 to 3 ft..... 2.5022.50

F. monticola — Alabama Fothergilla 6 ft. Spreading habit. Flowers slightly larger than preceding. 18 to 24 in..... 1.90 17.00 2 to 3 ft..... 2.50 22.50200.00 3 to 4 ft.....

GENISTA tinctoria — Woadwaxen

×

5 ft. Narrow, dense; slender green stems. Yellow pea-flowers, June.

3 to 4 ft..... .90 7.50 65.00

10 ft. Rangy habit. Small yellow flowers, late October,

HAMAMELIS virginiana — American Witch-Hazel

November.			
2 to 3 ft	.70	6.00	50.00
3 to 4 ft	.90	8.00	70.00
4 to 5 ft	1.20	11.00	100.00
5 to 6 ft	1.50	14.50	
6 to 7 ft	1.75	16.00	140.00
7 to 8 ft	2.00	18.00	160.00
8 to 10 ft	2.50	22 NN	180 00







HIBISCUS

Beautiful shrubs of narrow habit attaining a height of 12 feet, flowering in late July, August and early September. The flowers are large, 3 to 4 inches broad, in several colors. The plants are inclined to be a little tender in middle and northern New England, but this can probably be somewhat overcome by using lime. PREFER SPRING PLANTING.

Each Per 10

HIBISCUS syriacus — Rose of Sharon — Althea

Colors in Stock:—

Double White
Double Pink
Double Purple
Single White
Single Blue
\$.75 \$6.50

HYDRANGEA

Mid-summer blooming shrubs with large showy flowers and large heavy leaves. For best flowering effect Hydrangeas should be pruned in very early spring. They are easy to grow and are not at all particular as to soils.

Each Per 10 Per 100

HYDRANGEA arborscens grandiflora — Snowhill Hydrangea

6 ft. Leaves 4 to 5 inches. Clusters 5 inches, broad, full, greenish-white, July.

•			
2 to 3 ft	.65	5.50	\$45.00
_ 00 0 20000000000000000000000000000000			#
3 to 4 ft.	75	6.50	

H. paniculata — Panicle Hydrangea

15 ft. Heads 6 to 10 inches, conical, loose, open, large petals. July, August.

2 to 3 ft	.65	5.50
3 to 4 ft	.75	6.50
4 to 5 ft	.85	7.50

H. pan. grandiflora — Pink-cone Hydrangea

15 ft. Heads 8 to 10 inches. Very full. Greenish white, tinged brownish pink, July, August.

2 to 3 ft	1.10	10.00	90.00
3 tc 4 ft	1.35	12.50	

H. radiata — Silverleaf Hydrangea

6 ft. Leaves 4 to 5 inches, dark silver under. Broad white flower heads, June, July.

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2 10 3 11	 	O.UU

HYPERICUM

St. Johnswort

Low shrubs, usually dense in habit, with golden yellow flowers in midsummer and early fall. This period of flowering makes the Hypericums valuable additions to every landscape. They prefer moist soils but withstand very dry.







HYPERICUM aureum — Golden St. Johnswort

ILEX VERTICILLATA

Winterberry

8 feet. Spectacularly beautiful in fruit, which often covers the bush, remains well into the winter — brilliant scarlet. HOWEVER, each plant has but one sex to its flowers. Only the Female bears fruit, but a Male must be near by — so never plant this species singly. A good proportion is one male to two female plants.



Each Per 10 Per 100 ILEX verticillata — Winterberry **Female Plants** 2 to 3 ft..... \$.75 \$55.00 \$6.50 3 to 4 ft. 65.00 .85 7.50 4 to 5 ft..... 1.10 90.00 10.00Male Plants 2 to 3 ft..... .60 5.00 40.00 3 to 4 ft..... .75 6.50 50.00 4 to 5 ft..... 8.00 70.00 .90

INDIGOFERA kirilowi — Kirilow Indigo

×

4 ft. Pink-orchid pea-flowers. Tops winterkill.

3 yrs. 1.50 13.00



KOLKWITZIA amabilis — Beauty Bush

8 ft. Very graceful arching branches. Flowers borne freely over long sections of branches, delicate light pink small trumpets, with yellow in throat, June.

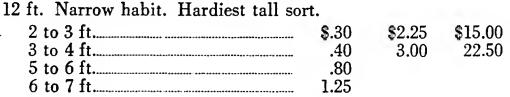
18 to 24 in	.80	7.00
2 to 3 ft	1.00	9.00
3 to 4 ft., very bushy	1.25	11.00

LIGUSTRUM

Privet

The premier family of hedge shrubs, some varieties handsome for specimen or border use. Flowers are not usually conspicuous, being very small Lilac-clusters in type, white with slight lavender markings, seldom over 1½ inches long. Privet also bear blackish berries. Particularly beautiful for their multitude of small branchlets heavily covered with dark leaves, 1 to 2 inches long.

LIGUSTRUM amurense — Amur Privet





L. ibolium - Ibolium Privet

10 ft. Medium narrow habit. A hybrid of the California Privet, hardier than its parent.

18 to 24 in	.25	1.50	10.00
2 to 3 ft	.30	2.00	12.00
3 to 4 ft	.35	2.50	18.00

L. ibota — Ibota Privet

8 ft. Bushy; graceful arching form. Very hardy. Excellent for specimen use as well as bushy hedges.

2 to 3 ft	.35	2.80	24.00
3 to 4 ft	.45	3. 50	30.00
3 to 4 ft., heavy specimens B&B	1.50		
4 to 5 ft., heavy specimens B&B	2.50		
5 to 6 ft., heavy specimens B&B	3.50		

L. ibota regelianum — Regal Privet

5 ft. Wide spreading, rounding, graceful. Excellent low specimen. Very hardy.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
12 to 18 in	.40	3.30	27.00
18 to 24 in	.50	4.20	35.00
2 to 2½ ft	.70	6.00	50.00
2½ to 3 ft	.85	8.00	



L. ovalifolium — California Privet

10 ft. Narrow habit. Glossy oval leaves. A bit tender here.

2 to 3 ft	.25	1.50	12.00
3 to 4 ft	.25	1.80	14.00

LONICERA

Honeysuckle

Handsome foliage shrubs, usually bushy and well formed. Leaves only 1½ to 2 inches, but plentiful; usually dark. Flowers are small, 1 inch, but profuse. Small colorful berries also add to their beauty. Honeysuckles leaf out among the earliest of shrubs.

Each Per 10 Per 100

LONICERA fragrantissima — Winter Honeysuckle

6 ft. Broad spreading. Cream white fragrant flowers, March, April.

2 to 3 ft	\$.60	\$5.00
3 to 4 ft	.80	7.00



PHILADELPHUS

Mockorange

Known also as Sweet Syringa, the Philadelphus family contains several of the more popular shrubs. All have white flowers, some large, some small, some fragrant, borne in early summer. Some particularly resemble Orange Blossoms — hence the name Mockorange.



Each Per 10 Per 100

PHILADELPHUS coronarius — Sweet Mockorange

10 ft. Narrow to medium habit. Pure white, large fragrant flowers, late June. The best of the larger types.

3 to 4 ft	\$.50	\$4.00	\$35.00
4 to 5 ft	.60	5.00	45.00

PHILADELPHUS — Continued P. falconeri — Star Mockorang		Per 10	Per 100
8 ft. Dense shrub. Small white sta	•	late Tune	
SPACE-GROWN HEAVY SPE			•
5 to 6 ft	\$3.00 5.00	\$28.00 45.00	
P. inodorus — Scentless Mocko 8 ft. Bushy form. Small flowers, la	ate June.		
SPACE-GROWN HEAVY SPE			
4 to 5 ft	2.50	22.50	
5 to 6 ft	3.00	28.00	
Hybrid Mockor P. Avalanche	ranges		
	11 <i>(</i>)		
6 ft. Dense habit, slender twigs, sn 18 to 24 in		4.00	മാവ വ
2 to 3 ft		5.00	\$32.00 39.00
3 to 4 ft	70	6.00	45.00
P. Bouquet Blanc			
5 ft. Large flowers, very sweet.			
3 to 4 ft	70	6.00	
P. Mont Blanc			
4 ft. Dwarf compact habit. Large	_		
2 to 3 ft 3 to 4 ft		5.00 6.00	$\frac{36.00}{45.00}$
3 to 4 1t	10	0.00	45.00
P. Virginal			
8 ft. Loose habit. Flowers large, s	emi-doubl	le, June a	nd con-
tinuous more or less until mid-fall.			
2 to 3 ft		5.00	42.00
3 to 4 ft 4 to 5 ft		6.50 9.00	
4 to 5 11	1.00	9.00	
PHYSOCARPUS intermedius parvifoli	ius — D u	varf Nine	ebark
7 ft. Dense bushy habit. Small lea			
June.			
4 to 5 ft., bushy		6.50	
5 to 6 ft., bushy	. 1.00	9.00	
POTENTILLA fruticosa — Shrubby (il	
3 ft. Small bright yellow flowers all		= 00	
18 to 24 in		5.00 6.50	
2 to 3 ft	75	6.50	
P. frut. veitchi — Veitch Cinque			
White flowered variety of preceding 2 to 3 ft		6.50	
4 tu 0 Ita		0.00	



PRUNUS

Cherry

Almond

Plum

A variable family — some with beautiful flowers, some with interesting foliage, others with showy as well as edible fruits.

Each Per 10 Per 100



PRUNUS Desse	eyi — bessey c	nerry	•	
5 ft. Very spreafruits, August.	ading. Foliage	narrow, gray	. Edible	purple
munis, mugust.				

2 to 3 ft	\$.60	\$5.00	\$40.00
3 to 4 ft	.75	6.50	50.00



P. glandulosa alba — Double White Almond



P. gland. rosea — Double Pink Almond

8 ft. Beautiful pink variety of preceding.

18 to 24 in., on own roots	.65	5.50	45.00
2 to 3 ft., on own roots	.80	7.00	60.00



P. maritima — Beach Plum

8 ft. Irregular habit. White or pale pink flowers late May. Purple fruit in September makes a fine jelly of unique flavor. Excellent dry soil plant; also at seashore.

2 to 3 ft	.60	5.00	40.00
⁻ 3 to 4 ft	.70	6.00	50.00



P. triloba — Flowering Plum

10 ft. Small tree form. Small double, deep pink flowers, mid-May.

3 to 4 ft. 1.25 11.00



RHAMNUS cathartica — Common Buckthorn

15 ft. Spiny branches. White flowers, black berries. Sun or shade.





R. dahurica — Dahurian Buckthorn

6 ft. Spreading, rounding. Excellent for low hedge or specimen use in sun or shade. White flowers, black berries.

18 to 24 in	.60	5.00	40.00
2 to 3 ft	.75	6.50	
3 to 4 ft	.85		



RHODOTYPOS kerrioides — Jetbead			
5 ft. Light green foliage. White star	flowers,	May, Ju	ine. Jet
black berries.			
18 to 24 in	\$.40	\$3.00	\$25.00
2 to 3 ft	.50	4.00	35.00
3 to 4 ft	.60	5.00	

RHUS canadensis — Fragrant Sumac

ii. Semi-viny. Leaves aromatic.		
18 to 24 in	.70	6.00
2 to 3 ft	.80	7.00



R. copallina — Shining Sumac

8 ft. Leaves glossy; brilliant red in fall. Seeds red-brown cones. Naturalistic use.

2 to 3 ft	.60	5.00
3 to 4 ft	.70	6.00

R. cotinus — Smoketree

12 ft. Fall foliage red, yellow, brown. Huge misty purple clusters of minute flowers, June.

2 to 3 ft	1.00
3 to 4 ft	1.40



R. glabra — Smooth Sumac

10 ft. Gawky habit. Excellent for naturalistic effect. Red seed cones.

4 to 5 ft	.50	4.00
5 to 6 ft.	.70	6.00

R. typhina — Staghorn Sumac



ROBINIA hispida — Rose-Acacia

6 ft. Irregular habit. Twigs fuzzy. Large rose pink peaflowers, May, June. Best use in mass plantings.

18 to 24 in	.50	4.00	35.00
2 to 3 ft	.65	5.50	45.00

ROSA

Wild Roses or Rose Species

Not so spectacular in bloom as the Hybrid Roses (listed elsewhere), the Wild Roses merit use in every landscape, as they fit into mass plantings. The flowers are single, beautiful in form, color and fragrance. The fruits are bright red. The plants are hardy and easy to grow.

ROSA blanda — Meadow Rose

5 ft. Twigs red. Flowers pink, in clusters, May. Prefer damp soil.

18 to 24 in..... \$.70 \$6.00



8 ft. Graceful arching branches covered with bright yellow, 2-inch flowers, late May, June.

2 to 3 ft..... 7.00 \$60.00 .80

R. lucida — Virginia Rose

4 ft. Single strong pink 2-inch flowers, June. Withstands dry soil.

18 to 24 in..... .70 6.00

R. multiflora — Japanese Rose

8 ft. Half shrub, half vine. Flowers single, white, in clusters, profuse, June. Small red berries.

4.00 30.00 2 to 3 ft..... .50

R. rugosa — Rugosa Rose

5 ft. Bushy. Leaves 1 inch, thick, glossy. Flowers 2 inches, single, rich pink, very fragrant, June to October. Fruits scarlet. ¾ inch.

18 to 24 in..... .70 6.00 50.00

R. rug. alba — White Rugosa Rose

5 ft. White flowered form of preceding.

7.00 18 to 24 in..... .80

R. setigera — Prairie Rose

10 ft. Semi-climber. Bright pink, June, July.

3 to 4 ft..... 6.00 .70

R. spinosissima — Scotch Rose

3 ft. Dense clumps. Flowers white, pink, May, June.

12 to 18 in..... .60 5.00 40.00

R. spin. altaica — Altai Rose

3 ft. Flowers large white, May, June.

12 to 18 in..... 5.00 .60 40.00

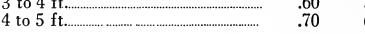
R. wichuraiana — Memorial Rose

Wide creeping. Fine for covering banks. Flowers pure white. July to September.

5.00 2 yrs.60 40.00

10 ft. Loose habit. Large flat heads of white flowers, June, July. Purple berries, September, used for pies and wine.

3 to 4 ft..... .60 5.00 6.00



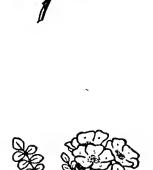












SPIRAEA

A well-known, much planted family — nevertheless deserving of continued planting, having many members of great beauty. The Spireas fall into two main groups — (1) medium and large sorts with white flowers, ranging from April to July — (2) dwarf sorts with red, pink or white flowers in July and August. The spring flowers are borne all along the branches; the summer flowers in small heads at the ends of the branches. The spring flowering sorts thrive in all soils; the summer-bloomers like lime.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
SPIRAEA bumalda — Bumalda Spirea			
3 ft. Pink, July, August.			
18 to 24 in	\$.50	\$4.00	
2 to 2½ ft	.60	5.00	



S. froebeli — Froebel Spirea		
4 ft. Bright red flowers, July, August.		
18 to 24 in	.50	4.00
2 to 3 ft	.60	5.00
S. fortunei — Fortune Spirea		

S. japonica ovalifolia — White Japa	nese Spirea
3 ft. White, June, July.	

.50

.40

4.00

3.00

22.00

S. prunifolia plena — Bridalwreath

12 to 18 in.....

2 to 3 ft.....

4 ft. Pale pink, June, July.

8 ft. Small white rosettes, mid-May. Somewhat tender. NOTE the plant more commonly referred to as "Bridalwreath" is Spiraea vanhouttei. This latter variety we always furnish unless the botanical name "Spiraea prunifolia plena" is specifically given in the order.

0 · 4 f.		70	~ 0.0
3 to 4 ft.		. 70	6.00

S. thunbergi — Thunberg Spirea

6 ft. Bushy, slender stemmed. Leaves 1 inch, very narrow. Multitudes of tiny white flowers cover the bush in late April, early May—at Forysthia time.

2 to 3 ft	.50	4.00	
4 to 5 ft	.70	6.00	50.00
5 to 6 ft	.80	7.00	60.00



SPIRAEA — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

S. trichocarpa — Korean Spirea

8 ft. Arching branches loaded with 2-inch white clusters, mid-June. Very good.

\$.50	\$4.00	
.60	π =	\$36.00
.70	6.00	45.00
.80	7.00	55.00
	.70	.60 5.00 .70 6.00



S. vanhouttei — Vanhouette Spirea

8 ft. The best of all Spireas, often, but incorrectly, called "Bridalwreath." Graceful arching branches. Foliage smooth, clean, blue-green, free from pests. A mass of white 1½-inch clusters at Memorial Day.

2 to 3 ft	.40	3.00	24.00
3 to 4 ft	.50	4.00	30.00
4 to 5 ft	.60	5.00	40.00
5 to 6 ft	.75	6.50	

y y y

SYMPHORICARPOS chenaulti — Pink Snowberry

4 ft. Fine arching branches. Small pink berries, August, September.

2 to 3 ft	.50	4.00
3 to 4 ft	.60	5.00



S. racemosus — Snowberry

6 ft. Arching branches. Flowers small pink, June to August. Waxy white berries, ½ inch. Sun or shade.

2 to 3 ft	50	4.00	30.00
∠ I(I t) 1 L	~1.7C/	4.00	•)(/.(/(/

S. vulgaris — Coralberry

5 ft. Very arching drooping branches. Small dark red berries. Sun or shade. A secondary set of viny branches, trailing and matting on surface of ground makes this the best shrub to keep banks from eroding.

2 to 3 ft	.50	4.00	30.00

SYRINGA ...

Lilac

Large fragrant panicles of colorful flowers in late May and early June make the Lilacs one of the most popular shrubs. Leaves are heart shaped. Lilacs grow in any soil, but are benefited in New England by a little lime.

Each Per 10 Per 100

SYRINGA chinensis — Chinese Lilac

10 ft. Branches slender, arching. Leaves 2 inches. Panicles loose, rosy purple.

2 to 3 ft	\$. 75	\$6.50
3 to 4 ft	.85	7.50

Each Per 10 Per 100

S. josikaea — Hungarian Lilac

SYRINGA — Continued

12 ft. Flowers blue-purple. Leaves 4 inches. Similar to S. villosa.

2 to 3 ft	\$.60	\$5.00
3 to 4 ft	.80	7.00

S. persica — Persian Lilac

8 ft. Branches arching. Leaves 2 inches. Loose nodding panicles, lavender blue.

2 to 3 ft	.70	6.00
2 0 0 1 t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t		0.00



12 ft. Leaves 4 inches.	Flowers lavene	der-pink	, late Jur	ie.
2 to 3 ft		.60	5.00	\$40.00
2 to 1 ft		70	6.00	50.00

S. vulgaris — Common Purple Lilac

12 ft. The best known of all Lilacs. Leaves dark, 3 to 4 inches. Dense panicles, very fragrant, purple, about Memorial Day.

2 to 3 ft	.50	4.00	30.00
3 to 4 ft	.60	5.00	40.00
4 to 5 ft	.80	7.00	
5 to 6 ft	1.00		

S. vulg. alba — Common White Lilac

White flowering form of preceding.

2 to 3 ft	.65	5.50
3 to 4 ft	.85	7.50
4 to 5 ft	1.10	10.00



This class contains the finest of all Lilacs, derived from hybridization of the Common Lilac with other species. The leaves are typical of the Common Lilac. The flowers are similar in shape, some varieties with large single flowerets, others with doubly petaled flowerets, but with a wide striking range of color.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Buffon — Single, mauve pink			
3 to 4 ft	\$1.90	\$18.00	
4 to 5 ft	2.50	22.50	
Charles Joly — Double, dark pur	rple-red	ł	
2 to 3 ft	1.50	14.00	
3 to 4 ft	1.90	18.00	
Charles the Tenth — Single, red	dish pı	ırple	
2 to 3 ft	1.20	11.00	
3 to 4 ft	1.50	14.00	
4 to 5 ft	1.90	18.00	
5 to 6 ft	2.50	24.00	





Florets

	HYBRID LILACS — Continued		Per 10	Per 100
	Hugo Koster — Single, dark re	ddish pu	rple	
	2 to 3 ft	\$1.20	\$11.00	
	3 to 4 ft		14.00	
	4 to 5 ft	1.90	18.00	
	Jan Van Tol — Single, large p	ure white		
	2 to 3 ft	1.50	14.00	
	3 to 4 ft		18.00	
	4 to 5 ft	2.50		
_	Ludwig Spaeth — Single, dark			
0	2 to 3 ft	1.50	14.00	
	3 to 4 ft	1.90	18.00	
	Marie Legraye — Single, pure	white		
Co Tail	2 to 3 ft		14.00	
	3 to 4 ft	1.90	18.00	
Single	Michel Buchner — Double, par		oink bud	s
Florets	2 to 3 ft	1.20	11.00	
	3 to 4 ft	1.50	14.00	
	Mme. Casimir Perier — Doubl	e, white		
	2 to 3 ft	1.20	11.00	
	3 to 4 ft	1.50	14.00	
•	Pascal — Single, lilac, large			
	3 to 4 ft	1.90	18.00	
	4 to 5 ft		24.00	
	President Grevy — Double, blu	$oldsymbol{e}$		
	2 to 3 ft		11.00	
	3 to 4 ft		14.00	
	4 to 5 ft		18.00	
	Reaumur — Single, violet carn	iine		
	2 to 3 ft		14.00	
	Wm Robinson Double viel	at nimla s	ad buda	
Din.	Wm. Robinson — Double, viole	- ,		
	3 to 4 ft		14.00	
(A)	4 to 5 ft	1.90		
STATE OF THE PARTY	Un-named Hybrid Lilacs — Goo		•	_
	2 to 3 ft		8.00	\$70.00
Double	3 to 4 ft	1.10	10.00	90.00

TREE-FORM HYBRID LILACS

4 to 5 ft.....

We have the following varieties of Hybrid Lilacs in tree form. The trunks are about 3 feet. The heads are heavy and well developed.

Each Per 10 Per 100

13.00

1.40

120.00

	Lacn	Per 10	Let 10
Charles the Tenth — Single, reddis	sh purple	э.	
Hugo Koster - Single, dark reddis	h purple		
5 to 6 ft. B&B	\$4.00	\$35.00	
6 to 7 ft. B&B	5.00	45.00	

Each Per 10 Per 100

VACCINIUM corymbosum — Highbush Blueberry

8 ft. The well-known edible Blueberry. Fall foliage brilliant scarlet to crimson.

NURSERY GROWN PLANTS

3 to 4 ft. B&B	\$1.25	\$11.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	1.65	15.00
5 to 6 ft. B&B	2.25	20.00

For collected plants write for special quotation.

VIBURNUM

Particularly important as foliage shrubs in large shrub borders; several varieties also have exquisite flower and fruit effect. Rugged shrubs suited to all except very dry soils. Many of them withstand considerable shade.

Each Per 10 Per 100

VIBURNUM bitchuiense — Fragrant Viburnum

6 ft. Leaves 2 inches. Small pink-white clusters sweet scented flowers, May.

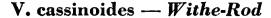
15 to 18 in. B&B...... \$1.00 \$9.00



V. carlesi — Mayflower Viburnum

6 ft. Leaves 3 inches. Pink-white flowers, May, look and smell like Mayflower.

2½ to 3 ft. B&B	2.50	24.00
3 to 4 ft. B&B	3.20	30.00
4 to 5 ft. B&B	4.00	



12 ft. Leaves smooth, 3 inches. Flowers white, June. Showy fruits, white then red, purple, black.

2 to 3 ft	.65	5.50	\$45.00
3 to 4 ft	.80	7.00	60.00
4 to 5 ft	1.00	9.00	
5 to 6 ft	1.50	12.50	100.00
6 to 7 ft	2.00	18.00	160.00



V. dentatum — Arrowwood

12 ft. Many stems. Leaves 2 inches. Small white clusters, June. Small blue-black fruit.

3 to 4 ft	.75	6.50
4 to 5 ft	.90	8.00
5 to 6 ft	1.20	10.00
6 to 7 ft	1.60	14.00
6 to 7 ft., extra heavy	3.00	27.00

VIBURNUM — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

V. lantana — Wayfaring-Tree

15 ft. Loose habit. Leaves leathery, 3 inches. Flowers white, June. Fruit showy red, turning blue, purple, black.

2 to 3 ft	\$.65	\$5.50	\$45.00
3 to 4 ft	.75	6.50	
4 to 5 ft.	1.00	9.00	

V. lentago -- Nannyberry

20 ft. Narrow form. Leaves 4 inches, brilliant scarlet-crimson in fall. White flowers, June. Blue-black fruit holds late.

3 to 4 ft	.80	7.00
4 to 5 ft	1.00	9.00
5 to 6 ft	1.25	11.00
6 to 8 ft	1.65	14.00
8 to 10 ft	2.50	22.50



12 ft. Similar to Vib. dentatum; leaves broader, fruit larger.

4 to 5 ft	.90	8.00
5 to 6 ft	1.20	10.00
6 to 8 ft	1.75	16.00
6 to 8 ft., extra heavy	3.00	27.00
8 to 10 ft., extra heavy	5.00	45.00

V. opulus — European Cranberrybush

12 ft. Leaves maple-like, 5 inches. Large heads, white flowers, early June. Fruit scarlet to crimson.

•		
2 to 3 ft	.65	5.50
3 to 4 ft	.80	7.00
6 to 7 ft	1.50	12.50
7 to 8 ft	2.25	20.00
8 to 10 ft	3.00	27.00

V. op. sterile — Common Snowball

10 ft. Large snowball-like flowers, late May, early June. No berries.

2 to 3 ft	.60	5.50
3 to 4 ft	.80	7.50

V. sieboldi — Siebold Viburnum

12 ft. Leaves 5 to 6 inches, narrow, rough, thick. White flowers, May, June. Scarlet-pink berries turn blue-black.

3 to 4 ft	.80	7.50
4 to 5 ft	1.00	9.50

V. tomentosum — Doublefile Viburnum

8 ft. Loose white balls of flowers, June. Fruit red to blue-black.

2 to 1 ft	OΛ	7.50
3 to 4 ft	.80	7.50

V. tom. plicatum — Japanese Snowball

8 ft. Sprawly habit. Large tight balls, white flowers, June.









WEIGELA

A widely used family of small shrubs bearing bell or trumpet-shaped flowers 1 to 1½ inches long. Very beautiful but somewhat tender. In our acid soils the use of lime seems to partially overcome this tenderness. Spring planting is best for Weigelas.

		Each	Per 10	Per 100
WEI	GELA candida — White Weigela			
	7 ft. White flowers, June.			
	2 to 3 ft	\$.60	\$5.00	
	W. Eva Rathke — Dwarf Crimson	ı Weig	ela	
	4 ft. Crimson flowers nearly all sumr	ner.		
	2 to 3 ft	.70	6.00	
	W. floribunda — Crimson Weige	la		
	7 ft. Red flowers, June.	iu		
	3 to 4 ft	.70	6.00	
		***	0.00	
3	W. rosea — Pink Weigela			
•	6 ft. Pink flowers, June.			
	3 to 4 ft	.60	5.00	
	W. ros. variegata — Variegated W	Veigela		
	4 ft. Pale pink flowers, June. Leave	_		hite mar-
	gins.		,	
	3 to 4 ft	.60	5.00	

More Garden Color

You can have more color in your garden and landscape plantings by the careful selection of shrubs. You can have color over a greater portion of the year in a greater variety of forms.

When thinking of garden color we are prone to think primarily of flowers. These are of course the main source of color, but too often the flowering periods are of moderate duration.

To supplement the color of flowers, to prolong the color season well beyond the flowering season, shrubs are most helpful. Many sorts have highly colored autumn foliage—also colorful berries. Many trees also help in this manner.

And speaking of berries, many varieties attract birds to our gardens, thus increasing not only the visual color of their plumage but also the audible color of their songs.

Vines

No rules can govern the use of Vines in the landscape, yet no other class of plants can give any landscape the finishing touch so well as Vines. The versatility of their habits enables them to climb here and there, fill in awkward blank wall spaces, hide undesirable architectural features or accentuate good ones. Vines growing over trellises, arches, pergolas, provide shady romantic pathways. Vines sprawling over rocks and ledges add a naturalistic note.

Some Vines have small suckers along their stems which enable them to cling to any walls they are planted against — those types are marked with the letter (C). Others will climb if given something to twine about or mesh into — these are denoted by (T). All Vines look well trailing over rocks, but some varieties have this as their chief purpose, and are marked (R).



Each Per 10 Per 100

AKEBIA quinata — Fiveleaf Akebia

12 ft. (T) Leaves 1 to 1½ inches, five-lobed. Flowers small rosy-purple, May.

3 yrs. \$.60 \$5.00



AMPELOPSIS aconitifolia — Monkshood Vine

20 ft. (T) Leaves 2½ inches, deeply cut like Monkshood. Small blue berries.

6.00 .70 4 yrs.



A. heterophylla — Porcelain Ampelopsis

30 ft. (T) Leaves 3 inches, sometimes cut, sometimes not.

4 yrs. .70 6.00

A. quinquefolia — Virginia Creeper

50 ft. (T, R) Leaves in fives, 4 to 6 inches, rich crimson in fall. Blue berries.

2 yrs.50 4.00 \$30.00



A. quin. engelmanni — Engelman Creeper

40 ft. (C) Otherwise like preceding.

2 yrs	.50	4.00	30.00
3 vrs	60	5.00	7

AMPELOPSIS — Continued

Each Per 10 Per 100

A. tricuspidata — Boston Ivy

40 ft. (C) Leaves 5 to 8 inches, 3-lobed, dark, glossy; crimson in fall. Small blue berries.

2 yrs. from 3½ in. pots, tops tied to stakes

\$.60 \$5.00

\$40.00

ARISTOLOCHIA sipho — Dutchman's Pipe



25 ft. (T) Leaves 6 to 9 inches, heart-shaped, dark. Twigs green. Small purple flowers like curve-stem pipe.

2 yrs., 18 to 24 in...... 1.00 9.00

BIGNONIA radicans — Trumpetcreeper



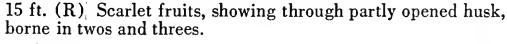
 30 ft. (T, R)
 Large showy orange-scarlet trumpets, August.

 3 yrs.
 .40
 3.00
 22.00

 4 yrs.
 .50
 4.00
 30.00

 5 yrs.
 .70
 6.00

CELASTRUS orbiculatus — Oriental Bittersweet





4	yrs.		.65	5.50	45.00
5	yrs.	•	.75	6.50	55. 00
6	yrs.	•••••	1.00	9.00	80.00

A. scandens — American Bittersweet

15 ft. (R) Like preceding, except fruits borne in clusters.

CLEMATIS paniculata — Sweet Autumn Clematis



20 ft. (T) Slender branches. Leaves oval, 1½ inches. Masses of feathery white fragrant flowers, early fall.

LARGE-FLOWERING HYBRID CLEMATIS



10 ft. (T) A most beautiful group. Flowers 3 to 5 inches broad, August, September. Tops are somewhat tender. Clematis need lime.

Duchess of Edinburgh — Double white.

Henryi — Large creamy single white.

Jackmanni — Huge single velvety purple.

Mme. Baron Veillard - Soft pink.

Mme. Edouard Andre — Crimson.

Ramona — Light blue.

HEDERA helix baltica — Baltic Ivy — See page 25

Each Per 10 Per 100

LONICERA japonica halliana — Hall Japanese Honeysuckle



25 ft. (T, R) Slender branches. Leaves dark, oval, 1½ inches Fragrant yellow and white flowers, July to September. Glossy black berries. An excellent mass plant to prevent erosion of slopes. Equally good in sun or shade.

2 yrs	\$.40	\$3.00	\$22.50
3 vrs	.50	4.00	30.00

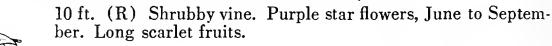


L. sempervirens — Trumpet Honeysuckle

10 ft. (R) Small slender trumpets, deep crimson, June to September. Scarlet berries.

3 yrs		.60	5.00	40.00
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POLYGONUM auberti — Chinese Fleecevine



50 ft. (T) Very rapid grower. Leaves small. Covered with large white feathery sprays, August to October.

2 yrs	50.00
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VITIS aestivalis — Summer Grape



1		70	6.00
4.	vrc	/11	6.00

V. berlandieri — Winter Grape

30 ft. (T, R) Leaves 7 inches. Large clusters small purple fruits in late fall.

3	yrs.		.60	5.00
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V. cordifolia — Frost Grape

50 ft. (T, R) Leaves 6 inches, narrow heart-shape. Large fruits edible after being frosted.

WISTERIA

Much loved for its long hanging clusters of large pea-flowers in May, just before the leaves open. For best effect Wisterias should be trailed over a pergola or other support, so that the flowers hang down in full view.

Wisterias are legumes and are able to extract large supplies of atmospheric nitrogen and maintain strong growth without the aid of nitrogenous fertilizers. The use of such fertilizers (except in the poorest soils) induces tremendous stem growth but inhibits the setting of flowers. Best fertilizer in average soils is equal parts of wood ashes and super-phosphate.

Each Per 10 Per 100

WISTERIA sinensis — Purple Chinese Wisteria

30 ft. (T) Purple flowers.
Grafted Vines — From Flowering Plants:

4	yrs.	 \$1.50	\$13.00
5	yrs.	 2.25	20.00
6	yrs.	 3.00	27.00

W. sin. alba — White Chinese Wisteria

30 ft. (T) Flowers white.
Grafted Vines — From Flowering Plants:

4	yrs.	 1.50	13.00
5	vrs.	 2.25	20.00

Tree-Form Wisterias

Instead of natural growth, these plants have been trained into heavy straight stemmed trees with spreading or somewhat rounding heads. For best effect they should be pruned in a round shape every year in early to middle July.

W. sinensis tree-form

5 yr. heads, trunks 3 ft. B&B...... 9.00

W. sin. alba tree-form

5 yr. heads, trunks 3 ft. B&B............. 9.00

* * * *



Perennial Department

Hardy Perennials, Ferns, Grasses and Herbs

Perennials afford a huge assortment of plants useful in the development of every garden. This list of ours — one of the larger stocks grown in America — contains many sorts for many purposes. The largest single class is rightly that of the Bed or Border Perennials. Other classes are plants for Cut-Flowers, Edging Plants, Ground Cover Plants, Herbs, Rock Garden Plants, Wild Garden Plants. There is a certain amount of overlapping of those classes — certain varieties being in two or more classifications. Such plants are doubly useful — particularly in the small garden, where each plant must contribute the utmost of beauty and utility.

In the descriptions of each variety, a Key letter is given denoting the

classification or classifications in which that variety falls.

Key to Classification of Perennials

(B) — Bed or Border Plants	(H) — Herbs
(C) — Plants for Cut-Flowers	(R) — Rock Garden Plants
(E) — Edging Plants	(W)—Wild Garden Plants
(C) — Ground Covers	•

The plants we offer in this list of Perennials are usually two-year field-grown plants or equivalent divisions. Certain sorts, which transplant better from pots, are pot-grown and are necessarily somewhat lighter in grade than the field-grown. Those varieties do, however, give definitely superior results when started in pots.

ACHILLEA Yarrow

COLOR: White, yellow, pink, red, depending on species. HEIGHT: 6 in. to 4 ft. HABIT: Rank growers, prefer sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer and fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



Each	10	100
filipendulina, PARKER'S VARIETY \$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
Parker's Fernleaf Yarrow	•	
(B) $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bright yellow, June to Sept.		
ptarmica, The Pearl .25	2.00	15.00
(BC) 2 ft. White, July to October.		
tomentosa — Woolly Yarrow	2.50	
(HR) 6 in. Double yellow, July to Sept.		

ACONITUM

Monkshood Aconite

COLOR: Blue. HEIGHT: 1½ to 5 ft. HABIT: Partial shade, a rich soil. Taller varieties need staking. FLOWERING: Summer and Fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Early spring.



ACONITUM — Continued	Each	10	100
fischeri — Azure Monkshood (BC) 18 in. Dark blue, Sept. to Oct.		\$3.50	\$30.00
fis. WILSONI — Violet Monkshood (BC) 5 ft. Violet blue, September.		3.00	25.00
napellus — Aconite		3.00	25.00
nap. Spark's — Spark's Aconite(BC) 3 ft. Dark blue, July to Oct.	30	2.50	20.00

AJUGA

Bugle

COLOR: White, blue or reddish, according to species. HEIGHT: 4-10 in. HABIT: Grown in borders and rock gardens. Sun or partial shade, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring, summer or fall.



e spring, summer or run.	Each	10	100
genevensis — Geneva Bugle	\$.30	\$2.50	\$18.00
metallica — Curly Bugle(GR) 5 in. Blue, May, June.	30	2.50	20.00
reptans alba — White Carpet Bugle (GR) 6 in. White, May, June.	30	2.50	20.00
rept. rubra — Purpleleaf Bugle		2.50	20.00

ALLIUM

COLOR: Varies according to species. HEIGHT: Very variable according to species. HABIT: Bulbous plants. Partial shade or sun, rich earth. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Either spring or fall from bulbs.

	Each	10	100
schoenoprasum — Chives	. \$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
(HR) 12 in. Rosy lilac, June. Leaves	,		
used as an herb to flavor salads.			

ALYSSUM

COLOR: Yellow. HEIGHT: 4 to 18 in. HABIT: Favorite for rock garden, pavement and dry wall planting. Also for edging and cutting. FLOWER-ING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



	Each	10	100
argentum — Silver Alyssum.	\$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(BR) 12 in. Yellow, June	to August.		
Silver gray foliage.			
saxatile compactum—Dwarf	Goldentuft .30	2.50	18.00
(BR) 12 in. Yellow, April	to June.		
	.=		

5 to 24 plants of one variety are priced at the 10 rate; 25 or more at the 100 rate.

AMSONIA



COLOR: Light blue. HEIGHT: 2 to 3 ft. HABIT: Partial shade or sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Spring. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

> Each 10 100 tabernaemontana — Willow Amsonia.... \$.25\$2.00 \$15.00 (B) 2½ ft. Light blue, May, June.

> > Bugloss

ANCHUSA

COLOR: Different shades of blue. HEIGHT: 1 to 5 ft. HABIT: Sun or partial shade, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Spring and summer, occasionally again in the fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

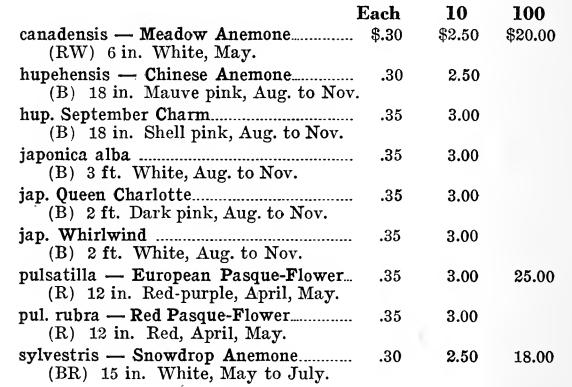


	Each	10	100
italica Dropmore — Dropmore Bugloss	\$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(B) $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Blue, June to Sept.			
ital. Opal — Opal Bugloss	.25	2.00	15.00
(B) 4½ ft. Pale blue, May to July.			
myosotidiflora — Siberian Bugloss	.30	2.50	20.00
(BER) 12 in. Light blue, April, May	y.		

ANEMONE

COLOR: White, blue, reddish-purple, pink. HEIGHT: 6 in. to 3 ft. HABIT: Rich soil, sun. FLOWERING: Early spring and summer; also fall.







Columbine AQUILEGIA

COLOR: Modern hybrids in many different shades. HEIGHT: 6 in. to 4 ft. HABIT: Sun and sandy loam. FLOWERING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.





QUILEGIA — Continued	Each	10	100
caerulea — Colorado Columbine(BC) 12 in. Blue, May to July.	\$.30	\$2.50	
californica — California Columbine (BCR) 2½ ft. Red and yellow, June		2.00	\$15.00
canadensis — American Columbine	30 June.	2.50	20.00
chrysantha — Golden Columbine	30	2.50	
vulgaris — European Columbine (BCR) 2 ft. Mixed, May to July.	25	2.00	15.00
WYMAN'S LONG-SPURRED HYBRID (BC) 2½ ft. Wide color range, large Best English strains.		3.50	30.00

ARABIS

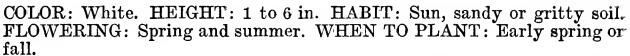
Rockcress

COLOR: White. HEIGHT: 6 to 10 in. HABIT: Bright sun, rich sandy soil. FLOWERING: Spring. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each ·	10	100
alpina - Alpine Rockcress	. \$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(EGR) 9 in. White, April, May.			
alp. florepleno — Double Rockcress	35	3.00	
(EGR) Double form of preceding.			

ARENARIA

Sandwort



	Each	10	100
montana — Mountain Sandwort(R) 6 in. White, June.	. \$.30	\$2. 50	\$20.00
verna caespitosa — Moss Sandwort	.30	2.50	20.00

ARMERIA

Thrift

Sea Pink

COLOR: White, pink, purple. HEIGHT: 3 to 18 in. HABIT: Sun or partial shade, light sandy loam. FLOWERING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



	Each	10	100
cephalotes BEE'S RUBY	\$.35	\$3.00	\$25.00
(BER) 8 in. Bright carmine, July, A	ug.		
ceph. rubra	.30	2.50	20.00
(BER) 12 in. Red, July, August.			
laucheana	.25	2.00	15. 00
(BER) 6 in. Rose, April to June.			

5 to 24 plants of one variety are priced at the 10 rate; 25 or more at the 100 rate.

ARTEMISIA

Wormwood

COLOR: White, greenish-yellow. HEIGHT: 9 in. to 4 ft. HABIT: Open sunshine, poor sandy soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



	Each	10	100
abrotanum — Southernwood	•	\$2.50	
dracunculus — Tarragon(BH) 3 ft. Dark green foliage.	50	4.00	35.00
(BC) 3 ft. White flowers, Aug. to S		2.00	15.00
pontica — Roman Wormwood(BR) 12 in. Silvery foliage.	25	2.00	12. 00
purshiana — Cudweed Wormwood(BR) 15 in. Silvery foliage.	25	2.00	15.00
Silver King — Ghost Plant(BC) 3 ft. Silvery white foliage.	30	2.50	18.00
stelleriana — Beach Wormwood(H) 2 ft. Silver foliage.	25	2.00	15.00

ASCLEPIAS

Milkweed

COLOR: Orange. HEIGHT: 1 to 3 ft. HABIT: Sun, dry sandy soil. FLOWERING: Late summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.

	Each	10	100
tuberosa — Butterflyweed	. \$.25	\$2.00	\$18.00
(BCW) 2 ft. Orange, July to Sept.			

ASTER

COLOR: See below. HEIGHT: See below. HABIT: Sun, rich sandy soil. FLOWERING: Late summer and fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring and fall.



	Each	10	100
alpinus — Rock Aster(BER) 9 in. Purple, May, June.	. \$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
alp. STAR OF WARTBURG(CB) 15 in. Blue, NEW.	.50	4.00	
amellus bessarabicus—Bessarabian Aste (BC) 18 in. Deep purplish blue, Aug		3.00	25.00
Mauve Cushion	30	2.50	20.00
novae-angliae — New England Aster (BCW) 4 ft. Purple, Aug., Sept.	25	2.00	15.00
na. HARRINGTON PINK (BCW) 3 ft. Sept., Oct. The only true pink Hardy Aster— rich medium pink, without any magenta. New—very fine.		5.00	40.00
tataricus — Tatarian Aster(B) 5 ft. Blue violet, Oct., Nov.	.25	2.00	15.00

NAMED HARDY ASTERS

Mostly varieties of Aster novibelgi.



	Each	10	100
Alderman Volkes		\$3.00	\$25.00
Blue Gem(BC) 4 ft. Double rich blue. Sept., Oc	.30 et.	2.50	20.00
Charles Wilson		3.00	
Climax	.30 et.	2.50	20.00
(BCW) 18 in. Dark blue, Sept., Oct.	.25	2.00	18.00
Lady Lloyd(BC) 3 ft. Rose-pink, Sept.	.30	2.50	20.00
Mt. Everest	.35 , Oct.	3.00	25.00
Peggy Ballard(BC) 3 ft. Rosy mauve, Sept.	.30	2.50	20.00
Red Rover(BC) 2½ ft. Deep rosy red, Sept., 0	35 Oct.	3.00	
RYECROFT PURPLE(BC) 2 ft. Dark royal purple, Sept.		2.50	20.00
St. Egwin(BC) 18 in. Bright pink, Sept.	25	2. 00	15.00



NEW DWARF HARDY ASTERS

Excellent for borders and gardens; producing dense masses of bloom from early September until frost.



	Each	10	100
Blue Bouquet		\$3.00	
Countess of Dudley(BR) 9 in. Clear pink.	25	2.20	\$18.00
Lady Henry Maddocks(B) 15 in. Light pink.	25	2.20	18.0 0
Niobe		2.20	
Snowsprite(BR) 9 in. White.	30	2.50	20.00
Victor(BR) 9 in. Lavender blue.	25	2.20	18.00

ASTILBE

COLOR: See below. HEIGHT: 1 to 4 ft. HABIT: Partial shade, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: June to August. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

ASTILBE — Continued



ARENDSI HYRRIDS

ARENUSI HIBRIUS			
	Each	10	100
Gloria	\$.35	\$3.00	\$30.00
(BC) 2½ ft. Deep pink.			
Pyramidal	35	3.00	25.00
(BC) 2½ ft. White, July.			
Rose Pearl	40	3.50	30.00
(BC) 3 ft. Shell pink.			
Salland	. 3 5	3.00	25.00
(BC) 2½ ft. Red.			
Vesta	35	3.00	25.00
(BC) 2½ ft. Lilac rose.			
JAPONICA VARIETIES			
JAI ONICA VARGETIES			
Peach Blossom	50	4.00	35.00
(BC) 18 in. Pink, July, Aug.			
Queen Alexandra	50	4.00	35.00
(BC) 2 ft. Cream pink, June, July.			
W. E. Gladstone	50	4.00	35.0 0
(BC) 2 ft. White, June, July.			

AUBRIETIA



COLOR: Pink, purple, violet. HEIGHT: 3 to 6 in. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Late spring. WHEN TO PLANT: Early spring or fall.

5	Each	10	100
deltoidea — Aubretia	. \$.35	\$3.00	
(EGR) 4 in. Rose-purple, April, Ma	ay.		
del. bougainvillei-Bougainville Aubreti	a .35	3.00	
(EGR) 5 in. Light pink, May.			

BAPTISIA

Wild-indigo



COLOR: Blue. HEIGHT: 2 to 4 ft. HABIT: Full sun, sandy soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
australis - Blue Wild-Indigo	. \$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
(BW) 2½ ft. Dark blue, May, June.	•		

BELLIS

English Daisy

COLOR: White, pink, red. HEIGHT: 6 in. HABIT: Sun or partial shade, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Spring. WHEN TO PLANT: Early spring.



	Each	10	100
perennis GIANT WHITE	\$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(ER) 6 in. White, May, June.			
per. Giant Red	30	2.50	
(ER) 6 in. Red, May, June.			
per. Giant Pink	30	2.50	
(ER) 6 in. Pink, May, June.			

CAMPANULA

Bellflower



COLOR: See below. HEIGHT: 3 in. to 4 ft., depending upon species. HABIT: Sun or partial shade, soil containing some lime. FLOWERING: Mostly in May or June. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

500
A Mon
CR PARE.
C ASSES
GROW HATT
CENUAL



	Each	10	100
carpatica — Carpathian Bellflower (BRW) 9 in. Dark blue, Sept.	. \$.25	\$2.20	\$18.00
car. alba—White Carpathian Bellflower (BRW) 9 in. White, Sept.	.25	2.20	18.00
garganica — Gargano Harebell(R) 4 in. Blue, June to Sept.	35	3.00	25.00
medium — Canterbury-Bell	.25 l	2.20	18.00
med. calycanthema — Cup-and-Saucer Bellflower(BC) 2½ ft. Pink, blue, white and mixed, June, July. Biennial.	25	2.20	18.00
persicifolia — Peachleaf Bellflower (BC) 2½ ft. Purple, June, July.	30	2.50	20.00
pers. alba — White Peachleaf Bellflower (BC) 2½ ft. White, June, July.	r .30	2.50	20.00
portenschlagiana—Dalmatian Bellflower (R) 6 in. Blue, June, July.	.35	3.00	25.00
pyramidalis — Chimney Bellflower (BC) 3½ ft. Blue, July, August.	30	2.50	20.00
rotundifolia — Harebell	25	2.20	18.00

CATANANCHE

Cupid's-dart

COLOR: White, blue. HEIGHT: 14 in. to 2 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
caerulea — Blue Cupid's-dart	. \$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
(BC) 18 in. Deep blue, July, Aug.			





COLOR: Red, yellow, blue, white, reddish-purple. HEIGHT: 18 in. to 4 ft. HABIT: Open border. Ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
macrocephala — Globe Centaurea(B) 3 ft. Yellow, July, Sept.	\$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
montana — Mountain-bluet(BCR) 18 in. Blue-violet, July, Aug		2.50	20.00

CERASTIUM

COLOR: White. HEIGHT: 4 to 8 in. HABIT: Prostrate plants popular in the rock garden or as an edging. Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWER-ING: Late spring. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



	Each	10	100
biebersteini — Taurus Cerastium	. \$.30	\$2.50	
(GR) 6 in. White, May, June.			
tomentosum — Snow-in-summer	.25	2.00	\$18.00
(GR) 6 in. White, May, June.			

CHEIRANTHUS Wallflower



lioni — Wallflower......\$.30 \$2.50 \$20.0 (GCR) 10 in. Orange-yellow, May-July.

CHELONE Turtlehead

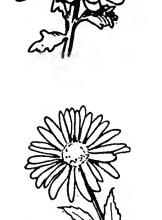


COLOR: White, rose-purple. HEIGHT: 2 to 3 ft. HABIT: Partial shade, moist soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
Lyoni — Pink Turtlehead		\$2.50	\$20.00
(BCW) 2 ft. Rose pink, Aug., Sept.	•		

CHRYSANTHEMUM

This group of plants is so variable in color, size and form it would be necessary to refer to each variety for description. Mostly all late bloomers.



	Each	10	100
arcticum — Arctic Chrysanthemum (BCR) 18 in. White, Sept., Oct.	\$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
arc. Astrid(BCR) Shell pink.	.35	3.00	25.00
coreanum — Korean Chrysanthemum (BC) 2 ft. White, pink, Sept., Oct.	.25	2.00	15.00
maximum — BURBANK'S FRILLED (BC) 2 ft. White, July to Sept.	.50	4.00	35.00
max. King Edward	.25 Oct.	2.00	15. 00
max. Shasta Daisy(BC) 2½ ft. White, July, August.	.30	2.50	
max. Westralia	.30	2.50	
max. White Swan (BC) 2½ ft. Double pure white, Jul		3.50	

HARDY HYBRID CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Frankly, the so-called "Hardy Hybrid Chrysanthemums" are far from hardy—at least in this latitude. The plants die out in winter more often than not. Even when the plants live, two years out of three the tops are killed back by early fall frosts before the flowers appear. In any case they should be planted in SPRING ONLY.



Amelia (Azaleamum) — Early double pink, dwarf	\$.3 5	\$3.00	
-		•	_
Brown Boy — Bronzy-red	.25	2.00	\$15.00
Field of Snow — Pure white	.25	2.00	15.00
Grenadier — Bright crimson-red	.35		
Innocence — Dwarf pure white	.35		
October Girl — Clear rose-pink	.35		
Vivid — A very striking variety of rich			
rosy crimson — early	.35	3.00	
White Doty — Pure white globular			
flowers	.35	3.00	

CIMICIFUGA Bugbane

COLOR: White. HEIGHT: 5 ft. HABIT: Rich moist soil; prefers shade. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
racemosa — Cohosh Bugbane	\$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(BCW) 5 ft. White, July, Sept.			
simplex — Kamchatka Bugbane		6.50	60.00
(BCW) 3 ft. Long white spikes, Sep	t., Oct.		

CLEMATIS

COLOR: Scarlet, pink, blue, white, lavender. HEIGHT: Up to 20 ft. on climbing varieties. Upright varieties 2 to 4 ft. HABIT: Useful for covering, walls, fences, etc. Rich soil; well drained. FLOWERING: Summer and fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.



	Each	10	100
coccinea (texensis) — Scarlet Clematic 6 ft. Scarlet — summer — climber.	s \$.50	\$4.00	
crispa — Curly Clematis	.50	4.00	
heracleaefolia davidiana — Fragran		4.00	
Tube Clematis	50	4.00	
montana rubra	90	8.00	

CONVALLARIA Lily-of-the-Valley

COLOR: White. HEIGHT: 5 to 8 in. HABIT: Partial or deep shade, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Late spring. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Lach	10	100
majalis			
(CGRW) 8 in. White, May, June.			
	A 4.0		000.00
heavy clumps	\$.4 0	\$3.50	\$ 3 0. 00
strong pips	.20	1.50	10.00

COREOPSIS



COLOR: Yellow. HEIGHT: 18 in. to 3 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Spring, summer, fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
delphinifolia — Larkspur Coreopsis	\$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
(BC) 2 ft. Yellow, July to Sept.			
grandiflora Sunburst	.35	3.00	
(BC) 21/2 ft. Deep, yellow, large, all			
summer.		1	
verticillata — Threadleaf Coreopsis		2.00	15.00
(BC) 18 in. Lemon yellow, June to 8	Sept.		

CYPRIPEDIUM

Lady's-Slipper



COLOR: See below. HEIGHT: 8 in. to 3 ft. HABIT: Partial shade, rich woods soil on the acid side. FLOWERING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Preferably in the fall.

	Each	10	100
acaule — Pink Lady's-slipper	. \$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(RW) 10 in. Pink, May.			

DELPHINIUM Larkspur

COLOR: Prevailing blue. HEIGHT: 2 to 6 ft. HABIT: Sun, rich soil containing lime. FLOWERING: Late spring to early fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Early spring.

HYBRID DELPHINIUMS

	Each	10	100
(BC) 5 ft. Very large, dark blue, light blue, lavender, pink-lavender.		\$7. 00	\$65.0 0
WYMAN'S HYBRID DOUBLE WHITE (BC) 5 ft. Very large, pure white.	2 1.00	9.00	
English Hybrids		2.50	20.00
Pink Sensation (Patented)		11.00	
DELPHINIUM SPECIES			
belladonna (BC) 2 ft. Light blue, June to Sept.	.30	2.50	20.00
(BC) 3½ ft. Improved form of Belladonna, June to Sept.	30	2.50	20.00
(BC) 2 ft. Dark blue form of Bellad	lonna.	2.50	20.00
grandiflorum chinense — Slender Lark- spur ————————————————————————————————————	30	2.50	20.00



DIANTHUS Pink

COLOR: White, red, yellow, lilac. HEIGHT: 4 to 18 in. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Mostly spring blooming. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.



	Each	10	100
(BR) 15 in. White, pink, crimson all summer.	. \$. 25	\$2.00	
arenarius — Sand-loving Pink(BR) 6 in. White, July to Sept.	30	2.50	\$20.00
barbatus, Sweet William		2.00	15.00
bar. Pink Beauty (Newport Pink) (BC) 18 in. Pink, June, July.	30	2.50	20.00
bar. Scarlet Beauty(BC) 18 in. Scarlet, June, July.	30	2.50	
caesius — Cheddar Pink	30	2.50	20.00
caryophyllus Grenadin, King of Blacks (BCR) 12 in. Double dark red.	s .25	2.00	15.00
cary. Grenadin Scarlet(BCR) 12 in. Double scarlet.	25	2.00	15.00
cary. Grenadin White	25	2.00	15.00
deltoides — Maiden Pink	25	2.00	15.00
del. alba — White Maiden Pink(GR) 6 in. White, June, July.	25	2.00	15.00
plumarius — Grass Pink	30	2.50	20.00
plum. sempiflorens — Perpetual Pink (BR) 8 in. Deep pink, all summer.	25	2.00	15.00



HARDY GARDEN PINKS

All varieties grow from 6 to 10 inches tall.

·	Each	10	100
Beatrix		\$2.50	\$20.00
(BCR) Light salmon pink, June to Sept.	0		
FURST BISMARCK (BCR) Deep pink, June to Sept.	30	2.50	20.00
Her Majesty	30 ly.	2.50	20.00
Homer (BCR) Dark red, June, July.	35	3.00	25.00
MRS. SINKINS(BCR) Large, white, fragrant, June July.	30	2.50	20.00
Uncle Sam		3.00	25.00



DICENTRA

Bleedingheart

COLOR: Pink to rose-red. HEIGHT: 12 to 30 in. HABIT: Sun or partial shade, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Late spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Early spring.



Each	10	100
	\$2.50	\$20.00
	3.50	30.00
	Each \$.30	\$.30 \$2.50

DICTAMNUS

Gasplant

COLOR: White, purple. HEIGHT: 2 to 4 ft. HABIT: Sun or partial shade, rich soil. Plant where wanted as it resents moving. FLOWERING: Summer: WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



	Each	10	100
albus — White Gasplant	. \$.40	\$3.50	\$30.00
(BH) 2 ft. White, June, July.			
alb. ruber — Purple Gasplant	40	3.50	30.00
(BH) 2 ft. Rose-purple, July.			

DIGITALIS

Foxglove

COLOR: White, yellow, purple. HEIGHT: 2 to 4 ft. HABIT: Open border; ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



. Spring of twin	Each	10	100
ambigua — Yellow Foxglove(BC) 2 ft. Yellow, June, July.	. \$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
purpurea — Common Foxglove		2.50	20.00
pur. alba — Common White Foxglove (BC) 3 ft. White, June, July. (Biennial.)		2.50	20.00
pur. gloxinaeflora — Gloxinia Foxglove (BC) 3 ft. Mixed colors, June, July (Biennial.)		2.50	20.00
pur. glox. rosea	30	2.50	20.00

DORONICUM

Leopardsbane

COLOR: Yellow. HEIGHT: 1 to 3 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Spring. WHEN TO PLANT: Early spring or fall.



	Each	10	100
caucasicum — Caucasian Leopardsbane (BC) 12 in. Yellow, May, June.	\$. 35	\$3.00	
(BC) 2 ft. New, clear yellow.	.35	3.00	
4. 4. 4.			

5 to 24 plants of one variety are priced at the 10 rate; 25 or more at the 100 rate.

ECHINACEA

Coneflower



COLOR: Rose to rose-purple. HEIGHT: 2 to 3 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

Each

10 100

purpurea — Hedgehog Coneflower..... \$.25

\$2.00

(BC) 3 ft. Rosy purple, July, Aug.

ECHINOPS

Globethistle



COLOR: Blue. HEIGHT: 3 to 8 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
ritro - Steel Globethistle	. \$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(B) 4 ft. Blue, July, August.			

EPIGAEA

Trailing-Arbutus

COLOR: White, pinkish. HEIGHT: 4 in. HABIT: Wild plant requiring very acid, well-drained woods soil. Full shade. FLOWERING: April, May. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.

	Each	10	100
repens — Trailing-Arbutus	. \$.50	\$4.00	\$35.00
(CRW) 4 in. Pink, April, May.			

EPIMEDIUM

Barrenwort

COLOR: Red, yellow, white. HEIGHT: 10 in. HABIT: Chiefly of use in rock gardens or for ground cover. Partial shade in soil containing humus. FLOWERING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



	Each	10	100
macranthum NIVEUM — Snowy Epimedium		\$3.50	\$30.00
(GR) 9 in. White, April to July.			
mac. violaceum — Violet Epimedium (GR) 6 in. Violet, June.	50	4.00	35.00

ERIGERON

Fleabane

COLOR: White, dark violet, rose, purplish-white. HEIGHT: 6 to 30 in. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall. 100 10 Each

\$20.00 \$2.50 \$.30 speciosus — Oregon Fleabane..... (B) 2 ft. Blue, June, July.

ERYNGIUM Eryngo



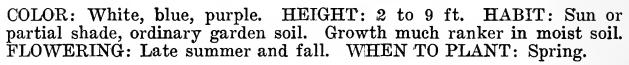
COLOR: Bluish to bluish-purple. HEIGHT: 2 to 3 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

Each 10 100 amethystinum — Amethyst Eryngo...... \$.30 \$2.50 \$20.00 (B) 2½ ft. Dark blue, June to Sept.

EUPATORIUM

Mistflower

Spurge



EUPHORBIA

COLOR: White, yellow. HEIGHT: 4 to 30 in. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
corollata — Flowering Spurge(BC) 18 in. White, July to Aug.	\$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
myrsinites	.30	2.50	20.00



FERNS

ADIANTUM pedatum — American Maidenhair Fern (RW) 15 in.

DENNSTEDTIA punctilobula — Hay-scented Fern (BRW) 18 in.

DRYOPTERIS goldiana — Goldie Woodfern (BRW) 3 ft.

D. marginalis — Leather Woodfern (RW) 2 ft.

D. spinulosa — Toothed Woodfern (RW) 2 ft.

OSMUNDA cinnamomea — Cinnamon Fern (BW) 3 ft.

0. regalis — Royal Fern (BW) 3 ft.

POLYSTICHUM acrostichoides — Christmas Fern (RW) 12 in.

PTERETIS nodulosa — Ostrich Fern (BW) 3 ft.

WOODWARDIA areolata — Chainfern (W) 12 in.

GAILLARDIA

Blanket-flower

COLOR: Yellow to orange with red bands. HEIGHT: 1 to 3 ft. HABIT: Sun, light open soil. FLOWERING: Summer and fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Summer or fall.

	Each	10	100
aristata (grandiflora) — Common Perennial Gaillardia	. \$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
aris. compacta — Bush Gaillardia		2.50	20.00
aris. grand. Dazzler		2.50	
aris. MR. SHERBROOK(BC) 2½ ft. Clear yellow.	.40	3.50	
(BC) 3 ft. Coppery scarlet, all summer.		2.00	15.0 0
aris. RUBY	.35	3.00	



GEUM

(BC) 2½ ft. Ruby red.

Avens

COLOR: Yellow, bright scarlet. HEIGHT: 16 to 24 in. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
chiloense Lady Strathedon(BCEG) 18 in. Golden yellow, June		\$2.50	\$20.00
chil. Mrs. Bradshaw(BCEG) 15 in. Scarlet, June to Sep	30	2.50	20.00
chil. Princess Juliana	35 Sept.	3.00	

GYPSOPHILA

COLOR: White, pink. HEIGHT: 6 in. to 2½ ft. HABIT: Full sunshine, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer: WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
paniculata — Babysbreath(BC) 2½ ft. White, July, Aug.	\$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
pan. florepleno — Double Babysbreath	35	3.00	25.00
(BC) 2½ ft. White, double.	00	5.00	20.00
pan. fl. pl. Bristol Fairy			
(BC) 2½ ft. Double white, large,	,		
June to October.			
Field grown		3.50	30.00
From 3 in. pots	.35	3.0 0	25.00
repens — Creeping Babysbreath(ERG) 6 in. White, June, July.	.35	3.00	25.00
rep. Rosy Veil (Rosenschleir)		3.50	
flowering, July to Sept. OUT-STANDING.	•		



HELENIUM Sneezeweed

COLOR: Yellow, red. HEIGHT: 2 to 6 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer and fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.



	Each	10	100
(BC) 4 ft. Lemon yellow, Aug. to Oct.		\$2.50	\$20.00
(BC) 4 ft. Terra cotta-gold, Aug., Sept.		2.50	20.00
aut. rubrum — Red Sneezeweed	30	2.50	
hoopesi — Orange Sneezeweed	30	2.50	20.00

HELIANTHEMUM Sunrose

COLOR: Yellow, white, red. HEIGHT: 4 in. to 1 ft. HABIT: Full sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



	Each	10	100
chamaecistus (vulgare) — Common Sunrose (R) 8 in. Yellow, June, July.	\$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
cham. cupreum (hyossopifolium)	.25	2.00	15.00
cham. Fireball(R) 5 in. Dazzling red, June to Aug.	.30	2.50	20.00
halimifolium multiflorum — Morocco Sunrose	.35	3.00	
Sudbury Gem(R) 8 in. Rose-pink, June to Aug.	.25	2.00	15.00

HEMEROCALLIS Daylily

COLOR: Yellow to deep mahogany. HEIGHT: Up to 5 ft. HABIT: Sun or partial shade, ordinary garden soil. Fine for naturalizing in almost any location. FLOWERING: From spring on, deepnding upon variety. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.

zo zamy. Spring	Each	10	100
dumortieri (sieboldi) — Early Daylily (BC) 1½ ft. Bright yellow, May.		\$2.00	\$15.00
June. June.	,		
flava — Lemon Daylily		2.00	15.00
June.	,	•	
THUNBERGI — Japanese Daylily	25	2.00	15.0 0
(BC) 3 ft. Lemon-yellow, July.			

HEMEROCALLIS HYBRIDS

These Hemerocallis are immensely more beautiful than the varieties commonly grown. They are all of great beauty and real value. All are suitable for Border planting and for Cutting. The varieties in this list grow from 2 to 3 feet tall.

100



HEMEROCALLIS HYBRIDS — Continued			
1	Each	10	100
Bay State — Deep yellow, mid-August	\$.75	\$6.50	
Cressida — Orange, mid-July	.50	4.00	
D. D. Wyman — Very large, orange			
center, petals overlaid rich mahog- any. Late July	.75	6. 50 ,	
Goldeni — Rich orange-yellow, June, July	.50	4.00	
Harvest Moon — Clear orange sherbet, mid-July	.75	6.50	
HYPERION — Free flowering, huge flowers, primrose yellow, July, Aug.	1.50	13.50	
J. A. Crawford — Apricot yellow, mid- July	.75	6.50	
Lemona — Pale lemon yellow	.75	6.50	
· ·	.73	0.30	
Mrs. A. H. Austin — Large, deep golden yellow, late July	.75	6.50	
Mrs. W. H. Wyman — Shade lighter than Lemona	1.00	9.00	
The Gem — Deep orange, yellow, early July	.75	6.50	

COLOR: White, lavender-blue. HEIGHT: 6 in. HABIT: Partial shade to full shade in not too acid woods soil. FLOWERING: Early spring. WHEN TO PLANT: Fall.

Liverleaf



HESPERIS Rocket

HEPATICA

COLOR: White, purple. HEIGHT: 2 to 3 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. Very fragrant at night. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



COLOR: White, red. HEIGHT: 1 to 2 ft. HABIT: Partial shade, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Almost all summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



: Spring of fair.	Each	10	100
brizoides — Pinkbells		\$2.50	\$20.00
(BCER) 12 in. Rose-pink, all sum-	•		
mer.			
sanguinea — Coralbells		2.50	20.00
(BCER) 15 in. Crimson, June to)		
Sept.		0.00	0 = 00
san. Pluie de Feu	35	3.00	25.00
(BCER) 15 in. Red.			
san. Rosamundi	.35	3.00	25.00
(BCER) 12 in. Deep pink.			

HIBISCUS

Rosemallow



COLOR: Red. Red, white, pink. HEIGHT: 3 to 6 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.

	Each	10	100
moscheutos, Marvel Mallows	. \$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(B) 4 ft. Red, white, pink, Aug.	,		
Sept.	•		
mixed colors		2.00	15.00

HOLLYHOCK

COLOR: Red, pink, white, yellow. HEIGHT: 6 ft. HABIT: Ordinary soil, full sun. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring. Hollyhocks are biennials and often re-seed themselves.

	Each	10	100
rosea — Hollyhock	\$.25	\$2.00	\$18.00
Doubles: red, white, pink, yellow salmon, and mixed. Singles: red pink, white, yellow, and mixed.		•	

HOSTA

Plantainlily

Funkia

COLOR: White, lavender, blue. HEIGHT: 1½ to 3 ft. HABIT: Prefer partial shade and moist soil. Will grow well, however, in open border. FLOWERING: Spring and summer except H. plantaginea, Aug.-Oct. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
(BE) 18 in. Violet-blue, July, Aug.	\$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
lancifolia — Lanceleaf Plantainlily (BE) 2 ft. Lilac, August.	30	2.50	20.00
lanc. UNDULATA — Wavyleaf Plantainlily	30	2.50	20.00
plantaginea grandiflora (subcordata grandiflora) — Big Plantainlily		3.00	25.00
sieboldiana — Cushion Plantainlily (BE) 18 in. Light blue, August.	30	2.50	20.00

IBERIS

Candytuft



COLOR: White, lilac. HEIGHT: 6 to 12 in. HABIT: Open border, ordinary garden soil. Needs ample moisture. FLOWERING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Early spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
sempervirens — Evergreen Candytuft	. \$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(BER) 12 in. White, May.			
semp. Little Gem	30	2.50	20.00
(BER) 6 in. White, May.			



IRIS

Pogoniris, the so-called German Iris, is available in a tremendous number of colors. It prefers sun and rich, sandy soil in which some lime is present. On the other hand, the Kaempferi or Japanese Iris prefers moist soil totally lacking in lime. This is also true of many of the species Iris, such as the Orientalis, Pseudacorus and Siberica. The Blueflag Iris (I. versicolor) may be grown actually standing in water.

GERMAN IRIS (Tall Bearded Iris)

Our list contains several old-timers which have not yet been excelled by newer varieties; also some of the proved better new sorts. While not a long list, it contains the full color range possible in this group. All are time tested. They are good.

German Iris have two types of petals—Standards, or erect petals, and Falls, or dropping, petals; in the following descriptions they are designated by the letter S and F respectively. German Iris prefer rich sandy loam with fair lime content, preferably not very moist. They have broad grass-like foliage and grow from 18 to 24 inches tall. Their flowering period is usually from June 5 to 20—in this locality.

•		
,		

	Each	10	100
Ambassador — S. smoky velvety pur- ple; F. purple maroon; beards yellow		\$2.20	
Archeveque — 2½ ft. Purple and violet	.25	2.20	
Celeste — Rosy red	25	2.20	\$18.00
Coronation — Brilliant deep clear yellow. Fine form		4.50	
Duke of York — Tall, branched. Soft		4.50	
Flavescens — Soft yellow, fragrant	25	2.20	18.00
Gold Imperial — Finest golden yellow Iris. Orange beard	35	3.00	
Her Majesty — S. violet rose; F. rose	25	2.20	
Lohengrin — S. and F. uniform soft Cattleya rose, very large		3. 00	
Loreley — S. light yellow; F. aquamarine blue		2.20	18.00
Mme. Chereau — White, beautifully frilled with clear blue	25	2.20	18.00
Queen of May — Nearly pink, soft rose- lilac		2.20	18.00
Rhein Nixe — S. pure white; F. deep violet-blue	25	2.20	18.00
Souvenir de Mme. Goudichaud — Tall deep velvety purple		2.20	

JAPANESE IRIS

Another small but choice list, giving the full range of colors available in this group in time-tested varieties. Japanese Iris prefer a moist soil of at least fair acidity. There are varieties with three petals (singles) and others with six (doubles), flowering in early July. They grow from 2 to 3 feet tall, with narrow grasslike leaves.



JA	PANESE IRIS — Continued	Each	10	100
	Azure — Double, light blue, large	\$.35	\$3.00	
	Gold Bound — Double, snowy white, gold center		3.00	
•	Lavender Queen — Single. Best Lavender		3.00	
	Mahogany — Double, velvety mahogany red, latest flowering		4.50	
	Norma — Double, large. Silky lavender-pink; blue halo around yellow		11.00	
	Purple and Gold — Double. Rich violet- purple, gold center		3.50	\$30.00
	Violet Beauty — Single, huge. Pansy violet; conspicuous yellow center			

IRIS SPECIES

	Each	10	100
cristata — Crested Iris	\$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
(R) 6 in. Light blue, May.			
FORRESTI — Yunnan Iris	.25	2.00	15.00
pallida dalmatica	.30	2.50	20.00
pumila atroviolacea	.30 ay.	2.50	20.00
pum. aurea	.30	2.50	
pum. Bride	.30	2.50	
pum. cyanea	.30 7•	2.50	20.00
pum. Sambo	.30 ay.	2.50	ø
sibirica — Perry's Blue	.35	3.00	2 5.00
sib. Snow Queen(BC) 3 ft. Large white.	.30	2.50	



KNIPHOFIA Torch Lily

COLOR: Red and mixed colors. HEIGHT: 2 to 4 ft. HABIT: Sun or partial shade, ordinary garden soil. Need mulching in winter. FLOWER-ING: Summer and fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.

	Each	10	100
uvaria grandiflora — Dayglow Torchlily	\$.30	\$2.50	
(BC) 3 ft. Salmon red, Aug. to Oct.			
uva. pfitzeriana — Bonfire Torchlily	.30	2.50	
(BC) 2½ ft. Orange scarlet, Aug. to	Oct.		
uva. ROYAL STANDARD	.60	5. 00	
(BC) 2½ ft. Upper florets brilliant			
red, lower yellow. Aug. to Oct.			
uva. TOWER OF GOLD	.35	3.00	
(BC) 3 ft. Golden yellow.			
,			



5 to 24 plants of one variety are priced at the 10 rate; 25 or more at the 100 rate.

LAVANDULA

Lavender



COLOR: Lavender or dark purple. HEIGHT: 1 to 2 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

E	ach	10	. 100
officinalis (vera) — True Lavender		\$2.50	\$20.00
(BHR) 12 in. Blue, fragrant, July, A	ug.		
off. nana	.30	2.50	20.00
(BHR) 10 in. Dark blue, July, Aug.			

LIATRIS

Gayfeather

COLOR: Usually rose-purple. HEIGHT: 2 to 6 ft. HABIT: Sun, light porous soil. FLOWERING: Summer and fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
pycnostachya — Cattail Gayfeather (BC) 4 ft. Rose-purple, Aug. to Oct		\$2.00	\$15.00
scariosa (BC) 2½ ft. Rosy purple, June, Jul	30 v.	2.50	20.00



LILIUM Lily

These magnificent bulbous plants come in a wide range of colors, and while a few prefer sun, most of them prefer partial shade, particularly around the base of the plants. A neutral soil is acceptable to all of them, and no matter what species of lily is planted, thorough drainage is a necessity.

	Each	10	100
auratum platyphyllum — Goldband Lily (BC) 5 ft. White, gold band, June, Ju		\$3.50	
candidum — Madonna Lily(BC) 3 ft. White, June, July.	.40	3.50	\$30.00
henryi — Henry Lily (BC) 3½ ft. Orange-apricot, July, A	.50 ug.	4.50	
regale — Regal Lily (BC) 3 ft. White, August.	.35	3.00	25.00
speciosum album — White Speciosum Lily	.40	3.50	
spec. rubrum magnificum — Red Speciosum Lily	.40	3.50	
superbum — American Turkscap Lily (BC) 3 ft. Reddish orange, July.	.30	2.50	
tenuifolium — Coral Lily	.30	2.50	
tigrinum — Tiger Lily	.30	2.50	20.00



LIMONIUM

Sea-Lavender

COLOR: White, blue. HEIGHT: 15 to 24 in. HABIT: Sun, sandy soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
latifolium — Bigleaf Sea-Lavender (B) 2 ft. Lilac-blue, July to Sept.	. \$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00





LINUM Flax



COLOR: White, blue, yellow. HEIGHT: 1 to 2 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
PERENNE — Perennial Flax	. \$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
(BR) 12 in. Blue, May to August.			
per. alba — White Perennial Flax	25	2.00	15.00
(BR) White form of preceding.			

LOBELIA



COLOR: Red, blue. HEIGHT: 2 to 4 ft. HABIT: Open border, rich moist soil. FLOWERING: Summer and fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
cardinalis — Cardinalflower	\$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(B) 3 ft. Scarlet, July, August.			
syphilitica — Large Blue Lobelia	25	2.00	15.00
(B) 2 ft. Blue, Aug., Sept.			

LUPINUS Lupine

COLOR: White, yellow, blue, pink. HEIGHT: Up to 5 ft. HABIT: Prefer deeply dug, rich garden soil. Full sun and good drainage. FLOW-ERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.

	Each	10	100
polyphyllus — Washington Lupine (BC) 3 ft. Blue, June to Sept.	\$.25	\$2.00	\$18.00
poly. albiflorus — White Washington			
Lupine(BC) 3 ft. White, June to Sept.	.25	2.00	•
poly. Downer's Hybrids		2.00	18.00
poly. Moerheimi — Moerheim Lupine (BC) 3 ft. Light pink, June to Sept.	.25	2.00	

LYCHNIS

COLOR: White, scarlet, crimson, purple. HEIGHT: 4 in. to 2½ ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
alpina — Arctic Campion	\$.25	\$2.00	
(R) 4 in. Rose-pink, August.			
chalcedonica — Maltese Cross		2.00	
viscaria splendens florepleno - Double			
Rose-pink Campion	.30	2.50	20.00
(BCR) 15 in. Rose, double, June, Jul	ly.		
, , , ,			

5 to 24 plants of one variety are priced at the 10 rate; 25 or more at the 100 rate.





LYSIMACHIA

Loosestrife

COLOR: White, yellow. HEIGHT: 4 in. to 2 ft. HABIT: Sun, fairly moist soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

Each 10 100 CLETHROIDES — Clethra Loosestrife... \$.25 \$2.00 \$15.00 (BC) 2 ft. White, July to Sept.

LYTHRUM



COLOR: Rose, purple. HEIGHT: 18 in. to 5 ft. HABIT: Best grown along edges of pools and streams, but may be grown in the open border if soil is moist. WHEN TO PLANT: Summer or fall.

	Each	10	100
salicaria roseum	. \$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
(BW) 4 ft. Rose, July to Sept.	·	·	·
sal. ros., Perry's Variety	25	2.00	
(BW) 4 ft. Red, July to Sept.			



MATRICARIA

Feverfew

COLOR: White, yellow. HEIGHT: 8 to 16 in. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer and fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

Each 10 100
nana — Golden Ball — False Camomile \$.25 \$2.00 \$18.00
(BH) 12 in. Yellow, July to frost.

MENTHA Mint



COLOR: Purple, pink, white. HEIGHT: Up to 3 ft. HABIT: Partial shade, rich soil. Grown for their strong scent and aromatic leaves. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
piperita — Peppermint	\$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
(H) 18 in. Lilac, fragrant leaves, Ju	uly, Aug.		
rotundifolia — Applemint	25	2.00	15.00
(HR) 18 in. Lavender pink, July.			
spicata — Spearmint	25	2.00	15.00
(BH) 18 in. Purple, July, Aug.			



MERTENSIA Bluebells

COLOR: Pink, blue to purple. HEIGHT: Up to 2 ft. HABIT: Partial to deep shade, moist soil. FLOWERING: Spring. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring and late summer.

Each 10 100

MONARDA Beebalm

COLOR: White, red, pink, lavender, purple. HEIGHT: Up to 3 ft. HABIT: Partial shade, moist soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.

	Each	10	100
didyma — Oswego Beebalm(BCH) 3 ft. Scarlet, July, August.	\$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
did. hybrids		2.50	
did. Salmon Pink		2.50	20.00



MYOSOTIS

Forget-me-not

COLOR: White, pink, blue. HEIGHT: Up to 16 in. HABIT: Partial shade, ample moisture. FLOWERING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.

1 0	Each	10	100
alpestris — Alpine Forget-me-not	\$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
(BER) 8 in. Bright blue, April, May			
scorpioides semperflorens — Perpetual			
Forget-me-not	.25	2.00	15.00
(BER) 10 in. Blue, yellow eye, June	-Sept.		



NEPETA

COLOR: White, blue, lilac. HEIGHT: 8 in. to 3 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
mussini	\$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
(BE) 12 in. Light blue, fragra	\mathbf{nt}	·	
leaves, May to September.			



NIEREMBERGIA

Cupflower

COLOR: White, sometimes tinged rose or blue. HEIGHT: Low creeping plant forming a dense mat, 2 to 6 in. HABIT: Sun, rich soil. Of special use in the rock garden. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.

	Each	10	100
rivularis — Whitecup	. \$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
(EGR) 6 in. Creamy white, June to			



Evening Primrose

COLOR: White, yellow. HEIGHT: 1 to 2 ft. HABIT: Bright sun, sandy soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.

E	lach	10	100
fruticosa youngi — Young's Sundrops (BR) 2 ft. Lemon yellow, June to Au		\$2.50	\$20.00
missouriensis — Ozark Sundrops	_	2.50	20.00

PACHYSANDRA—See page 27

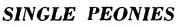
PAEONIA Peony

This splendid group of very hardy perennial plants is too well known to need description. If planted properly (not too deep) and fed regularly, the plants will persist for years. HEIGHT: 2 to 3 ft. FLOWERING: May, June. The figures given in parentheses are the official quality rating of the American Paeony Society.

DOUBLE PEONIES

Each	10	100
\$1.00	\$9.00	
1.00	9.00	\$80.00
.75	6.50	60.00
75	6.50	
1.25	11.00	
,		
.60	5.00	
1.00	9.00	
ı		
1.00	9.00	
1.00	9.00	
1.00	9.00	
2.00	19.00	
	\$1.00 1.00 .75 .75 1.25 .60 1.00 1.00 1.00	\$1.00 \$9.00 1.00 9.00 .75 6.50 1.25 11.00 1.00 9.00 1.00 9.00 1.00 9.00 1.00 9.00





SINGLE TECHNES	Each	10	100
Dreadnaught — Deep pink	\$1.50	\$14.00	
Le Jour — (8.6) White	2.00	19.00	
L'Etincelante — (8.4) Bright pink; silvery border	1.50	14.00	
Mikado — (8.6) Rich dark red. Deep yellow stamens	1.75		



COLOR: White, yellow-orange, pink, scarlet. HEIGHT: 1 to 4 ft. HABIT: Sun, good drainage. FLOWERING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: P. nudicaule — Spring. P. orientale — From potted plants in spring; field plants in early fall.



	Each	10	100
nudicaule — Iceland Poppy		\$2.50	\$20.00
(R) 12 in. Orange, white, yellow	•		
May to August.	•		
orientale — Oriental Poppy	••		

HYBRID ORIENTAL POPPIES

NOTE: There seems to be varietal instability among the Hybrid Oriental Poppies — for that reason WE DO NOT GUARANTEE THEM TRUE TO NAME.



ORIENTAL POPPIES — Continued	Each	10	100
Beauty of Levermere(B) 4 ft. Blood-red	\$.30	\$2.50	
Fairy(B) Pure pale pink.	30	2.50	
Mrs. Perry(B) 2½ ft. Salmon pink, May to Ju	30 uly.	2.50	
Orange Beauty(B) 2 ft. Orange scarlet.	30	2.50	
Peggy Joyce(B) 3 ft. Salmon rose.	30	2.50	
Perry's White(B) 2½ ft. Pure white.	30	2.50	
Sass Pink(B) 2 ft. Bright salmon, June.	30	2.50	

PENTSTEMON



COLOR: Pink, red, blue, purple, scarlet, white. HEIGHT: 1 to 3 ft. HABIT: May be grown in full sun, but lasts longer in partial shade, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

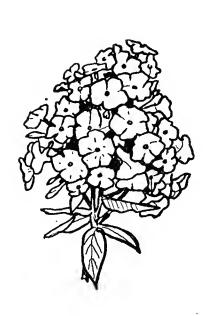
	Each	10	100
barbatus Pink Beauty	\$. 30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(BC) 2 ft. Bright shell pink, July, A	Aug.		,
bar. torreyi	.30	2.50	20.00
(BC) 2½ ft. Scarlet, July, August.			

PHLOX

The garden Phlox, or tall growing variety, is available in many colors and color combinations, and can be grown in the sun in ordinary garden soil. The smaller species Phlox, such as divaricata, prefers somewhat richer soil. Creeping Phlox, P. subulata, may be grown either in sun or partial shade.

PHLOX PANICULATA VARIETIES

All varieties are suitable for Borders and for Cutting. Their heights vary from 2 to 4 feet, according to the fertility of the soil. Flowering period from July to late September. Very showy and very beautiful.



	Each	10	100
B. COMTE — Dark red	\$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
BEACON — Brilliant cherry red	.30	2.50	20.00
BLUE HILL — The nearest to a blue of	•		
any we have seen		2.50	20.00
Camillo Schneider — Deep velvety red,			
late, dwarf		2.00	15.00
COUNT ZEPPELIN — Large, snow-			
white, carmine eye	.30	2.50	20.00
Daily Sketch-Light salmon pink, large	.35	3.00	
E. I. Farrington — Salmon pink with a			
white eye	.30	2.50	20.00
ENCHANTRESS — Bright salmon pink,			
a good improvement over Elizabeth			
Campbell, stronger in growth	.25	2.00	15.00
FIREBRAND — Bright red with deeper			
center	.25	2.00	15.00

PHLOX PANICULATA — Continued

100

Each

10

	ucii	TO	100
George Stipp — New. Deep glowing			
salmon with shaded lighter eye; does	ቀ ባለ	#0.70	d :00 00
	\$. 30	\$2.50	\$20.00
L'Esperance — Light lavender, pink	.25	2.00	10.00
center Leo Schlageter—Bright carmine-scarlet	.20	2.00	10.00
and slightly darker center	.35	3.00	
LE MAHDI — Large, deep velvety pur-	.00	3.00	
ple, variable in hue	.25	2.00	15.00
Maid Marion — Soft lavender	.25	2.00	12.00
Mia Ruys — Dwarf white	.30	2.50	20.00
Morganrood—New. A bright rose shaded	•••	~. 00	20.00
with deeper eye. Strong grower	.30	2.50	20.00
MRS. JENKINS — Pure white, very			
large truss	.25	2.00	15.00
Mrs. Milly van Hoboken — Soft pink.			
Large flowers on long, erect spike	.25	2.00	15.00
RHEINLANDER — This new variety			
has immense blossoms of salmon			
pink with claret eye	.25	2.00	15.00
Rijnstroom — Bright carmine rose	.30	2.50	20.00
Rosenburg — Dark purple, red eye	. 30	2.50	20.00
Salmon Blaze — Improvement on Boule			
de Feu, blazing cherry salmon	.35	3.00	25.00
Setting Sun — Large, bright salmon	.35	3.00	
Widar — Bright reddish violet with		2 4 2	
large white center	.30	2.50	20.00
PHLOX SPECIES			
amoena — Amoena Phlox	.30	2.50	
(BER) 6 in. Bright pink, April, May.			
Divaricata — Blue Phlox	.25	2.00	15.00
(ER) 12 in. Lilac blue, May, June.			
OVATA — Mountain Phlox	.25	2.00	12.00
(ER) 12 in. Rosy pink, June, July.			- 14
suffruticosa Miss Lingard	.35	3.00	25.00
(BC) 18 in. White, pink eye, June			
suf. Mrs. Verbloom	.35	3.00	
(BC) 18 in. Deep pink, June to Sept.	•99	3.00	
subulata — Moss Pink	.25	2.00	18.00
(BEGR) 4 in. Pink, May, June.	.20	2. 00	10.00
Note: We have two varieties of Phlox	subulat	a; one	is light
pink, the other deep pink. Specify wh			O
sub. alba — White Moss Pink		2.00	18.00
(BEGR) 4 in. White, May, June.			
sub. atropurpurea — Crimson Moss Pink	.30	2.50	20.00
(BEGR) 4 in. Crimson, May, June.			
sub. G. F. Wilson — Blue Moss Pink	.30	2.50	20.00
(BEGR) 4 in. Blue, May, June		0.55	مم روزو
sub. lilacina	.25	2.00	15.00
(BEGR) 4 in. Lilac color, May, June.		0.00	15.00
sub. nelsoni	.25	2.00	15.00
(BEGR) 4 in. White; compact.	.30	2.50	20.00
sub. Vivid (BEGR) 4 in. Vivid pink, May, June.	.50	<i>₽.</i> 50	& 0. 00
(DEGIE) + III. VIVIA pina, may, o une.			





PHYSOSTEGIA

False-Dragonhead

COLOR: White, deep pink. HEIGHT: 15 in. to 3 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer and fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
virginiana—Virginia False-Dragonhead (BC) 3 ft. Dark pink, July to Sept.	\$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
vir. alba — White False-Dragonhead (BC) 3 ft. White, July to Sept.	25	2.00	15.00
vir. grandiflora Vivid	.30	2.50	20.00

PLATYCODON

Balloonflower

COLOR: White, dark blue. HEIGHT: 12 to 20 in. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.



	Each	10	100
grandiflorum — Balloonflower	. \$.25	\$2.00	\$18.00
grand. album — White Balloonflower (BCR) 20 in. White, June to Oct.	.25	2.00	18.00
grand. mariesi — Maries Balloonflower (BCR) 12 in. Blue, June to Oct.	25	2.00	18.00
grand. mar. album — White Maries Balloonflower		2.00	18.00

POLEMONIUM



COLOR: White, blue. HEIGHT: 8 in. to 2 ft., depending upon species. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: All except P. caeruleum in March or April. P. Caeruleum in September or October.

	Each	10	100
caeruleum — Greek-valerian	\$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
(BC) 18 in. Blue, June to Sept.		•	
reptans — Creeping Polemonium	25	2.00	15.00
(ER) 10 in. Blue, April to June.			

POLYGONATUM

Solomonseal

COLOR: White to greenish white. HEIGHT: Up to 5 ft. HABIT: Partial shade, ordinary garden soil. Needs moisture. FLOWERING: June, July. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



	Each	10	100
commutatum (giganteum) — Solomonseal		\$2.00	\$15.00
(BCW) 2½ ft. Whitish, bell-s June, July.	haped,	φω.σσ	φ10.00

5 to 24 plants of one variety are priced at the 10 rate; 25 or more at the 100 rate.

POTENTILLA

Cinquefoil

COLOR: White, yellow, rose-red, magenta-rose. HEIGHT: 6 to 18 in. HABIT: Sun or partial shade, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



	Each	10	100
grandiflora — Single hybrids		\$2.50	\$20.00
(B) 12 in. Bright yellow, June to S	${ m Sept.}$		
nepalensis Miss Willmott	30	2.50	20.00
(R) 12 in. Cerise-pink, August.			
tridentata — Wineleaf Cinquefoil	30	2.50	
(R) 12 in. White, June to August	,		
evergreen foliage.			

PRIMULA Primrose

COLOR: Various colors. HEIGHT: 6 in. to 12 ft. HABIT: Partial shade, cool moist earth. Mulch first winter after planting. FLOWERING: Early spring to summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.





	Each	10	100
auricula	. \$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(BR) 10 in. Many colors, May, Jun	e.		
beesiana	30	2.50	20.00
(BR) 18 in. Velvety lilac, May.			
polyantha Munstead strain		2.50	20.00
(BR) 10 in. Orange, white, May, Ju	ine.		
poly. Crimson King	30	2.50	20.00
(BR) Crimson form of preceding.			
poly. Sutton's Giant White	30	2.50	20.00
(R) 8 in. White, May.			
poly. Sutton's Giant Yellow	30	2.50	20.00
(R) 8 in. Yellow, May.			
poly. Sutton's Giant Mixed	•	2.50	20.00
(R) Mixed colors, May.			
vulgaris (acaulis) — English Primrose		2.50	20.00
(R) 6 in. Light yellow, May, June.			

PYRETHRUM Painted Daisy

COLOR: Various colors (see below). HEIGHT: 1 to 2 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Spring. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



	Lach	10	100
roseum single	\$.30	\$2.50	
Atrosanguinea — rich fiery red.			
Coccinea — rich reddish purple.			
Elsie Gertrude — pale flesh pink	Σ,		
very large.			
Hebe — pure white.			
James Kelway — vivid scarlet, large	e		
and free.			
Nimrod — large, free, silvery rose.			
Rosy Morn — fine rose-pink.			
roseum single, mixed	••	2.00	15.00

RANUNCULUS

Buttercup

COLOR: Yellow. HEIGHT: 8 to 25 in. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



	Each	10	100
acris fl. pl. — Tall Double Buttercup (BCR) 2 ft. Golden yellow, May to Sept.		\$2.50	\$20.00
repens — Creeping Buttercup		2.50	

SALVIA Sage

COLOR: White, blue, pink. HEIGHT: 18 in. to 4 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. Ample water in dry weather. FLOWERING: Summer and fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



	Each	10	100
argentea — Silver Sage		\$2.00	\$15.00
(BC) 3 ft. Dark blue, Sept., Oct.		2.50	20.00
Azure Sage(BC) 3 ft. Light blue, Aug., Sept.	30	2.50	20.00
officinalis — Garden Sage		2.00	15.00

SANTOLINA Lavender-cotton

COLOR: Yellow. HEIGHT: 8 to 20 in. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
chamaecyparissus — Lavender-Cotton	\$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(BHR) 18 in. Silvery-gray, ever-			
green fragrant foliage.			
INCANA — Hoary Lavender-Cotton	.25	2.00	12.00
(BHR) 10 in. Similar to above form.			



SAPONARIA Soapwort

COLOR: Pink. HEIGHT: 6 to 18 in. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. Excellent for wall garden. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
ocymoides — Rock Soapwort(BR) 6 in. Pink, May to August.	\$.30	\$2.50	

SCABIOSA

COLOR: White, blue, lavender. HEIGHT: 18 to 24 in. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



SCABIOSA — Continued	Each	10	100
caucasica — Caucasian Scabiosa(BCR) 18 in. Lilac-blue, June to Se		\$2.50	
cau. alba — White Caucasian Scabiosa (BCR) 18 in. White, June to Sept.	25	2.00	
cau. House's Hybrids	e	3.00	
japonica — Japanese Scabiosa (BCR) 18 in. Blue, July to Sept.	25	2.00	

SEDUM Stonecrop

Sedum represents a large group of low growing plants with fleshy leaves and showy masses of flowers. The taller varieties make good border plants, while the dwarf types are extensively used in rock gardens, wall gardens, between flagstones, and as ground covers. Will grow almost anywhere in any type of soil. Plant in spring or fall.





·	Each	10	100
acre — Goldmoss(BGR) 4 in. Yellow, May, June.	. \$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
album — White Stonecrop(GR) 4 in. White, July, August.	25	2.00	
(R) 6 in. Orange-yellow, July, Aug		2.00	15. 00
lydium — Lydian Stonecrop(R) 2 in. Evergreen foliage.	25	2.00	15. 00
maximowiczi (aizoon) — Amur Stone crop	. .25	2.00	15.00
sieboldi — Siebold Stonecrop		2.50	
SPECTABILE — Showy Stonecrop (BR) 12 in. Flesh-pink, Aug., Sept		2.00	12.00
spect. Brilliant — Brilliant Stonecrop (BR) 12 in. Bright amaranth-red Aug., Sept.		2.50	20.00
STOLONIFERUM (spurium)—Running Stonecrop(R) 4 in. Pink, July, Aug.	0.5	2.00	15.00

SEMPERVIVUM Houseleek

Houseleek consists of fleshy-leaved mat-forming rosettes which produce heavy stemmed clusters of flowers. Excellent for dry, sunny places. Plant in spring or fall.

$\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{i}}$	ach	10	100
arachnoideum — Spiderweb Houseleek (R) 3 in. Evergreen foliage.	\$.25	\$2. 00	
fimbriatum — Fringed Houseleek	.25	2.00	15. 00
globiferum — Globe Houseleek	.25	2.00	15. 00
tectorum — Roof Houseleek	.25	2.00	15.00



STOKESIA



COLOR: White, lavender-blue. HEIGHT: 1 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: Summer and fall. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.

TEUCRIUM Germander



COLOR: Lavender-rose. HEIGHT: 1 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. Splendid as a dwarf trimmed hedge or perennial garden. Often used in New England as a substitute for Boxwood. Evergreen foliage. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

 Each
 10
 100

 chamaedrys — Chamadrys Germander...
 \$.30
 \$2.50
 \$20.00

 (BEHR)
 12 in. Rose, July to Sept.
 \$2.50
 \$20.00

THALICTRUM Meadowrue

COLOR: White, yellow, lavender. HEIGHT: 1 to 8 ft. HABIT: Prefer moist meadows or damp sunny places in the wild garden. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.

1 0	Each	10	100
aquilegifolium — Columbine Meadowrus (BW) 3 ft. Cream, May to July.	\$.30	\$2.50	\$18.00
(BW) 3 ft. Purple, May to July.	.30	2.50	20.00
GLAUCUM — Dusty Meadowrue		2.50	20.00
paniculatum — Yellow Meadowrue (BW) 3½ ft. Yellow, June, July.	30	2.50	20.00

THERMOPSIS



COLOR: Yellow. HEIGHT: 4 to 5 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil containing some lime. FLOWERING: Summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

	Each	10	100
caroliniana — Carolina Thermopsis	\$.35	\$3.00	
(BC) $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bright yellow, June	,		
July.			

THYMUS Thyme

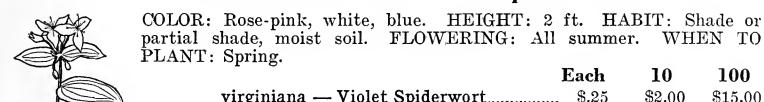
COLOR: White, lilac, pink, crimson. HEIGHT: 2 in. to 1 ft. HABIT: Aromatic herbs much used for edging or ground cover. FLOWERING: Summer: WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.

1 0	Each	10	100
serpyllum — Mother-of-Thyme	. \$.25	\$2.00	
(BGHR) 6 in. Lilac, July, Aug.			
ser. albus — White Mother-of-Thyme		2.00	15.00
(BGHR) 4 in. White, July, Aug.,)		
evergreen foliage.			

THYMUS — Continued	Each	10	100
ser. citriodorus — Lemon Thyme		\$2.50	\$20.00
(BGHR) 4 in. Pink, July, Aug., fra			
grant foliage.			
ser. coccineus — Crimson Thyme	25	2.00	15.00
(BGHR) 4 in. Crimson, July, Aug.			20.00
, , ,		0.50	20.00
ser. lanuginosus — Woolly Thyme		2.50	20.00
(BGHR) 4 in. Lavender, Aug., fra	, -		
grant foliage.			

TRADESCANTIA

Spiderwort



	Each	10	100
virginiana — Violet Spiderwort	. \$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
(B) 18 in. Violet-blue, July, Aug.			
vir. alba — White Spiderwort	.25	2.00	15.00
(B) 18 in. White, July, Aug.			

TRILLIUM



COLOR: White. HEIGHT: 6 to 8 in. HABIT: Partial shade, rich woods soil. FLOWERING: May. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.

	Each	10	100
grandiflorum — Snow Trillium	. \$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(W) 8 in. White, May.			

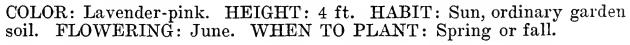
TROLLIUS Globeflower

COLOR: Yellow to orange-yellow. HEIGHT:1 to 3 ft. HABIT: Sun, ordinary garden soil. FLOWERING: All summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring.

	Each	10	100
europaeus Eleanor(BC) 18 in. Clear yellow.	\$.35	\$3.00	\$25.00
eur. Orange Globe	.35	3.00	
ledibouri — Ledebour Globeflower		3.00	25.00
led. Golden Queen		3.50	

VALERIANA

Garden Heliotrope



	Each	10	100
officinalis — Garden Heliotrope	. \$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(BCH) 4 ft. Pink-lavender, June.			

VERONICA

Speedwell

COLOR: White, pink and different shades of blue. HEIGHT: 2 in. to 4 ft. HABIT: Sun and rich garden soil. FLOWERING: Late spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or immediately after blooming.







VERONICA — Continued	Each	10	100
incana — Woolly Speedwell	. \$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
(BER) 12 in. Violet-blue, July, Aug			
longifolia subsessilis—Clump Speedwel	l .35	3.00	25.00
(BC) 2 ft. Blue, July, Aug.		•	
long. BLUE SPIRE	35	3.00	
(BC) An improved form of precedin			
rupestris — Rock Speedwell	. 25	2.00	15.00
(RG) 4 in. Blue, May, June.			
rup. Heavenly Blue	30	2.50	20.00
(GR) 3 in. Light blue, June, July.	•	0. 20	00.00
spicata — Spike Speedwell	30	2.50	20.00
(BCR) 18 in. Blue, June, July.		0.00	45.00
spic. rosea	25	2.00	15.00
(BCR) Pink form of spicata.			
spuria (amethystina) — Bastard Speed well		0.00	15.00
	25	2.00	15.00
(BC) 18 in. Dark blue, May, June.		-	

VIOLA Violet

COLOR: See below. HEIGHT: 4 to 10 in. Prefer moist, shady places in rich woods soil, but will grow almost anywhere. FLOWERING: Spring and summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



	Each	10	100
cornuta - Tufted Pansy	. \$.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
(CR) 8 in. Light blue, April to Oct.		·	
cor. alba (type) — White Tufted Pansy		2.00	15.00
(CR) 8 in. White, April to Oct.			
cor. Apricot	30	2.50	20.00
(CR) 8 in. Apricot color, April to Oct	t.		
cornuta hybrids — Tufted Pansies	25	2.00	
(RC) 8 in. May to September.			
Varieties as follows:			
Admiration — Deep blue			
Aurea — Golden			*
Blue Perfection — Mauve			
Lutea — Yellow			
Papilio — Light blue			
White Perfection — White			
cucullata — Blue Marsh Violet	25	2.00	15.00
(EGR) 8 in. Violet-blue, April, May	У•		
Jersey Gem	30	2.50	20.00
(RC) 8 in. Violet-blue, April to Oct	<u>.</u> J•		
odorata Double Russian	30	2.50	20.00
(HR) 6 in. Double blue, April to Ju	ine.		
odor. Single Russian	30	2.50	20.00
(HR) 6 in. Blue, April to June.			
odor. Rosina	25	2.00	18.00
(R) 8 in. Rose-pink, all summer	•		•
Very fragrant.			
pedata — Birdsfoot Violet	30	2.50	
(RW) 6 in. Deep purple, June, July			



YUCCA

COLOR: White. HEIGHT: Flower stocks 4 ft. HABIT: Prefers dry sunny location. FLOWERING: Early summer. WHEN TO PLANT: Spring or fall.



Roses

Fall planting of Roses should be done AFTER OCTOBER 15.

Hybrid Tea Roses

Dormant Plants for Early Spring and Late Fall, 75c each, \$7.00 per 10. Potted Plants for Late Spring and Summer, \$1.00 each, \$9.00 per 10.

Briarcliff. Rose pink center, shading lighter at outer petals.

Caledonia. Long pointed buds, open very double, white.

Dame Edith Helen. Brilliant rose-pink.

Etoile de France. Velvety crimson.

Etoile de Hollande. Brilliant crimson.

Golden Dawn. Sunflower yellow.

K. A. Victoria. An old favorite white.

Lady Margaret Stewart. Sunflower yellow suffused with carmine.

Margaret McGredy. Oriental red changing to carmine-rose.

McGredy's Scarlet. Brilliant scarlet, orange-yellow at base.

Mme. Jules Bouche. White, sometimes tinted blush pink.

Mrs. E. P. Thom. Deep lemon yellow.

Mrs. G. A. Van Rossem. Vivid orange apricot on yellow ground.

Mrs. Henry Morse. Two-tone pink over yellow.

President Hoover. Cerise pink, scarlet and yellow.

Radiance. Carmine pink.

Red Radiance. Bright cerise.

Souv. de Claudius Pernet. Sunflower yellow.

Talisman. Rose-pink, gold, apricot.

Ville de Paris. Buttercup yellow.

Polyantha Roses

Dormant Plants for Early Spring and Late Fall, 75c each, \$7.00 per 10. Potted Plants for Late Spring and Summer, \$1.00 each, \$9.00 per 10.

D. T. Poulsen. Semi-double, carmine red.

Ellen Poulsen. Soft rose pink.

Elsa Poulsen. Semi-double bright rose pink.

George Elger. Coppery yellow changing to clear yellow.

Gloria Mundi. Brilliant orange-scarlet.

Golden Salmon. Bright salmon-red.

Ideal. Velvety dark red.

Katherine Zeimet. Pure white.

Triumph d'Orleans. Rich cherry red.

Miscellaneous Bush Roses

Dormant Plants for Early Spring and Late Fall, 75c each, \$7.00 per 10. Potted Plants for Late Spring and Summer, \$1.00 each, \$9.00 per 10.

C. F. Meyer (Hybrid Rugosa). Large, silvery pink.

Dr. E. M. Mills (Hyb. Hugonis). Double, light yellow.

F. J. Grootendorst (Hyb. Rug.). Crimson.

Frau Karl Druschki (Hyb. Perpetual). Large white.

Harrison's Yellow (Hyb. Austr.). Pure yellow.

Mrs. John Laing (Hyb. Perpet.). Soft pink.

Paul Neyron (Hyb. Perpet.). Deep rose, immense.

Pink Grootendorst (Hyb. Rug.). Clear pink.

Climbing Roses

Dormant Plants for Early Spring and Late Fall, 60c each, \$5.00 per 10. Potted Plants for Late Spring and Summer, \$1.00 each, \$9.00 per 10, Except as Noted.

American Pillar. Single rose pink, white eye.

Climbing American Beauty. Large, rosy crimson.

Dorothy Perkins. Shell pink.

Dr. W. Van Fleet. Deep flesh pink.

Doubloons (Plant Patent No. 152). Free flowering, large, rich golden yellow—new.

Dormant plants, \$1.50 each; \$14.00 per 10.

Potted plants, \$1.75 each; \$16.50 per 10.

Jacotte. Semi-double, large orange yellow, tinted copper red.

Dormant plants, 75c each; \$7.00 per 10.

Potted plants, \$1.00 each; \$9.00 per 10.

Mary Wallace. Semi-double, rose pink, salmon at base of petals.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. Vivid scarlet.

Silver Moon. Semi-double, pure white.

Spanish Beauty (Mme. Gregoire Staechelin). Pearl pink, blotched with crimson.

Dormant plants, 75c each; \$7.00 per 10.

Potted plants, \$1.00 each; \$9.00 per 10.

Fruit Trees

APPLES		Each Per 10 Per 100	
	eal .	\$1.25 \$11.00 \$100.00	
2 yr., 5 to 7 ft., 11/16 in. cal		Red Gravenstein R. I. Greening Wealthy Yellow Transparent	
CRAB APPLES			
2 yr., 5 to 7 ft		1.50 12.50	
Hyslop	Transcendent		
PEARS		4.50	
2 yr., 5 to 7 ft Bartlett		1.50 12.50 Shelden	
Beurre Bosc	Clapp's Favorite Seckel	Sheldon	
CHERRIES			
2 yr., 5 to 7 ft., 11/16 in.	cal	1.50 12.50	
Black Tatarian Early Richmond	Montmorency Napoleon	Windsor	
PEACHES			
1 yr., 4 to 5 ft	•••••	75 6.50 60.00	
Belle of Georgia	Elberta	J. H. Hale	
Champion Early Crawford	Golden Jubilee	Rochester	
PLUMS			
2 yrs		1.50 12.50	
Abundance	Burbank	Fellemberg	
QUINCES			
4 to 5 ft		1.50 12.50	
	Orange		

Small Fruits

ASPARAGUS			
Martha Washington	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 yrs.		\$.75	\$2.50
BLACKBERRIES			
Eldorado		.90	8.00
Erie		.90	8.00
GRAPES			
2 yrs	\$.50	4.50	
Blue-Black: Concord, Moore's Early, Worden Red: Brighton, Catawba, Delaware White: Green Mountain, Niagara			
RASPBERRIES — Strong plants		.90	8.00
Chief — New everbearing red, extra fine			
Columbian — purple			
Cumberland — black			
Cuthbert — red			
St. Regis — red, everbearing			
STRAWBERRIES — Runner Plants	1		
Dorset — Outstanding, early		.75	2.00
Fairfax — Early, equally fine		.75	2.00
Marshall — midseason		.75	2.00
Mastodon — everbearing		1.00	3.00

On Selecting Plants

The experienced gardener will notice the absence from this catalog of many plants formerly in fair demand and use. This omission is not by accident but by design. Many varieties have become outmoded, like "Model T" automobiles. Other old timers are still of high relative merit and we continue to grow them. Not all old varieties are obsolete; on the other hand not all new kinds are good.

We do not attempt to promote novelties unless they have been proved in our rigorous climate. When proved superior we adopt and produce them, at the same time discontinuing the inferior older varieties which they supersede.

Other and very practical considerations alter relative merit in plants. The economic upheaval of the past several years has caused great changes in this respect. Many of the plants formerly held in high esteem are suitable almost entirely to the larger estate, owing to their fast rate of growth and large ultimate size.

The trend is toward medium to small homes; the larger varieties are obviously unsuited except for a few occasional plants. Small and medium types are much more in keeping and definitely superior. To meet this situation we have increased our production, both in variety and in quantity, of dwarf and semi-dwarf plants.

Few persons today buy plants as museum pieces. Rather they demand varieties that will give their homes the most beautiful landscape effects, and that will flourish under normal, or even abnormally trying, conditions. To this end we are continually seeking and testing plants from the odd corners of the earth, as well as new developments at home. For this reason this *Garden Book* will slowly but constantly change in the list of plants it contains, as well as in our estimate of those plants for contemporary and future use.

The plant descriptions in this *Garden Book*, while brief, are concise and fairly adequate. By watching for ultimate heights, rates of growth, and cultural preferences, as well as shapes, colors and flowering seasons, even the novice is enabled to select the best plants for his use with ease and certainty of good results.

Planting Seasons

SPRING SEASON — Begins as soon as the frost is out of the ground, usually about March 20. Continues until early June, although Evergreens and Perennials can be successfully planted until early July. Early planting, however, is preferable.

FALL SEASON—Evergreens can be transplanted from early August to late November; Perennials during September and October; Deciduous Trees and Shrubs from mid-September to late November. In their respective planting periods, the earlier parts are preferable.—ORDER EARLY.

Plant Names

We have endeavored to list our plants in accordance with the names as given in "Standardized Plant Names," which has been officially adopted by the American Association of Nurserymen, except in cases where those names are meaningless or confusing.

If you have difficulty in finding here any varieties you wish, write us and we will

immediately advise you whether or not we can furnish them.

Shipping Directions

In ordering nursery stock our customers are requested to state explicitly the mode of conveyance by which they wish their stock forwarded. We make shipments by express, freight, or motor truck. The price for all our material is at the nursery and does not include delivery. We can make shipment by motor truck at a moderate charge, provided the order is large enough to make a truckload. When no route or method is designated, we exercise our judgment. In no case do we assume responsibility after packages are shipped, except for our own mistakes. When losses occur by detention or mishandling, claim should at once be made on the transportation company by the consignee.

Conditions of Sale

1. The articles herein listed will be furnished in accordance with the following schedule:

1 to 4 plants of one kind and size will be priced at the each rate.

5 to 24 plants of one kind and size will be priced at the ten rate.

25 or more plants of one kind and size will be furnished at the hundred rate, when hundred rates are given.

250 or more plants of one kind and size will be furnished at the thousand rate, where thousand rates are given.

FROM THIS SCHEDULE WE WILL NOT VARY because of the fact that considerable time is required to assemble an order made up of small lots of kinds that are widely separated over the nursery.

- 2. We make no charge for packing orders, EXCEPT on very large evergreens, large shade trees, or other ungainly-shaped plants.
- 3. We give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to quality, description, productiveness of any nursery stock that we sell. The only guarantee that we make is that our stock is alive at time of shipment and true to name. No complaints will be considered that are not made forthwith upon receipt of order. Any stock ordered from this list found untrue to name will be cheerfully replaced at the first favorable opportunity for planting after it has been found not as ordered.
- 4. Super-specimen plants, selected by the customer, or by his representative, will be priced according to their individual values.
- 5. Prices are subject to change without notice.

Terms

Our terms are cash. Charge accounts, for 30 days credit, may be opened upon receipt of satisfactory credit references—allowing us time for investigation. All accounts unpaid after due date will be subject to sight draft without further notice. C. O. D. express shipments will be made (with collection charges added to the bill) only when order is accompanied by a deposit of at least 25 per cent of the amount of the bill. 5% DISCOUNT when cash in full accompanies order.

Our Location

Main Office at Framingham, Massachusetts

Office, Cochituate Road (Motor Route 30) — also Route 9 (Boston and Worcester Super-Highway), 20 miles west of Boston. Railroad — Boston & Albany, Main Line. Telephone — Framingham 6191.

Sales Gardens

We maintain three Sales Gardens located conveniently for residents of eastern Massachusetts as well as Rhode Island, southern New Hampshire and southern Maine. Each Sales Garden is a miniature nursery, and each contains small but ample stocks of the more popular plants, as well as many rare sorts.

Here the home gardener can compare the various plants suitable for his use and personally select the actual plants he purchases. Many prefer to take the plants home in their cars; on large orders we can arrange for their transportation. In either case, prompt service is provided at each of our Sales Gardens listed below.

Framingham — Route 30

Natick — Boston-Worcester Turnpike

Arlington — 854 Massachusetts Avenue

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WYMAN'S FRAMINGHAM NURSERIES

FRAMINGHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

Telephone: Framingham 6191



WYMAN'S FRAMINGHAM NURSERIES

FRAMINGHAM, MASS.

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WYMAN'S FRAMINGHAM NURSERIES

FRAMINGHAM, MASS.

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WYMAN'S FRAMINGHAM NURSERIES

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